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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 56 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

'SHREE VISHNU'
Brand
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is used in MOST SACRED P L A-CES, JAIN TEM-PLES, etc. It is pure, Genuine & unrivalled in qua-lity.
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Millowners Welcome Peace Move

WE SHALL NOT BE LEFT BEHIND WHEN

FLOOD-GATES OF REVOLUTION ARE WIDE OPEN

CONGRESS READY FOR STRUGGLE: THERE NEED BE NO ILLUSIONS, SAYS FRONTIER GANDHI

No Return Of Congress Cabinets: Problem For Nationalist Muslims: Muslim Women's League Move: Moonje's Poser:

PESHAWAR, March 5.

Important consultations are understood to be taking place between Congress leaders following the Patna resolution. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan on receipt of a telegram from Mr. Asaf Ali, M.L.A. (Central), left for Delhi this evening by the Bombay Express.

NO CONGRESS CABINETS AGAIN

In an interview Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan said that the question of the return of the Congress Ministries did not arise at all as the Congress could not accept office once again under the present Government of India Act. He added that he would not advise the Congress to fight the Government at the present moment, but in case Government started the fight then the Congress would not shirk its duty to the country. He hoped that the Khudai Khidmatgars would go cheerfully to jails.

At a public meeting held at Sardheri yesterday Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan advised the Khudai Khidmatgars to purify themselves and prepare for a new struggle which was ahead.—A. P.

NOTHING SHORT OF INDEPENDENCE

No Return To Offices Till India Is Free

Speaking to a big gathering of peasants of the village Sardheri in Peshawar District, yesterday, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan said that some people asked him when the Congress would again authorise the resigned Ministers to go back; and his only reply was: "Congress has buried Ministries for all time. If it is anything it accepts in future, it will be complete independence and nothing less".

Referring to a New Delhi message published in a certain section of the press foreshadowing repression and banning of the Congress, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan said: "We have complete faith in God that He would grant success to our cause which is based on truth." Congressmen were ready for a struggle. No illusions need be entertained that our countrymen would forever remain weak and helpless, and that they were not ready to suffer.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan added: "We should enrich our movement with moral and spiritual forces. For, then alone, we shall be able to protect our freedom when it is won. "Dark clouds hover over the world, and the fate of nations is tottering in the balance. The floodgates of revolution are wide open and it is hoped that we shall not be left behind but shall take a glorious share in the shaping of a new world, free from exploitation."

Concluding Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan uttered a note of warning to the Khaudai Khidmatgars of the sufferings ahead of them and said that only those should go to jail who were prepared to undergo every hardship and ready to undergo severe jail discipline. For, once inside the jail, one should not hanker after facilities and comforts. If they were not able to do so they had better stay outside.

(Continued on page 8, col. 1)

KHADI UNIFORMS FOR GOVT. PEONS

KARACHI, Mar. 5.

The decision to supply Khadi uniforms to Government peons for the ensuing summer season with a view to encouraging village industries has been taken by the Government of Sind. The measure is an experimental one and will be continued if found economical and suitable.
—A. P.

NO TRACE OF 'HANNIBAL'

Search For Missing 'Plane To Continue: But No Hope Of Finding Survivors

NEW DELHI, March 5.

What was first taken to be the wreckage of the ill-fated Imperial Airways' "Hannibal" has now been found to be the wreckage of a dhow.

There is, therefore, no clue to the whereabouts of the missing Air-Liner, and it can only be supposed that it has gone down into the sea.

The air search is being continued to-morrow, but it is felt that there is now no real hope of finding any survivors.—A. P.

SURVEY OF ORDINANCE RAJ

Congress Case Against Interim Govt.

ALLAHABAD, March 5.

The "United Press" understands that the General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. has issued a circular to all Provincial Committees requesting them to make an exhaustive list of all those who have suffered for their political views and public activity ever since the resignation of Congress Ministries, and send the same to the A.I.C.C. office.

The circular remarks, "Since the resignation of Congress Ministries, there has been a progressive intensification of political repression in the provinces. The workers connected with labour, Kisan and Congress activities have been arrested and jailed under Ordinances and ordinary law."—United Press.

AMMUNITION STOLEN FROM LONDON BARRACKS

LONDON, Mar. 5.

The Scotland Yard and army authorities are inquiring into the disappearance of a quantity of small arms ammunition from a west London barracks.

An anonymous letter resulted in an inventory being made of the ammunition in the depot and discovered that several cases were missing.—Reuter.

Jawahar As

GENERAL SECRETARY OF CONGRESS

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, March 5.

According to rumours here, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru may be appointed the General Secretary of the Congress this year.

In view of the struggle ahead, the likelihood of two general secretaries is not altogether ruled out.

KARACHI PAPERS

HAULED UP FOR COMMUNAL PROPAGANDA

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, March 5.

A first-class sensation has been created in local political circles by the decision of the Sind Government to prosecute editors of 'Al Wahid" and "Qurbani" on charges of communal hatred. Both papers it is pointed out like local "Sansar Samachar" against whom the case is already pending are uncompromising opponents of Allahbux Ministry. Charges against the editors of "Al Wahid" and "Qurbani" staunch Muslim League and Hindu Mahasabha organs respectively have been lodged under Sec. 153-A, creating communal hatred. Bailable warrants for Rs. 500 were issued by the Additional District Magistrate this morning against both gentlemen Fezmohomed Fakirmohomed and Ramchand Virumal, son of Mr. Virumal Begraj, well-known Sukkur Hindu leader.

ANOTHER SENSATION.

Yet another sensation awaited Karachi public, when news spread that Dingo Thadani, Sind District Commissioner of Hindustan Scouts and leading local importer was arrested under Defence of India Rules by the Sind C.I.D. He was later produced before the Additional District Magistrate, Agha, who released him on bail of Rs. 500. The accused who was one time Secretary of the Sind United Party is alleged to have attempted to communicate with enemy German firms.

STOP PRESS

"CASH AND CARRY" WAR.

LONDON, March 5.

Explaining the aims of the Export Council Mr. Hudson Secretary to the Department of Overseas Trade stated. "We cannot borrow abroad as we did in 1914/1918. We must pay as we go. This is a cash and carry war."

NO 'RED' OCCUPATION IN SINKIANG

CHUNGKING, March 5.

Sir Stafford Cripps who is at present on a personal visit to China and has just returned from Sinkiang declared that stories of Russian occupation or administration of that Province in his opinion are untrue. He added there was no evidence of it at any places he visited.—Reuter.

GERMAN RAID ON BR. OUTPOST

LONDON, March 5.

The news of a German raid on an outpost of the British Maginot force is contained in an official communique of British General Headquarters to-night which states: "The raid occurred this morning against a post in the British front line and the enemy succeeded in capturing some prisoners. The post was recaptured and the enemy retired leaving one dead. Two British soldiers were killed and one wounded."—Reuter.

Women workers are in the front line of activities in the textile general strike declared on Monday. Here is an example of the enthusiasm with which they have taken to their work and gather at meetings.

In Bengal Assembly

Walk-Out Follows Uproar

Home Minister's Affront To House

CALCUTTA, March 5.

Following certain incidents which happened in the Bengal Legislative Assembly to-day, the Congress Party and the Krishak Proja Party, in Opposition staged a walk out from the Assembly Chamber.

In withdrawing his party, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, leader of the opposition, told the Speaker that whether he would withdraw his Party for the rest of the session would be decided to-morrow.

HOME MINISTER'S AFFRONT

The incidents culminating in the walk-out of the Congress Party and the Krishak Proja Party in order to record their protest occurred when a Congress member was speaking on his motion for a cut in the General Administration budget, which was taken up to-day.

The member, Mr. K. N. Das Gupta, was referring to alleged oppressions on peasants in certain parts of Jalpaiguri District which, he said, he could prove by producing copies of notices issued by a Sub-Inspector of police and also copies of the order.

AFFRONT TO HOUSE

Thereupon another member of the Congress Party, Dr. Nalnakshasa Sanyal, went up to Mr. Das Gupta, obtained the copies, orders and summons, crossed the floor and placed them on the Home Minister's desk.

The Home Minister protested against this and flong away the paper.

Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed, Leader of the Krishak Proja Party, thereupon asked one of the peons on duty inside the Chamber standing near him to pick up the papers and return them to Mr. Das Gupta.

UPROAR IN HOUSE

This gave rise to a general uproar in the House when the Hon. Speaker intervened, and instructed the Secretary to have the papers picked up and returned to Mr. Das Gupta.

Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed protested against the manner in which the Home Minister had prevented the peon from picking up the document. Mr. Ahmed was joined in his protest by mem-

(Continued on page 8 Cal. 2.)

TRIBESMEN

Break Into Barracks

Rifle And Machine-gun Magazines Carried Off: Five-Hour Battle

PESHAWAR, March 5.

Two military barracks and the ration stores of a battalion are reported to have been broken into by thieves in Nowshera Cantonment. A rifle bayonet and a rifle magazine leather box containing twelve machine-gun magazines (unfilled) were stolen. Investigations are in progress.

Five Hours' Rife Battle

Bristled up by the losses sustained by them in an encounter with 25 rifles on the Frontier Constabulary immediately after the raid at Musazai last month, hostiles numbering 200 are said to have set out to wreck their vengeance on the same platoon of the Constabulary. The encounter took place at Sheikh-Haider Pass near Darban in D. I. Khan District on Sunday. The tribesmen got the worse of it again, as elaborate preparations had been made by the Constabulary and the police. Shots were exchanged for full five hours commencing at 7-0 a.m. and when the raiders withrew they could not carry away two of their dead. It is believed that their casualties were quite heavy. One sepoy of the Constabulary was killed while three Khasadars are reported to have been kidnapped.

Camel Drivers Released

News has been received of the return of four camel drivers who were kidnapped while escorting provisions to the Frontier Constabulary camp at Janikhel in the Eannu District. It is stated that the hostiles have seized rations with which the camels were loaded. Harnam Das of Ismail Khel near Ghoriwala, whose restoration was effected by village pursuit parties some time ago, has succumbed to his injuries. It is stated that he was belaboured by tribesmen before they let him off.

According to official information available to-day two barracks of the South Staffordshire Regiment and the Battalion Ration Stores of the Nowshera Cantonment were broken open by thieves on the night of March 2 and 3 and 26 articles, including one rifle bayonet, one rifle magazine and one leather box containing twelve machinegun magazines were stolen

The culprits made good their escape under the cover of dark-

(Continued on page 8 Col. 4

SIR JOHN SIMON ANNOUNCES

Issue Of 300 Million War Loan

But Is Only The Beginning: More Borrowing To Meet War Bills Will Follow In Next 12 Months, Says Chancellor

LONDON, March 5.

Sir John Simon announed in the House of Commons that the war loan was limited to 300 million pounds sterling. The new loan would be for 15 to 19 years carrying interest at 3 per cent and would be issued at par.

BRITAIN'S BILL

Sir John Simon at the outset of his announcement said the very large national expenditure had been so far financed by additional taxation imposed last September, by an appreciable increase in the volume of Treasury Bills and the ever mounting proceeds of the very successful savings campaign since November.

The Government's appeal for subscriptions to a large loan had necessarily to be delayed until it was felt that the market was ripe for its issue. The time for this had now arrived. Borrowing since the outbreak of the war had all been for short periods.

IN ACCORD WITH CHEAP BORROWING POLICY

The new loan, however, would be for a period of fifteen to nineteen years and would carry interest at 3 per cent. and be issued at par. That rate accorded with the Government's avowed policy of borrowing as cheaply as possible and at the same time was a reasonable one from the investors' viewpoint.

The loan would be repayable at par on 15/10/59, but the Treasury would reserve the right of redemption partly or wholly at any time after 14/10/55 on three months' notice. It would, therefore, be known as three per cent. war loan 1955/59.

MORE BORROWING AHEAD

Sir John Simon added that the amount of the issue was limited to 300 million. The Government would have to borrow considerably more than that during the next twelve months, but a first issue for limited amount was convenient to the Treasury from several viewpoints and it would also be in the general interests of the lender.

Ten per cent. of all subscriptions would be payable on application and the balance on April 15 next. Subject certain safeguards he proposed offering non-resident subscribers exemptions from taxation somewhat similar to those attaching to some of the loans in the last war.

POWER TO LEND FOR VICTORY

There would be Post Office and National Savings Bank issues, to which a minimum subscription of ten pounds would be accepted, although no such application must exceed 1,000 sterling. This would afford such subscribers opportunity for lending savings for longer than provided by savings certificates and defence bonds. Lists of applications for loan would open on March 12 and close on March 13.

Sir John Simon concluding commended the issue to the earnest attention of every citizen (cheers). It should be—as he was sure it was—the determination of all classes and interests in the community to ensure its full part towards our ultimate victory.

SHORT TERM LOANS

Sir John Simon's loan announcement was welcomed by the Opposition, who put a few questions on the subjects to which the Chancellor replying said that the suggested issue of a short term loan at a lower rate of interest particularly suitable for large financial houses made by Mr. Pethick Lawrence would be borne in mind in respect of possible future occasions. There would certainly have to be future issues, but it would not be wise or pru-

(Continued on page 8 Col. 4

SIGNAL SUCCESS FOR WORKERS

Millowners Welcome Move For Settlement Of Strike

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

At one of the biggest workers' rallies seen in the history of Bombay, Labour representatives claimed the closure of the David Sassoon Mill as a signal success for the strikers. On behalf of the Girni Kamgar Union, it was announced that a day would soon be fixed for calling upon workers in the other industries to declare sympathetic strike.

WOMEN TO THE FORE.

As on the first day, women workers played a prominent part in the matter of organising picketing.

TEN ARRESTED.

Eight pickets were arrested during the day.

There was considerable stir in the Labour area, when the news of the arrest of Mr. V. R. Kandelgaonker, Vice-President of the Girni Kamgar Union, and of Mr. R. K. Bhogle, one of the secretaries of the Union, was known.

Congress Move Welcome

While the industry is in the grip of a crisis, a move is afoot to get the Congress to intervene in the dispute. It is understood that the general secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will shortly address a letter to both the representatives of workers and owners that the B.P.C.C. is prepared to offer its services in the matter of bringing about a settlement. If both parties are agreeable, one of the All-India Congress leaders will be requested to come down to Bombay to help in the matter.

In this connection Mr. S. A. Dange told a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" that Labour would not be averse to the suggestion of Congress leaders intervening in the dispute and were prepared for any settlement honourable to Labour.

A spokesman of the employers said that any move in the direction of a settlement that would not disregard the interests of millowners was welcome.

—Details on page 4—

STRIKE IN ROHTAS FACTORIES

PATNA, Mar. 5.

Taking exception, it is reported to the discharge of 289 workers all the workers of Rohtas Cement and Paper Factories at Dehri Dalmia Nagar have struck from yesterday.

The Mill area is being guarded by the police.—United Press.

SALEM, March 5.

Lodd Govinda Das of Madras has been elected Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Tamil Nadu Provincial Hindu Mahasabha conference to be held here on March 23 and 24. Mr. V. D. Savarkar will preside over the Conference.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Brahmin bridegroom to marry a Brahmin fair looking virgin widow aged 15 years. Apply Box No. 12883, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Junior Assistant for Stores Purchase Department of Commercial Firm. Science Graduate in Physics and/or Chemistry preferred Previous experience not essential. Apply before 15th March Box No. 12888, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted:—Candidates for Station Master's training. Allowance Rs. 30. Free quarter Rail fare paid. Apply with 0-1-6 to The Supdt. Railway Telegraph Training School, Bar-shah-boola Delhi. (12882)

Wanted 7 Graduates and 5 Clerks to apply for terms to Kapoor & Co., Cloth Market, Delhi. (12899)

Wanted a matronly Lady Superintendent for Zanana Boarding School. Qualification; must know English and Gujarati or Hindi fluently; Salary 150—25—250; Apply Box No. 12891 stating educational qualifications, experience and references enclosing photographs.

Wanted Special Managers, Clerks other Staff for Bombay Presidency for sub-offices. Apply Indo Finance and Transportation Corporation, Dehradun. (12893)

Wanted—Candidates for Railway —Telegraph-classes. Apply immediately. Gujarat Telegraph College—Umreth. (12845)

68. FLATS TO LET

Spacious flats in "Temple View." Vachhagandhi Road. Telephone 30352, Time 8 to 11 a.m. (12894)

115. MOTOR CYCLES

For Sale: Three B.S.A. motor cycles, 350 c.c. purchased new in 1933 can be seen at the Motor Transport Section, Shepherd Road, Bombay. Offers in writing should be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Port, Bombay, before 13th March 1940. V. G. Kanetkar, Dy. Commissioner of Police, Port. (2089)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

COL. DINSHA GHADIALI

Col. DINSHA PESTONJI GHADIALI of U.S.A., Inventor of Spectro-Chrome is now in Bombay. His address is AHMED MANOR, WARDEN ROAD, Bombay. (2094)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 100 Burrakur Coal Co., Ltd. Ordinary Shares Nos. 364236|364285 and 364286|364335 under Certificates Nos. 7706 & 7707 respectively registered in the name of Maharaja Kumar Himmat Singh have been lost or mislaid and that application for the issue of duplicate certificates has been made to the Managing Agents, Messrs. Bird & Co., Calcutta, to whom objections, if any, should be made within a month from the date of this notice. The public are hereby cautioned against dealing in any way with these shares.

1-3-1940 2077

THE CONTINENTAL GARAGE, BOMBAY

BENZ BROTHERS, BOMBAY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claims against the above enemy firms whose affairs were vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property in terms of the Notification No. 44 (1)-Tr(W.)/40 appearing in the Gazette of India of 10th February, 1940, are hereby required to send in their claims within one month from this date to the undersigned, at his office, situate in the Reserve Bank Building, Fort, Bombay, at the expiration of which time he shall consider only such claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognised. This notice is not to be deemed an acknowledgment by the undersigned of the right of any party to recover from him any moneys due by the said enemy firms.

E. RADBONE.
Deputy Custodian of Enemy Property, Bombay
Bombay, 6th March, 1940 (2083).

102. MACHINERY FOR SALE.

For Sale—Two Mirrlees—Diesel Oil Engines, one of 500 BHP (5 Cylinders) and the other of 480 BHP (4 Cylinders) each directly coupled to 340 KW 440 Volts, 50 Cycles, 3 Phase English Electric Alternators running at 250 RPM in perfect condition. For further particulars apply to the Mahalakshmi Textile Mills, Ltd., Pasumalai P. O. (Madura). (2053)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents, Monthly Remuneration 100|- rising to 225|-, Bonus 300|-. No Investment. Samples Free Nationals (Woollen & Silk Mills) Limited, Ludhiana (12744)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Wanted to purchase airy well ventilated Bungalow at Bandra Perry Road-Perry Cross Road, Pally Hill-Hill Road. Price about Rs. 15,000. Also one Plot at Chembur close to station. Apply Post Box No. 5006, Bombay 9. (12885)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Mohanlal Sharma open to sell at any rate Cotton & Defd. to-day and approach to further report, Barbhai Mohalla opp. Kantan Bazar, Bombay. (12892)

Practical Psychic Instruction— Hypnotism, Mesmerism, Mind-Reading, etc., are practically taught by post and by class tuition. Success guaranteed in two weeks. For particulars send 1 anna stamp. Prof. R. N Rudra, 100-5, Surendranath Banerjee Road, Calcutta. (12693)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 764 OF 1937.

MOTILAL RAMKUMAR and another .. .. Plaintiffs.
versus
ODHAVJI ANANDJI and Others .. Defendants

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale dated 30th of March, 1939, the following immovable properties comprised in Lot. No. I and the right, title and interest in the immovable properties comprised in Lot No. II will be sold by Public Auction in two lots by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on FRIDAY, 15th March, 1940, at 3-15 P.M. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS.

All those pieces of Raytawa land together with the buildings trees, wells, standing crops and other appurtenances, etc., situate at Athni in the Sub-District Athni, Belgaum District and bearing the following Survey or City Survey Numbers and admeasurements, etc.

No.	Revision or City Pot No. Survey No.	Area. Acres Gunthas	Area. East North West South CUBITS.	Village & Peth, etc	Property Known as
		LOT NO. I.			
1.	43	17 15		Athni	
2.	21	10 13		"	
3.	31	13 0		SHIVAL	
4.(1)	638		36 18	(Budnwar Peth (Khatik Gully (Athni.	
(2)	790		10 15	(Budhwar Peth (Athni.	
5.	84	19 14		Masargumphi. Athni.	
6.	974	16 11		"	
7.	42	1 8 5½		(Katgeri Road (Athni.	Kesral Tola.
8.	613	1 8 18		Athni.	Garden land.
9.	2093				Kesral Tola. (Bhagayat & (Jirayat land)
10.	2092	2 11 27		"	Kesral Tola
11. (1)			16 40	Hadalji Athni.	
11. (2)	599	17 3		Honwad Dist. Bijapur	Borde's land.
12.	696		38 50	Athni.	
13. (1)	1987	16 23			
(2)	1994	15 35			
(3)	1996	29 39			
		LOT NO. II.			
1. (a)	C.S. No. 8 Cha. No. 783		25 42	Athni.	
(b)	C.S. No. 8 Cha. No. 745		28 8	"	
(c)	C.S. No. 8 Ch. No. 708		12 6½	Chetter Peth, Athni	
(d)	C. Tikka No. 8 Cha. No. 15		7 3	Budhwar Peth	
(e)	R. Survey No. 403	21 17		Kahalli	Kaligyagol
2.	R. Survey No. 128 Hald of R.S. No. 128	1. 10 33 3. 3 20		Kodaganur	Bagayat land.
3. (1)	R.S. No. 128	2. 10 8		Kodaganur	Katgeri Road land.
(2)	half of R.S. 128	3. 3 20			
4.	2092	2 8 33			Kesral garden
5.	62	1 7 7		Benur	Dhoni land.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. RAMANLAL AND HIMATLAL, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 373 Sailor Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 31st day of January, 1940.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ.
Commissioner.
(2077)

Legal Notices

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION

HIGH COURT

O. O. C. J.

SUIT NO. 1531 of 1937.

HAJI ABDUL KARIM HAJI PAYO of Bombay .... Plaintiff
(V/S)
DR. MRS. VERA CRASSI..... .... Defendant
(and)
BENGAL HAJI PAYO PATHAN... ..... Applicant

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Sheriff of Bombay will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 6th March, 1940, at 4 p.m., (S. T.) in the defendant's place of residence on the second floor of the Building at 137, South Queen's Road, Opp. Cooperage Bandstand, within the Fort of Bombay, movable property consisting of Chesterfield armchairs, medicine cupboards, instruments, valuable books on medicine, art and science, guitar, mandolin, suit cases, and other valuable household articles.

The price of the bid to be paid at the time of the sale.

MATHURADAS VISSANJI
Sheriff of Bombay.
Sheriff's Office,
High Court,
Bombay, 5th March, 1940. (2093)

BANDRA TALKIES
Daily at 4. 6-30 & 10 p.m.
From March 6th to 8th Only
BOMBAY TALKIES Presents
DEVIKA RANI
ASHOK KUMAR
IN
"SAVITRI"
THURSDAY MARCH 7TH
At 10-30 A.M.
RIN-TIN-TIN
IN
"THE LIGHTNING WARRIOR"
Complete Serial at Reduced Rates

Auction Sales

IMPORTANT TO INVESTORS IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES IN BUSINESS LOCALITY.

Sale of valuable immovable property at Nagdevi Street:—Fazandari land, admeasuring about 156 Sq. Yds. with dwelling house thereon bearing Cadastral Survey No. 108 of Mandvi Division and Municipal B Ward No. 320 (2) and Street Nos. 237 and 239 Nagdevi Street.

Under instructions from Mr. Haji Mahomed Haji Suleman, Bai Aishabai, widow of Haji Ahmed Hasham, Mr. Haji Mahomed Haji Ahmed Hasham, Mr. Tyab Haji Ahmed Hasham, Mr. Taher Haji Ahmed Hasham, Bai Hanifabai daughter of Haji Ahmed Hasham and Bai Noorbai daughter of Haji Ahmed Hasham, the Vendors.

Sale on TUESDAY, the 12th March, 1940, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the premises of the property.

Full particulars and conditions of sale from Messrs. Smetham Byrne & Lambert, Attorneys for the Vendors, 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

ONLY 2 MORNING SHOWS.
A Premier Telugu Social Picture
College Girl or Premavijayam
A moving story of a College Girl
APPOLO CINEMA
PAREL
THURS., 7th and
SUNDAY, 10th March
10-30 A.M.

BEST TAMIL TALKIE
'Baktha-Chetha'
At BROADWAY—Dadar
ON THURSDAY, 7TH MARCH 40
AT 10-30 A.M.
ADVANCE BOOKING AT SOUTH INDIAN CONCERNS, LTD., MATUNGA

TAKE A TRIP
OVER THE MOON
WITH MERLE OBERON
IN ALEXANDER KORDA'S
TECHNICOLOUR COMEDY HIT
OVER THE MOON
AT THE
EXCELSIOR
4. 6-30 & 10 p.m.
A UNITED ARTISTS RELEASE

TO-MORROW
3-15 P. M.
A WELLKNOWN
GUJARATI DRAMA
PAKZAD PARIN
BY MR. R. F. SETHNA
FEATURING
SCREEN & STAGE STARS
BAI MUNNIEBAI
BABY SHUSHILA
SHASHIBALA
AUSHA BANOO
MASTER KHURSHID
Tickets can be had from morning to night. AT THE
BALIVALA
GRAND THEATRE TARDEV

DRAWING CROWDS
That Appreciate and Applaud... For the STORY VALUE
Depicting the intense
SACRIFICE OF A WOMAN FOR THE NATION
BHAGYODAYA PICTURES
RAIGAD
Starring:—
DURGA KHOTE
RAIGAD
AT
MAJESTIC
3 Shows Daily 4-15, 7 and 9-45
Matinee Tomorrow At 1-30

THE ABSORBING DRAMA THAT THRILLS YOU TO THE CORE!
6TH WEEK
AT
PATHE
HINDUSTAN CINETONE'S
Inspiring Social
MUD OR APNI NAGARIA
Starring:
MRS. SHOBHANA SAMARTH
Director
GUNJAL
Time Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Anti-Gambling Squad Police carried out a raid at an open plot at 8th Khetwadi Lane and arrested 10 persons on a charge of gambling with cards.

Six persons were arrested by the Nagpada Police in another raid carried on the premises of Bhora's Chawl at Shuklaji Street on a gambling charge.

The accused were released on bail by the Magistrate at Mazagaon Court today.

MAIL SORTER ON THEFT CHARGE

Balkrishna Madho Aprar was arrested by the Pydhoni Police on a charge of theft and was produced to-day before the Presidency Magistrate at Mazagaon Court.

He was ordered to be remanded into custody by the Magistrate till March 12.

TWO PROHIBITION ARRESTS.

Vithal Trimbak was arrested by the Nagpada Police yesterday afternoon for being in possession of pills of charas.

Shardoprashad Rambharose was arrested by the City Police at Masjid Bunder Road. It was alleged that he was selling ganja there.

Both the accused were placed today before the Magistrate at Mazagon Police Court when they were ordered to be released on bail.

ALLEGED BREACH OF ABKARI ACT

Kasambi Rajesahab and Nagama Yankappa, two woman were arrested by the Police under Abkari Act at Masjid Station yesterday afternoon.

They were produced today before the Magistrate at Mazagon Court and were ordered to be released on bail.

Child Dies Of Burn

A verdict of death by Septecalmia following burns accidently sustained was recorded by the Coroner's jury at the inquest held on the body of Laxmibai Nagappa (2) residing at Naigaum.

JYOTI MITRA MANDAL MEETING

A meeting of the members and supporters of the Jyoti Mitra Mandal, a pen-friendship organisation was held on Friday last under the presidentship of Mr. Dhansukh N. Naik at Santa Cruz, when members to the Board of Control were elected and resolution to appoint sub-committees and to start free revision classes for pupils of all standards were passed

HE INTERPRETED the
TEACHINGS OF BHAGWAT GEETA TO THE MASSES
IN THEIR OWN LANGUAGE AND WON THEIR HEARTS.. PRABHAT BRING HIM TO SCREEN
IN
DNYANESHWAR
Directed by:
DAMLE & FATEHLAL
Starring: SHAHU MODAK, YESHWANT & SUMATI GUPTE
Released Thru'
FAMOUS PICTURES LTD.
BOMBAY 4.

Tomorrow being Maha Shivratri and Friday being Amavas
MATINEE AT 1-30 P. M.
'JAWANI-KI-RIT'
NEW THEATRES' MUSICOMEDY
at
Daily 4-15 7 & 9-45 p.m. KRISHNA

TO-MORROW Matinee at 1-15 p. m.
MY BELOVED
Going Very Strong at PLAZA

STAGING AIR RAID IN CITY

After great preparation and with the kind permission of the services concerned, Bombay will shortly have the opportunity of witnessing a thrilling air raid on the Brabourne Stadium. The occasion will be the Red Cross Pageant organised by the Entertainments Committee of the Bombay Presidency Red Cross Fund, at the end of this month.

An aircraft will descend from the clouds and will make the sports arena its target. Defending anti-aircraft guns will thunder their reply, and any 'damage' done will be attended to by the fire-fighting service men.

It is not often that the population has a chance to see a spectacle of this nature

Here is a chance of litnessing "warfare" from the comfort of a seat! Here is Bombay's first opportunity to get a taste of what modern war really means!

Bombay Peace Brigade

The Committee of the Bombay Peace Brigade have secured the consent of Mr. B. G. Horniman to be President and of Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Lalljee, M.L.A. (Central) and Prof. V G. Rao to be Vice-presidents of the Brigade.

Printed copies of the draft constitution and also of the application forms of membership are ready and can be available at the office of the Brigade C/o. Mr. N. B Parulekar, 171, Hornby Road, Bori Bunder (near Purihit's Hotel) Fort, Bombay.

NEW BRANCH OF MARATHI GRANTHA SANGRAHALAYA

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, March 4

The members of the Marathi Grantha Sangrahalaya, Thana, a premier institution of its kind in Maharashtra, will be glad to know that in view of the inconvenience caused them by the location of the Sangrahalaya far away from the town, the managing committee have decided to open a branch on March 4, in the heart of the town for the issue of books to their subscribers.

PRABHURAM AYURVEDIC COLLEGE EXAM. RESULTS

No. 105 of 1940.

The following are the names of the successful candidates who appeared in the different Examinations and Tests of the Prabhuram Ayurvedic College conducted by the Dr. Popat University of Ayurved during the period August, 1939 to January, 1940.

BHIS...K TESTS.

Chhatre, Bhasker Ramchandra, Bombay.
Vaidya, Purushottam Mahadeo, Bombay.

III G. P. A. C.—BHISHAGWAR EXAMINATION.

(Passing in Arogya Shastra and Nyaya Vaidyag & Vish Prakarana, only).
Naik, Ranchhodji Rughnathji, Navsari.
Shah, Mohanlal Shivlal, Kathor.

II G. P. A. C.—BHISHAGWAR EXAMINATION.

(Passing the whole Examination in Pass Class.)
Naik, Dattatraya Gajanan, Bombay.
Naik, Ranchhodji Rughnathji, Navsari.
Shah, Mohanlal Shivlal, Kathor.
(Passing in Aushadhi Gunadosh and Rasayan Shastra, only).
Vaidya, Thakorlal Chhotalal, Surat.
(Passing in Rasayan Shastra, only).
Vaidya, Parmanand Maganlal, Surat.
(Passing in Vanaspati Shastra, only).
Bhatt, Somnath Nandshanker, Surat.

PRIMARY G. P. A. C.—BHISHAGWAR EXAMINATION.

(Passing the whole examination in Second Class).
Navsariwala, Mahomedaly Esufaly, Surat.
(Passing the whole examination in Pass Class).
Vaidya, Harilal Gulabdas, Surat.
Bhatt, Ramanlal Harikrishana, Surat.
(Passing in Indriyavignan Shastra, only).
Bhatt, Jaykrishana Harilal, Bombay.
(Passing in Vaidyakiya Upakarana, only).
Achharya, Ramanlal Ranchhodlal, Thasra.

Mr. Trivedi, Natverlal Girdharlal, whose result was revoked, due to certain reasons, after having been once declared in July 1935, is now declared successful in the Final G. P. A. C. Bhishagwar Examination, on his having complied with the requiremets of the Committee of Enquiry.

Teachers Awarded Certificates Of Merit

Distribution of Certificates of merit to the primary teachers of the Physical Training Camp conducted at Chembur by the District School Board, Bombay Suburbun District on Sunday last under the presidentship of Mr. Jabir Ali, President, District Local Board, B.S.D. marked the termination of the physical training activities conducted by the School Board at its camp in beautiful surroundings.

Mr. Jabir Ali appreciated the work of the school Board and exhorted the teachers to do their duty efficiently after the efficient training given by the Board.

Thana Catholic Association Death Benefit Fund

The annual general meeting of the Death Benefit Fund was held on Sunday last, when Mr. J. V. Pimenta, the President of the Thana Catholic Association, presided.

After the adoption of the Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year 1939, the election of the Managing Committee for the current year was effected by ballot, the following being the result: Mr. Eddie Alvares, Hony. Secretary; Mr. Bras. Pimenta, Treasurer; and Messrs. A. B. Pereira, Marcelene Alvares, D D'Penha and Miss Marie Pereira as members of the Managing Committee.

In view of the 50 per cent liability of the Fund, it was decided to reduce the period of membership from 15 years to 10 years.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

INDIGESTION
"doesn't live here any more"

Take 1 Carter's Little Liver Pill before and after meals and get relief.

Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else. Price: As. 10.

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

Ah! I see you did

Sold by all Chemists and Stores

POWELLS LTD.

Head Office:—Lamington Rd., Bombay. *Works and Laboratories*:—Jetha Street, Lamington Road, Bombay. *Branches*:—Princess Street, Bombay, and Park Town, Madras. *Distributors at Ahmedabad*:—Jamnadas & Sons.

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On The Air

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s).

8 a.m. Keep fit. 8-10 Alauddin Khan: Sarod. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Purushottam Solankurker. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Shanta Hublikar. 9-10 Bai Azambai of Kolhapur. 9-35 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-45 G. M. Durrani. 9-55 Instrumental duets.

12-30 p.m. Ladies Only: Film songs. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Three Marathi Pads. 1-10 Mutual Under- Lesson in Eng and Hind. 1-25 What shall I cook to-day? 1 30 News in English 1-35 Lunch hour music and School broadcast. 2-30 Musical prelude. 2-35 God Samjut: Talk 2-50 Marathi Bhavgeets. 3 Geography: Talk

5 p.m. You asked for it. 5-15 Selected by A. R. Shenshah. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Selected by Khursheed Bajirao. 5-45 Selected by Anis Fatima. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Gururao Deshpande 6-35 The A I R Quartet. 6-45 Your Favourites. 6-55 Gat Tora on Tabla. 7 Capitals of Gujarat: Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 Purushottam Solankurker. 7-30 Peelu on Sitar. 7-35 Gururao Deshpande. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow 8-30 Matters of moment relayed from B B C. 8-45 Subtleties. 8-55 Talk of the Town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 Purushottam Solankurker. 10 Jalatarang solo. 10-10 Gururao Deshpande. 10-30 News in English.

Bombay II—Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8 a.m. to 8-15 As in Bom. 1. 8-15 Younger Generation. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Bilawal on Sarod. 8-50 Readings from Marathi Books. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1. 12-30 p.m. to 12-57 As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Paritosh Seal. 1 to 1-30 As in Bom. 1. 1-30 Musical prelude. 1-35 to 3-15 As in Bom. 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 5-25 As in Bom. 1. 5-25 Love Parade. 5-35 to 6 As in Bom. 1. 6 Thumris. 6-10 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Azambai. 8-15 Purusharath Kar. 8-25 to 8-30 As in Bom. 1. 8-30 Violin recital. 8-45 Kanha-ki-Kahani. 9 Azambai. 9-30 Emmi Marcus: Pianoforte. 9-45 Benamino Gigli: Tenor. 9-50 Mantzari Mavrickis: Soprano, 10 Enrico Caruso: Tenor. 10-10 Sonata Recital. 10-30 News in English.

Dacca Programme

257.1 metres (1,167 kc/s)

5 p.m. A Variety. 5-30 Kiran Dev Burman. 5-50 Sitar solo. 6-5 Kaishorik. 6-50 Suruchi Mazumder. 7-5 Kiran Dev Burman. 7-20 Violin recital. 7-35 Suruchi Mazumder. 7-45 Wealth from Wastages: Talk in Bengali, 8 Radha Rani. 8-15 Nitya Burman. 8-30 Mohammad Ishaq Qawwal. 9-5 Radha Rani. 9-45 Do You Like These? 10 Nitya Burman. 10-15 Mohammad Ishaq Qawwal.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 5 As in Bombay 2. 6-15 As in Bombay 2. 6-30 to 7 As in Bombay 2. 7 For Villagers only. 8 "Shadow of Swastika and Hitler over Germany" 5: (B.B.C. rec.) As in Bombay 2. 8-25 Umra Zia Begam. 8-47 to 9 As in Bombay 2. 10 to 10-30 As in Bom. 2. 10-35 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 7 As in Delhi 1. 7 Ghazals and Geets. 7-15 As in Bombay 2. 7-30 Indian music. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 2.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Anwarbai of Amritsar. 6-30 for the countryside. 7-15 Shiv Lal. 7-25 Gat tora on Tabla. 7-30 Urdu Poetry Conversazione: Dabir. 7-50 Badrbai of Multan. 8-5 Jhanjhan Jhanjhan Poel Baje: Anwarbai of Amritsar. 8-15 Faking. 5: Talk. 8-30 Badrbai. 8-50 Ali Bakhsh Zuhoor: Geet or an explanatory talk on the day's news. 9-50 Nanhe Babu Kanwar. 10 Amn-o-Sukun: Skit in Hindustani. 10-15 Anwarbai.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the countryside. 5-50 Akshoy Dhuli: Dhole solo. 6-5 Uttara Devi. 6-25 Ab. hesuddin Ahmed. 6-45 Instrumental Trio. 7 5 Pancharaga, 2: Picture of ragas. 7-45 Berlin Ambassador's report: Talk in Bengali. 8 Just a surprise. 8-15 Shaila Devi. 9 The Press, 5: Talk. 9-55 The Aerial Players

Calcutta II—Programme

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 10-30 As in Calcutta 1.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

5-30 p.m. Shameem Bano. 5-48 Mohammad Husain. 6-10 Khayal and Thumri: Mohammad Husain. 6-24 Dadra: Shameem Bano. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar. 7 E Mao. Behno, Betio. 8 Teen Tohfe: Play in Hindustani. 8-30 Khayal, Vilampit and Drut: Shameem Bano. 8-50 Topic of the day or Indian music. 9-45 Recorded music. 9-50 Mohammad Husain. 10-7 Qadir Bakhsh. 10-12 Shameem Bano.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Educational broadcast for children in Telugu. 4-30 The Spice of life. 5 Instrumental music. 5-20 Mayavaram Govindaraja Pillai: Violin. 6-5 Shrimati Vijayalakshmi Natarajan. 6-30 V. S. Somasundaram: Flute. 7 Troubled Waters: Talk relayed from Trichy. 7-15 Interlude. 7-50 M. K. Tyagaraja Bhagavatar: Classical and light songs. 9 Sports: Talk in Eng. 9-10 Maxine Sullivan. 9-45 Oscar Rabin and his Romanay Band. 9-55 Bandsman Rivers: Tenor. 10-10 The London Palladium Orchestra. 10-15 Percy James, Violin.

Madras II—Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 p.m. to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 Shri. Vijayalakshmi Natarajan. 10 Mayavaram Govindaraja Pillai: Violin.

Trichy Programme

296 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-20 Pandanallur Jeeayee. 5-45 Tunes from the Talkies. 6-5 For the Villages. 6-30 K. P. Sivanandam Pillai: Veena. 7 Troubled Waters: Talk. 7-15 Learn to Sing. 7-50 Concert programme. 9-45 K. P. Sivanandam Pillai: Veena.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9-40	20-10
Madras Mail	6-00	22-10
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-30
Calcutta Mail (Express)	9-10	17 40
Madras Express	10-15	14-25
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-35	17 20
Nagpur Express	15 00	20 55
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8 05
Allahabad Express	21 00	6-15

Short Covering And Foreign Buying In N. Y. Cotton Market

PRICES ADVANCE FOLLOWING BOMBAY MARKET

Technical Rally After Recent Decline

Bombay, March 6.

The New York Cotton futures market was quiet with Bombay interests on both sides. However prices further advanced on the improved technical position after the recent heavy liquidation. The improvement was purely of a reactionary nature as there is no new development and mostly prices were influenced by firmness in Bombay.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened steady and advanced in sympathy with Bombay cables and trade, spot house and foreign buying but met scattered liquidation and hedging. Gains extended on small price fixing and light offerings, finally short covering appeared and the market closed very steady.

At the opening March was quoted 3 points up at 10.88 which was the lowest level. There was persistent buying throughout the day and March advanced to 10.98 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 11 to 13 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 13 points at 11.08c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market was fairly steady with improved demand and covering and closed at a rise of 10 to 9 points. Spot Cotton prices were raised 10 points at 10.54 c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton Market opened at a decline of 8 points with May 7.86. Easiness of overseas advices and Bombay selling together with hedging of outsiders depressed prices but the market steadied on improved Bombay advices. Later on there was Bombay buying and short covering with trade calling. Distants reacted on hedging of American and outside growths. The market closed at a decline of 10 to 8 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged at 7.99 d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton ring was fairly steady and Uppers futures closed 1 to 3 points up while Giza contracts gained 4 to 5 points.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was weak with increased selling. Sakels declined 28 to 29 points and Ashmouni contracts lost 23 to 26 points.

CALCUTTA BUYING.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern in their report state:—"In the Ready Market demand was small With the increase in railway freight coming into force on 1st April, local receipts continue to be heavy.

The Local Forward Market opened weak owing to the commencement of the general strike of textile workers in Bombay.

Moderate short covering by Exporters and Commission Houses checked the decline and later there was good support from Share Bazaar operators which resulted in a steady advance.

Despite the mill strike all markets were buoyant especially the Stock Market on rumours of a possible reduction in the Excess Profits Tax Bill and talks of a compromise in the labour dispute.

Towards the close the advance was carried further on Calcutta buying following a rise in Jute.

At night prices opened slightly easier on Commission House selling but later improved on Jobbers buying following steady New York advices and a further decline in the New York-London cross-rate.

The latest reports indicate no material change in the textile strike.

We look for a trading market and prefer purchases on week spots."

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March highest 11.98+13 (2.49 p.m.).
N. Y. March lowest 10.88+03 (10 a.m.).
Liverpool March highest 7.90—04.
Liverpool March lowest 7.85—09.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from the New York Cotton Exchange Service.

Growers sales equities light but purchases from second hands fair. Volume cloth sales better but not equal output Business up but decline through March expected Commodities steady.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:+

New York.—Moderate price fixing. Short covering. Offering light. Goods, spots quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON

(New Contracts)

New York, March 4.

March	11.13+13
May	10.88+12
July	10.55+11
October	9.73+12
December	9.59+13

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: March 4.

March	10.98+13
May	10.75+12
July	10.41+11
October	9.73+12
Middling Spot	11.08+13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	11.06+10
May	10.84+10
July	10.49+09
Middling Spot	10.54+10

	11 a.m. Rates.	Noon Call
March	10.93	10.90
May	10.72	10.70
July	10.38	10.37

N. YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

Day's receipts to all U S Ports 23,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent 24,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: March 4.

March	7.77—10
April	7.83—08
May	7.86—08
June	7.88—08
July	7.90—08
August	7.85—09
September	7.79—09
October	7.72—09
November	7.67—08
December	7.65—08
January	7.63—08
February	7.60—08
March	7.58—07
Middling Spot	7.99

10-45 a.m. QUOTATIONS

May	7.87
October	7.73

AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS

(IN 1,000'S)

	Season to-date	This week	Season 1938-39
Total in sight (excluding linters)	11,587	254	7,994
Forwarded to American mills including Canada and other American (excluding linters)	5,797	159	4,434
Exports from U. S. Ports	4,941	151	2,657
Of which to Japan	694	18	649
Of which to China	341	11	66
Of which to Great Britain	1,555	19	569
Of which to Germany	30	—	56
Stock at U. S. Ports	—	2,989	—
Stock at U. S. interior towns	—	2,790	—
World's visible supply	—	—	—
Of which American cotton	—	—	—
Forwarded to World's mills (excluding linters)	—	—	6,903
Receipts at U. S. Ports	6,486	168	3,396

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS (IN 1,000'S)

Total forwarded	1,769	64	1,439
East Indian forwarded	215	8	222

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay: March 5.

Bengal Fine	235/06
Punjab Fine	200/02
C P. I	254/57
C. P. 2	241/43
Berar	236/37
Khandesh	229/33
Jalna/Sailu	231/33
Ahmednagar	231/33
Broach	264/68
Punjab 4 F	280/88
Punjab 289 F	318/23
Sindh N. T.	298/306

American Cotton Figures

Bombay, March 5

	1939-40	1938-39
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 4-3-40	6522000	3406000
Receipts yesterday 4-3-40	23000	7000
Exports to date 4-3-40	4988000	2682000
Stock at Ports 1-3-40	2989000	2529000
Stock at Interior Towns 1-3-40	2790000	3093000
Stock at Liverpool 1-3-40	.....	1005000
Visible Supply 1-3-40	.....	6795000
Quantity in sight 1-3-40	11589000	7994000
Quantity out of sight 1-3-40	.....	6903000

COTTON PARITY

Difference Broach A/M below Liverpool May 167 penny points. Liverpool
Difference Broach J/A below Liverpool July 150 penny points.
Difference Broach A/M below New York May 30 cent points. New
Difference Broach J/A above New York July 38 cent points.

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21 30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon)	(Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15-10
The Flying Ranee Surat	10 58	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13 50
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

Arrivals at Ballard Pier

Frontier Mail (on Saturday only) for London 8-43

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 5.

Following a rise of 12 points in New York Cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 271 for Broach A.-M. delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 270 and declined to Rs. 267-12 under realising. At this level there was active buying and prices advanced to Rs. 270-8 but renewed selling again appeared and prices sagged to Rs. 268-4. The market is unsettled with professional activity and is watching strike developments.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 4 points and later was reported 6 points p. In the local market Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 269/8. Later on Liverpool went 5 points up and there appeared increased selling in the local market and prices declined to Rs. 267/4. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach	April/May	Rs. 267/4
F G M G Broach	July/August	Rs. 276/8
Fine M G Oomra	March	Rs. 236/0
Fine M G Oomra	May	Rs. 240/8
Fine M G Oomra	July	Rs. 244/8
F G M G Bengal	March	Rs. 198/8
F G M G Bengal	May	Rs. 201/8
F G M G Bengal	July	Rs. 204/8

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, March 5

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	204	202	199	196	
Punjab	204	202	199	196	
Rajputana	212	210	207	204	
Oomra No. 3	245	241	238	235	
C. P. No. 1	257	255	252	249	
C P. No. 2	247	245	242	239	
Broach No. 2		271	269	266	263
Surat		308	306	303	300
Rajpipla		303	301	298	295
Navsari		319	317	314	311

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay March 5

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales	2 days	This year Since 1st Sept.	Last year
Khandesh		48,611	32,804
Central India	1,486	74,044	185,750
Barsi and Nagar	315	103,240	54,312
Hyderabad Gaorani	51	40.774	4,166
Berar	2,860	258,172	122,672
Central Provinces	919	64,441	29,556
Total Oomras	5,631	589,282	429,253
Dholera	1,262	46.727	114,100
N W Provinces	67	22,842	2,,55
Rajputana	246	24,976	45,848
Sind Punjab	1,787	291,285	262,397
Broach	6,363	185,959	128,000
Coompta and Dharwar	36	15,283	14,418
Westerns Northerns	51	16,788	19,749
Cocoanada		50	94
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,309	2,542
American		52,210	2,575
Egyptian, African and Sudan		200,946	177,322
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		1,920	7
Total		15,443 1,499,477	11,98,190
Arrived by road to 29th February 1940		199,355	

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 29th Feb

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Total	3,400	612,950	718,088

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, March 4.

Sakels	Ash.	Giza
March 18.95-28 Apl. 17.48-26 Mar. 17.855-12		
May 19.44-29 June 17.79-23 May 18.38-24		

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 5.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 97
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 101/12
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 98
3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes 33/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 103-12
5 per cent 1960/70 Loan 107-12
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 105-8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 113
5 per cent 1940/43 Bond 101-11
3 per cent 1953/65 Loan 92-4

TAX-FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 112-8
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 110-8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 120-8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B. P. T. 1974 105-8
4 per cent M. Deb. 1947 104/8
5 per cent M. Deb. 1959 115/0
6 per cent M. Deb. 1954 121/0
6 per cent K. P. T 1956 120/12
Tone:—Firm.

CALCUTTA JUTE

CALCUTTA: March 5.

Calcutta Jute opened to-day at Rs. 84-12 and after declining to Rs. 83-4 improved to Rs. 83-8 and later prices declined to Rs. 82-10.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, March 5.

B. C. RATES:—
T T D D 1/5 1/16 to 5th Sept.
LONDON:—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 5th September
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 5th Sept.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 one month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 4 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.
NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling T T 333 1/2
Bank's buying T T 330
Bank's buying D D 328 1/2
PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T 1300
Bank's buying T T 1340
JAPAN:—
Bank's buying T T 80 3/4
Bank's buying T T 79 3/4
Bank's buying 60 days 78 3/4
AMSTERDAM:—
Bank's selling D D 55 1/8
JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 54 5/8
HONGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 83 7/8
SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 25 1/2
SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4
CROSS RATE:—
Hongkong/London 1/2 31/32 5th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/4 3/8 5th inst.
Java/London 7.46/54 5th inst.
New York/London 3.91 1/4 4th inst.
London/New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 4th inst.
London/Paris 176 1/2—3/4 4th inst.
London/Italy 77.50 4th inst.
London/Belgium 23,70/85 4th inst.
London/Switzerland 17.85/95 4th inst.
London/Stockholm 16.85/95 4th inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.53/58 4th inst.
London/Japan 1/2 15/32 4th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.
Gold 8/8/0 2nd inst
Gold £3/8/0 4th inst.
Silver London Ready 20 3/16 2nd inst.
Silver London Ready 21 1/4 4th inst.
Silver London Forward 20 1/4 2nd inst.
Silver London Forward 21 1/8 4th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 2nd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 4th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 2nd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 4th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 2nd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 4th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 1/4 per cent.
3 months 2 per cent.
6 months 1 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, March 4.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Electric Bond and Share Common.	6
Elec. Pow. and Lt. 7 per cent Pfd.	27 3/4
Amr. Tel. and Tel.	172 1/2
Western Union Telg.	23 5/8
Great Northern Pfd.	23 1/4
New York Central R. R.	16 1/8
Amrex Corporation	15
Texas Corporation	44 1/4
Union Carbon and Carbide	84
Socony	11 1/8
Consolidated Oil	7 1/4
United States Steel	58 3/8
Republic Steel	20 3/4
Crucible Steel	38 1/4
U. S. Smelting	61 1/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	36 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining X.D.	29 1/8
Chrysler Motors	83 3/4
General Motors	52 5/8
Firestone Rubber	20
Chase National Bank	35
National City Bank of N. Y.	29 1/4

Turnover 460,000 shares.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS.

London, March 4.

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 80 1/2
3-1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 93 1/2.
3-1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1954/59 102 3/4.
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1948/58 107 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1950/55 111 3/4
4-1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1958/68 113 1/2
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1942/47 107
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1949/52 97 3/4
2-1/2 per cent British Consols 73 5/8
3-1/2 per cent War Loans 99 1/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90 112 7/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary 57/6

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: March 5.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	268 3/4	262 3/4	268 1/2
Broach J/A	277 1/2	271 1/2	277 1/2
Oomra Mar.	238	231	237 1/2
Oomra May	242	235	241 1/2
Oomra July	246 1/2	239	246 1/2
Bengal Mar.	198 1/2	195	197 1/2
Bengal May	201 3/4	197 1/2	200 1/2
Bengal July	204 3/4	200	203 1/2

Night Session: Broach A/M opening Rs. 269 1/4; Highest Rs. 271 1/2; Lowest Rs. 268 1/2; Closing Rs. 270. Broach J/A closing Rs. 279.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: March 6.

Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 57
Copper Sheets	Rs. 74

Tone:—Steady.

Reactionary Feeling In Share Bazar

GENERAL REALISING DEPRESS STEEL SHARES

Cotton Shares Quiet

Bombay, March 5.

As anticipated after strong opening, a reactionary tendency developed to-day on the local Stock Exchange with some realising and prices gradually sagged.

Yesterday the market ignored possible effect of the general textile strike but to-day quiet reports from the cotton market, checked any important buying and the market was hesitant with less inclination to buy. The quiet tone is mostly of a reactionary nature and while it is possible that prices will decline further before the upward move is resumed.

The general feeling in the market is mildly bullish on the belief that no adverse factor is now likely to develop and if the Excess Profits Tax Bill is going to undergo changes as anticipated, it will not affect industrial outlook. Much this view is shared by a majority of operators and even professionals who were depressing the market are now covering sales at rising prices fearing that any favourable development will leave them in a wrong box.

However the market will be once again having five holidays on Easter days and naturally no operator will like to leave risks open.

News from the point of view of Wall-Street was a little more cheerful but the situation was sufficiently cloudy to keep traders to the sidelines with the majority of issues fractionally higher. Steels were firm despite lower output. The publication "steel" says that the recent decline in demand appears to have been definitely checked. The market closed steady. U. S. Steel Shares improved dollar one at 58-3/8. Anaconda Coppers gained 3/8 at 29-1/8 but general motors closed 1/8 down at 52 5/8 dollars.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 942 and steadily declined to Rs. 921 and closed at Rs. 925. Century Mill Shares opened at Rs. 305 and declined to Rs. 297. Central India Shares opened at Rs. 300 and declined to Rs. 290. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 385 and eased off to Rs. 375 New Great Shares opened at Rs. 372 and after advancing to Rs. 375 closed at Rs. 362.

Associated Cement Shares opened at Rs. 121-8 and closed at Rs. 120-4 while Andhra Shares were quiet at Rs. 1,550. Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1,365 and eased off to Rs. 1,357-8.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened firm at Rs. 2,135 which was the highest level for the day. There appeared realising and prices declined to Rs. 2,100 but with renewed support prices rallied to Rs. 2,125. The support was feeble and active selling again developed and prices dropped to Rs. 2,080 Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 399 and declined to Rs. 391. Second Preference shares moved up to Rs. 144-4.

It will be noticed that the market opened Rs. 219-8. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 632 and declined to Rs. 618.

It will be noticed that the market opened firm and there were hopes for further recovery, but the market was getting technically weak and in the absence of professional support there was a steady decline. Recent buyers were realising profits with a view to replace on sharp setbacks. The turnover was fairly large and the market closed with a quiet tone.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

BOMBAY: March 5.

Bombay Dyeing (942) 942 935 937 921 927 922 925

Century (305) 305 302 304 299 300 297

Central India (298) 300 292 295 290 292 290

Kohinoor (384) 385 379 382 374 376 375

New Great (372) 372 375 360 365 360 362

Simplex (109) 110 108 107 108

Swadeshi (264) 265 261 262 257 259

Associated Cement (121-4) 121-8 120-8 120-4

Andhra (1562-8) 1560 1550

Tram Ord (130) 128-8

Tata Hydro (160) 160-8

Tata Power (1367-8) 1365 1367 1360 1357-8

Tata Steel Defd (2112-8) 2135 2100 2125 2085 2090 2080 2092 2080 2082

Tata Steel Ord (396-8) 399 394 399 391 393 390 391

Tata Steel 2nd Pref (143-8) 143-8 144-8 144-4

Bellapur (221-8) 224 220 222 219-8 220 219-8

Bombay Steam (290) 299

Bombay Burma (628-12) 632 623 628 618 622 620 618

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay: March 5.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)	Rs.	as.	ps.
Pepper ready Allepey per candy	90	0	0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15th per candy	93	0	0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15th per candy	97	0	0
Pepper ready Lampong in C.I.F. per candy	not quoted		
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt	16	0	0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	18	0	0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15th per cwt	15	4	0
Ginger Vaishakh Sud 15th per cwt	17	4	0

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, March 5

Castorseeds May—			
Opening	Rs.	51	8 0
Highest		51	12 0
Lowest		50	6 0
Closing		50	6 0
Groundnuts May—			
Opening		39	0 0
Highest		40	1 6
Lowest		39	9 0
Closing		39	8 6
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening		26	8 6
Highest		26	10 3
Lowest		26	7 3
Closing		26	7 6

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: March 5.

Fine White Java Sugar (per cwt)—
Ready (small grain) Rs. 18/2
Ready (large grain) Rs. 18/4
Shipment January Rs. 8/6 F.B.H.
Shipment February Rs. 8/7 F.B.H.
Shipment March Rs 8/5 F.B.H.
Shipment September Rs. 8/10 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 17/10 to 17/14
Ready (large grain) Rs. 18 to 18/8
Tone:—Quiet.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: March 5.

Yarn No.	April	June	August
6 1/2s.	138	140	143
10 1/2s.	160	164	167
20 1/2s.	216	220	223
40s.	268	270	275

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 5

100	Ahmedabad Advance	310	0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	92	0
100	CENTURY	297	0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	290	0
100	COLABA		
100	Coorla	120	0
250	David	40	0
250	Dawn	390	0
1	E D Sassoon Def.	0 7	6
100	FINLAY	152	0
100	GOKAK	189	0
1000	Hindustan	1888	0
100	Indore	39	4
100	Khatau	115	10
100	KOHINOOR	375	0
250	Laxmi	505	0
250	Madras United	25	0
100	MORARJI	187	0
250	Model	7	0
60	MYSORE	105	0
200	NEW GREAT	362	0
100	Osmanshahi	55	0
100	Phoenix	270	0
25	SASSOON SILK	78	9
1000	Sholapur	3690	0
50	SIMPLEX	108	0
100	SWADESHI	259	0
100	SWAN		
500	Visnnu	1300	0
1000	Western	900	0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	101	8
25-50	Central	36	4
500	Imperial	1510	0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	366

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON NINE POINTS UP

Sterling Weakens In Terms Of Dollar

SILVER AND GOLD ADVANCE IN LOCAL MARKETS

Indian Sterling Loan Looks Up

BOMBAY, March 5

The New York cotton was moderately active on better overseas cables but the lack of stimulating news at home checked the aggressiveness. The general demand remained slow.

With the better New York and Liverpool cables Broach somewhat advanced during the night session.

The decline in cross rate gave some impetus to local markets. Gold prices rose briskly and in sympathy some activity developed in silver market.

The London Stock Exchange was dull Indian Sterling Loan moved up by ten shillings.

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1940

New York, March 5

Previous closing	10.75
To-day's opening	10.78
Difference	+03
To-day's closing	10.84
Difference	+09

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 271-8
Broach July/August	Rs. 230-12

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1940

Liverpool, March 5

Previous closing	7.86
To-day's opening	7.90
Difference	+04
To-day's closing	7.93
Difference	+07

N. Y COTTON MARKET

New York, March 5

The trading in May began at 10.78 i.e. three points higher than the last closing.

Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and trade and local buying but thereafter the demand slowed down although the undertone remained steady with May quoting around 10.79.

BOMBAY COTTON

Night Session.

Bombay, March 5

To-night Broach A/M opened at Rs. 265 advanced to Rs. 270-12 and then declined to Rs. 268-4. The market again recovered and closed at Rs. 270-8 The closing for J/A was Rs. 279-12.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 5

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—

March (10.02/88) 11.09/00
May (10.62/68) 10.78/77
July (10.34/35) 10.42/42

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, March 5

American March (7.7?) 7.82
American May (7.8?) 7.92
Giza March (10.17) 10.23
Giza May (10.22) 10.23

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, March 5

SEEDS

Castorseeds March-April (£20 5/8 quoted) £20 3/4 quoted

Linseed Bombay-Calcutta March/April (£18 quoted) £18 quoted

Linseed La Plata March April (£15 9/16 quoted) £15 9/16 quoted

Groundnuts Coromandal March April (£14 7/8 quoted) £15 1/8 quoted

JUTES

Dundee February (£55/ £5b

Lighting February (£53) £52

RUBBER

Spot (12 1/2d paid and value) 12 5/16d. paid and value

Forward May (11 15/16d paid and value) 11 15/16d paid and value

METALS

Tin (£251 3/4 buyers £252 sellers. Easier) £254 1/4 buyers £254 1/2 sellers. Firm.

Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62

Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25

Glasgow Iron No. 6 (111 sh.) 111 sh.

LONDON RUBBER

London : March 4.

Smoked sheets standard ribber per lb. 12-9/16 sellers.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, March 5

Previous closing	3.91 3/8
To-day's opening	3.89 3/8

T. T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, March 5

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T LONDON ON PARIS

London, March 5

Previous closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening	175 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, March 5

The following cable regarding London Silver Market was received here to-day :—

Speculative sold. India bought. Moderate business.

LONDON SILVER

London, March 5

Spot (21 1/4d) 20 15/16d—5/15

Forward (21 1/8d) 20 15/16d—5/16

LONDON GOLD

London, March 5

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8 8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 5

London exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

Franc was officially fixed at 175.50 to 176.75

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (.6/ 16

Paris on Bombay (13.24 5/8) 13.24 5/8

New York on Bombay (30.22) 30.25

London on Milan (77.50) 77.00

London on Shanghai (0.4 to 0.4 3/8) 0.4 to 0.4 3/8

London on Kobe (1-2 5/16 to 1-2 13/32) 1-2 3/8 to 1-2 15/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent

4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent

6 months (1 1/6 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

WHEAT AND SEEDS

Latest Night Quotations

Bombay, March 5

Wheat May	4 5 0
Wheat September	4 7 0
Linseed May	7 0 9
Linseed September	7 6 9
Groundnuts May	39 15 0
Castorseeds May	51 0 0
Cottonseeds May	26 0 0

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Night Quotations.

Bombay March 5

Silver Ready	59 5 0
Silver Maha	59 9 0
Silver Fagan	59 12 0
Gold Ready	43 1 0
Gold Maha	43 4 0
Gold Fagan	43 5 0
Sovereigns	27 12 0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, March 5

The following are the opening quotations :—

General Motors (dol 53) dol 52 7/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (unquoted) dol 29 3/8

U S Steel Common (dol 57 3/8) dol 58 1/2

U S Steel Pref (dol 117) dol 117

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS

50 bales raw cotton H Nensey and Co; 5436 bags gr nut kernel The Oil Seeds Trading Co Ltd; 6137 bags castorseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 2012 bags gr nut oil cake Ralli Bros Ltd; 3028 d/bags linseed I Dreyfus and Co; 150 bales cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 183 bales raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 43 bales raw cotton A Khimji and Co; 800 bales raw cotton Kotak and Co; 200 bales raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 500 bales raw cotton Remnarain Sons Ltd; 250 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 778 ctn peegoods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 2604 bags castorseed L Dreyfus and Co; 900 bags black pepper The Straits Calcutta Commercial Co; 23 bags mehandi powder Thos Cook and Son Ltd; 963 bags myrabollams J Hajmukhlal and Co; 10 cases ctn grey yarn James Finlay and Co Ltd Bombay; 15 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros Ltd; 308 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co; 23 bales ctn twist waste Berot Bros and Co; 330 bales raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 250 bales raw cotton N Rajaram and Co.

IMPORTS

697 bags copra, 536 cases paints; 61 cases empty tin cans; 403 cases porcelainware; 1683 cases cotton yarn; 1759 cases cotton peegoods; 389 cases glassware; 3932 cases rayon yarn; 5104 pkgs tiles; 1742 bales staple fibre yarn; 25 bales wln peegoods; 30 cases phosphorus; 47 bales old newspapers; 175 cases bobbins; 141 cases cotton goods; 47 cases cell sheets; 45 bales fancy yarn; 50 cases cnd sardines; 250 cases beer; 119 cases enamelledware; 50 cases methol crystals; 374 cases rayon pegoods; 50 cases refined camphor; 28 cases woollen goods; 4895 bales cotton; 169 cases ctn and art silk mixed pegoods; 38 cases elect goods; 54 cases ctn and rayon mixed pcegoods; 33 cases felt hat bodies; 60 cases washing soap; 52 pkgs o k s powder; 156 bales woolen yarn; 525 cases art silk yarn; 107 cases rpg and weaving machy and accessories; 60 cases iron pins; 148 cases art silk pcegoods; 429 pkgs empty glass bottles; 113 bales empty gunnies; 50 cases umbrella ribs; 60 bales mattings; 67 kts plychestwood; 50 cts galvd steel sheets; 100 cts galvd plain iron sheets, 1257 bales strawboards; 135 cases elect bulbs; 109 cases prtd ctn jeans; 71 cases c i pipes; 1073 cases window glass; 59 cases sheet glass; 163 cases toilet soap; 36 cases dental cream; 35 cases toilet preparations; 464 pkgs tyre fabrick; 258 bundles corrugated paper boxes; 360 ise wheels; 31 bales ctn fents; 60 cases quaker oats; 230 cases medicines; 1879 pkgs chemicals; 45 cases nails; 93 bundles auto springs; 82 cases radio sets; 109 cases files; 154 pkgs motor cars and truck chassis; 30 cases cigarettes; 115 cases safety shot gun shells, 132 rolls manila paper; 845 ise tyres and tubes; 645 cases flit and flit sprayers; 5893 boxes tin plates; 60 bundles roofing shingles; 40 rolls roofing paper; 91 cases auto parts; 40 kegs aniline salts; 32 cases tomato ketchup; 32 cts icecream freezers; 31 ctns flash light case; 30 cases bromo paper.

Thundershowers In Bengal And Assam

POONA, March 5

There have been fairly widespread thundershowers in south Bengal and local thundershowers in Orissa and Assam. Scattered thunderstorms are also reported from Rajputana.

The chief amounts of rainfall are Cuttack one and half inches; Barisal one inch; Chittagong and Sandheads three quarters; Cherrapunji half and Calcutta one quarter —A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observation during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 5-3-1940.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.007 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m 75.6 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m 67.6 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 84.6 degrees 0.5 above normal

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 72.1 degrees 2.8 above normal

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 61 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m NNE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 173 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 3

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 5-3-40

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8.46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 78.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.09 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.89 inches.

For correction of ship's instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

3½ P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, March 5

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £94

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London, March 5

3 per cent Indian Stock (£97 3/4) £97 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£93 1/2) £94

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£111 3/4) £112

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£113 1/2) £114

4 per cent Indian Stock 1948/53 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4

5 per cent Indian Stock 1942/47 (£107) £107

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1954/58 (£102 3/4) £103

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 (£107) £107

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£73 5/8) £73 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 3/4) £98 7/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£101 5/8) £101 3/4

4 per cent Funding Loan (£112 7/8) £113 1/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 1/4) £99 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£110) £110 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (12-0) 12-0

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (53-7 1/2) 53-7 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 3) dol 3-0

Electric Music Industry (8-10 1/2) 8-10 1/2

Princhin Johnson (23-3) 22-4 1/2

Imperial Chemicals (32-6) 32-6

Woolsworth New Ordinary (64-7 1/2) 64-7 1/2

San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1937 (£38 1/2) £40

Dunlop Rubber (33-9) 33-9

Unilever Ordinary (32-7 1/2) 32-7 1/2

Ford Motors (17-0) 17-0

Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£53) £61 3/4

British American Tobacco Ordinary (104-4 1/2) 104-4 1/2

Carreas 'A' (£6) £6

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (125-0) 125-0

P and O Def (23-6) 23-6

Distillers (67-0) 67-0 W

Bredfords Dye (6-10 1/2) 6-4 1/2

British Celanese (8-3) 8-3

J and P Coates Ordinary (37-1 1/2) 37-1 1/2

Courtaulds Ordinary (37-6) 36-10 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (6-3) 6-0

Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-9) 20-6

Inter Nickel (dol 46 3/4) dol 47

Indian Iron (57-6) 56-3

TEA SHARES

Assam (18-9) 18-9

Donaro Tea (32-6) 32-0

Empire of India (25-0) 25-0

JUTES

Barnagore (£9 1/4) 9 1/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-6) 25-6

Gula Kelampong (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (34-0) 34-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (31-3) 30-7 1/2

Burma Corporation (10-0) 10-0

Rio Tintos (£15 1/4) £14 3/4

East Rand Properties (46-10 1/2) 46-3

Rand Mines (£7 1/8) £7 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£13 7/8) £13 7/8

Associated Portland Cement (56 10 1/2) 56-3

Trinidad Leasehold (77-6) 77-6

Sub Nigel (£9 3/8) £9 3/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (26-10 1/2) 26-10 1/2

Union Corporation (£7) £7

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (25-0) 25-0

Anglo Indian (56-3) 55-0

Burma Oil (71-10 1/2) 71-3

Mexican Eagle (6-10 1/2) 6-10 1/2

Shell Transport (81-3) 80-0

Royal Dutch (£33 1/2) £33 1/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£45 1/4) £45

London Midland Ordinary (£19 3/8) £19 1/8

London North Eastern Def (£2 3/4) £2 3/4

London Southern Def (£19 5/8) £18 7/8

London Transport 5 per cent (£119 1/2) £119 1/2

London Transport 'C' £45 1/2) £46

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES, LTD.

Total Units Generated

Messrs Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows :—

9th Week (ended March 4th)—

1938	14,130,400
1939	13,650,000
1940	17,897,400*

Total for 9 Weeks (1st January to date)—

1938	128,114,400
1939	125,403,700
1940	136,447,100

*(8 days, being Leap Year)

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 5th March 1940. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,16,50,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-8-9 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-8-6 allotted approximately 41 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1 13 10 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 12th March 1940. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 15th March 1940. Other conditions are as usual

During the week ended 1st March 1940, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 3,12,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India

Three months' intermediates will be sold from 6th March 1940 to 11th March 1940 at Rs. 99-8-9 subject to the conditions previously announced (viz. sales can be topped at any time without previous notice if Government think it necessary)

Three months' intermediates sold from 28th February 1940 to 4th March 1940 amounted to Rs. 95,25,000

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London : March 4.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£ 68 1/2
INDIAN STOCK :+	
3 per cent 1948	£ 80 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£ 93 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£ 73 5/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£ 98 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£ 99 1/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£112 7/8
Victory bonds	£110 1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£ 9 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, London Reg.	£ 93
National Bank of India	£ 30 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES

London : March 4

T T London on :—

New York 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2; Paris 176 1/2 to 176 3/4, Madrid 39.25; Montreal 4.43/4.47; Amsterdam 7.55/7.58; Brussels 23.70/23.85; Milan 77.50; Berne 17.85/17.95; Copenhagen 20.37; Stockholm 16.85/16.95; Oslo 17.65/17.75.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Profit Taking In Jutes And Steels

CALCUTTA, March 5

Jutes : In sympathy with better jute and hessian markets this section displayed better sentiment to-day and speculative issues opened firm and a fair business was put through but closed slightly easier again on profit-taking.

Coals : The undertone remained steady but business was somewhat restricted. Teas dull. Miscellaneous : Speculative issues opened firmer than yesterday's closing figures and a fair line of business took place on fresh buying support. The market however was easier again on account of profit-taking. Paper shares also marked up but closed quiet.

The following are closing rates :—

Government securities : 3 per cent Paper 79/12 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 93/7; 2 and 3/4 per cent loan 1948/52 97/8; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 107/12; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 112 small lot.

Banks : Imperial fully paid 1500 conty 758; Reserve 10x/8.

Cotton : New Victoria ord 1/9 pref 4/4.

Coals : Bengal 367; Burrakur 14/8; Dhemo Main 16/8; Equitable 36/8; Govindpore 3/4 small odd lot; Ghusick and Muslia 4/1; Hurriadih 13/11; Mundulpoor 10/5; Nazira 9/6, South Karanpura 5/6

Jutes : Agarpara 28/8; Anglo India 367; Adamjee 24/9; Belvedere 414; Bally 252/8; Champdany 176; Cheviot 225; Ganges 343; Gourepore 713; Hooghly 61; Howrah 95/4; India 366; Kamarhatty 518; Kankinarrah 427; Lansdowne pref 122; National 24/8; Nuddea 64/4; Naskarpara 16/8; ct; Naihati 364, New Central pref 150; Orient 210; Fud Pte sidency 5/14; Standard 332; Waverley 2/3; Pref 34.

Miscellaneous : Burma Corpn 6/12 ex div; Consolidated Tin 4/10; Indian Copper 2/7; Rhodesia Copper 1/6; Bengal Tele ord 17/2; Pref 13/4; Jubbulpore Elec 13/4; Bura ord 361 ct; Indian Iron and Steel 37/4; Marshalls 2/6; Steel Corpn ord 21/1; pref 103 ct; B I Corpn ord 4/11; Calcutta Ice 5/12; Dunlop Rubber ord 27/12; Indian Wood Products 26/4 ct; Bengal Paper 120 ct; Orient Paper 8; Titaghur A and B ord 32/1; Hukumchand Steel defd 2/1; Midnapore Zemindary pref 121; Assam Saws 3/2; Carew and Co ord 10/9; Purtabpore pref 15/4; Raza 16/6.

Teas : Husimara 43/8 small lot; Hatikhira 20/12.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, March 5

The investment support was in evidence in most sections of the market and as a result of which prices have been marked up in some issues. Buckinghams were firmer at 220 cd. and good buying was also in evidence in sugar shares. Among miscellaneous shares Paper and Cements kept steady. Bank shares were firm.

Transactions reported :—

Bank of Hindustan 21/2 and 21/4; Indian Bank 25/4 cd; Buckinghams 220 cd; Rajalakshmi 51 xd; Mysore Spun 7/2 small lot; Be Be 2/14; Kalasa 4/14; Chembras 2/15/6, 3 and 3/1; Malankaras 36; small lot; Travancore Sugars 13/12, 16/14 (10 paid); Mysore Chemicals 11/4; Hubli Electrics 43.

INDIAN EXPORTS INCREASE

NEW DELHI, March 4

The great increase in India's exports of many of her chief products is shown by comparative figures for January 1940 and January 1939.

Compared with January 1939 the value of exports during January 1940 of jute gunny bags rose by Rs. 2,77 lakhs, of Jute gunny cloth by Rs. 1,86 lakhs, of black tea by Rs. 1,32 lakhs, of tanned hides by Rs. 58 lakhs, of raw wool by Rs. 16 lakhs and of manganese ore by Rs. 12 lakhs.

Although the value of raw jute exports during January 1940 increased by Rs. 1,86 lakhs compared with January 1939, the quantity actually showed a decline of 1.61 tons. Similarly exports of raw cotton, although increasing in value by Rs. 90 lakhs, declined in quantity by 5,325 tons.

The value of exports of groundnuts during January 1940 decreased in comparison with January 1939 by Rs. 43 lakhs, while oil cakes and linseed exports also showed decreased values of Rs. 22 lakhs and Rs. 18 lakhs respectively.

Taken under broad heads, exports of food, drink and tobacco during January 1940 rose, compared with January 1939 by Rs. 1,42 lakhs to Rs. 3,83 lakhs. Exports of raw materials and produce increased by Rs 2,98 lakhs to Rs. 9,67 lakhs, and articles wholly or mainly manufactured improved by Rs. 5,01 lakhs to Rs. 9,57 lakhs.

Kohinoor Declare Rs. 10 Per Share Dividend

The forty-fifth ordinary general meeting of the share-holders of the Kohinoor Mills Co. Ltd., was held on Tuesday evening at the registered office of the company, Bombay, when Mr. R. C. Lowndes presided.

YEAR PROFIT

The accounts show that after providing for special and general depreciations as well as income-tax amounting to Rs. 184,094-8-0, the year's working has resulted in a net profit of Rs. 4,36,854-9-0, which, together with a sum of Rs. 10,985-12-5, being the amount brought forward from last year, makes a total of Rs. 4,47,840-5-5, which was disposed of towards dividend, a sum of Rs. 2,50,000 for the year ended 31-12-39, at the rate of Rs. 10 per share; Rs. 1,50,000 was taken towards Bonus for the year, at the rate of Rs. 6 per share per annum; Rs. 18,188 was set aside towards Employees' Provident Fund; a balance of Rs. 29,652-5-5 was carried forward.

Turning to the Balance sheet analysis shows that the surplus of liquid assets over current liabilities as at 31st December, 1939, was Rs. 8,28,000. Reserve Fund stands at 18 lakhs as a result of the addition of 2 lakhs last year.

The demand made by Labour for a dear food allowance on account of the war was referred to a Board of Conciliation. The millowners have accepted the majority report and as far as he is aware, said the chairman, all Mills in Bombay will offer the workers 10 per cent. increase plus the benefit accruing from cost price grain shops.

The report of the Directors together with the audited statement of accounts up to 31st December, 1939, were approved, adopted and confirmed.

City Mills Strike Gathers Force

Congress Move To Bring About Settlement

Labour Union Officials Arrested: Women Pickets Vigilant

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

With two more mills in the city, including the David Sassoon Mill at Ghorapdeo, closing down, the second day of the textile general strike found the workers stronger and more enthusiastic than the day before.

INDUSTRY PARALYSED

Except for the Colaba Land Mills, whose operatives number less than 2,000, and for three more mills which worked with a skeleton staff of less than 200 workers, the textile industry in Bombay was completely paralysed on Tuesday.

A tour round the mill area showed the workers moving about serious but calm.

Before every mill gate was to be seen a police officer and a small contingent of constables with lathis. Before some only were to be found a little knot of women workers, squatting and watching for prospective black-legs.

Mills like the Standard Mills and the Indian Bleaching and Dyeing Mills at Prabhadevi were not picketed.

Workers of the Girni Kamgar Union undistinguished by any uniform or any symbol save that of a little paper badge with the hammer and sickle, stuck somewhere on their torn dresses were going about from mill to mill watching the situation and reporting to headquarters.

EFFECTIVE STRIKE

For purposes of measuring the effectiveness of the strike the city can be divided into two belts. The northern belt comprising Parel, Prabhadevi and DeLisle Road gave the best account of themselves. It was in the southern belt, in the Kalachowki, Ghorupdeo and Madanpura areas that a few mills have managed to keep open at all.

The Turkey Red mills of the Sassoon group which witnessed scenes of mass picketing and arrest on Monday wore a quiet appearance on Tuesday

CLERKS SHEPHERDED BY POLICE

Promptly at the hour of 6 a.m. a shrill whistle blew to call workers to their post; but the whistle was lost in the air and not one worker was seen going in. A few clerks were however were seeing going in.

WOMEN WORKERS' VIGILANCE

A large group of women squatted along the entrance to the Textile Mills of the Wadia group. It appears that a rumour reached the workers that attempts were being made to take some men in during the night. Strikers' headquarters, therefore, promptly delegated a large contingent of women to keep watch. They were seen sitting unmoved before the mill gates taking their breakfast of "single chay" supplied by volunteers.

Seven cheap grain shops in the mill compound were closed down.

G. K. U. ECRETARY ARRESTED

Mr. R. K. Bhogle, one of the Secretaries of the Girni Kamgar Union (Lalbavta) was arrested this morning at DeLisle Road where, it is stated, he had been in connection with the picketing organised by the Union.

It is stated he had contravened the recent order of the Police Commissioner in connection with the General Strike.

In the Modern Mills also half a dozen women pickets were stationed. The police, it is stated arrested one of them. All the other women also wanted to be arrested; but when their comrade was borne away in the police van, they settled down at the mill gates determined to see the thing through.

The Elphinstone Mills was quiet. One of the women pickets posted at the gates invited the "Chronicle" reporter to walk straight into the mill, to find out if there were any workers inside.

The Gold Mohar and Kohinoor Mills in Naigaum, which were partially working yesterday were closed today.

In the southern belt the Madhavji Dharamsi mills which was working with a "fair" complement of workers on Monday continued to work on Tuesday also.

Five pickets and Mr. V. R. Khandalgaonkar, Vice-President of the Girni Kamgar Union, were arrested by the police while picketing the mill gates.

Mr R. K. Bhogale, a Secretary of the Union was taken into police custody for alleged disorderly behaviour while he was trying to post pickets at the gates of the Appollo Mills, DeLisle Road.

In the Kalachowkie area the Alexandra Mills and the Rachael Sassoon Mills were working with a lesser complement of workers than on Monday. So also the New City, the Sassoon and the Manchester Mills in the Ghorupdeo area; and the Hindusthan, the Khatau Makanji, Meyer Sassoon and the Indian Manufacturing Mills in the Madanpura area.

Two women were arrested at the Myer Sassoon Mills for picketing.

WORKERS ASKED TO DISPERSE

The strikers attempted to hold a meeting in a private place at Madanpura. It is stated that they were asked to disperse by the police and one worker was taken into custody. A public meeting was subsequently held at the Madanpura Kalapani Maidan when Messrs. Mohamed Shahid, Jalauddin Bokhari and Phadke addressed them. Meetings were also held in the morning at the Ganesh Maidan, Lalbaug and at the Kamgar Maidan Some 200 women workers from the David Sassoon Mills went in a procession and held a meeting at the Kamgar Maidan at noon.

WEAVERS JOIN

Muslim weavers in the Hindusthan, Indian Manufacturing and Khatau Makanji Mills joined in the strike on Tuesday. It appears that batches of strikers from the Parel area went from chawl to chawl and canvassed their support last night.

AT KURLA

The New Mill at Kurla which was partially working on Monday had to be practically closed down on Tuesday, except for the weaving department.

It is stated that the police are not allowing the posting of any pickets along Fergusson Road and DeLisle Road. Two pickets who were posted at the Srinivas Mills, Tulsi Pipe Road, in the morning were subsequently withdrawn.

DANGE'S LETTER TO COMMMISSIONER

Mr. S. A. Dange, General Secretary of the Girni Kamgar Union, has addressed a letter to the Commissioner of Police in this connection. In the course of his letter he says: "I have to bring to your notice the fact that your officers are preventing our pickets from standing at the mill gates. You are aware that picketing by two pickets at each mill gate has been allowed in all the previous general strikes and that it has been recognised as a valuable right of striking workers, the more so to-day, when under the new legislation, namely the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act, this strike is perfectly legitimate. I hope therefore that you will issue instructions to your officers not to hamper our pickets.

"I have also to draw your attention to the fact that your new district officers, not knowing Bombay practice, are proving very rude and provocative. Not that all the Bombay officers are exceptions, but in the case of the new men the situation becomes at once serious."

IN SILK MILLS

Workers in four silk mills in the city, namely, the Ambika, Vinod, Sakti and Bepin Mills went on a sympathetic strike today. So also some of the workers in the Bombay Soap Factory at Madanpura.

The Girni Kamgar Union has received information that the workers of the Pratap Mills, Amalner, went on strike, in sympathy with their Bombay comrades on Monday Following this the management are stated to have declared a lock-out because according to them the strike of the workers is illegal in so far as Conciliation proceedings in respect of that mill are now going on.

After lunch-time, the mill area was almost deserted. Police officers and constables had easy time.

One more important mill, namely, the David Sassoon Mill at Ghorapdeo was affected and was closed in the afternoon. In the morning special efforts were understood to have been made to work the mill.

The Madhavji Dharamsey Mill at Tardeo where more than a thousand workers attended the mill on Monday, worked with depleted strength on Tuesday. But at night, the mill was completely closed.

Although the Khatau Makanji Mill was closed for the day, attempts were made to bring workers for the night-shift.

Mammoth Rally Of Workers

A mammoth rally of a lakh of workers was held in the evening at Jamburi Maidan, Worli. Mr. Shahid, in the course of his address said that vigorous efforts by the management of certain mills during the day to reopen their mills had proved futile. He criticised the actions of the police in arresting the two office-bearers of the G. K. Union and the women pickets.

PLEA FOR SYMPATHETIC STRIKE.

Mr. N. V. Phadke appealed to workers in other industries to go on a sympathetic strike on the day fixed by the Labour Union.

Mr. B. T. Randive congratulated the workers on their unity and urged them not to yield to the employers until their demands had been conceded.

Mr. Mallikarjun Rao said that within 24 hours of the declaration of strike, Bombay Labour had proved its mettle.

KOHINCOR WORKERS' EXPERIENCE.

Fifty workers of the Kohinoor Mills (from the Dyeing and Bleaching Departments) who were practically imprisoned in the Mill compound from the 3rd of March cleared out to-day and joined the strikers Questioned by our reporter some of them said," We were given food and provisions and cajoled to stay and continue work. But we refused to act as black sheep either for love or money and cleared out."

HOTEL WORKERS' RESOLVE.

A meeting of the hotel-workers of the Fort area was held to-day and it was resolved that they should join the general strike on Sunday to express their sympathy for the mill-workers.

Nine More Workers Produced Before Court

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Nine mill workers who were arrested at Bholwada and De Lisle Road were charged under different sections under three groups, viz., the first four men were charged for stone throwing, four others for violating the order of the Commissioner of Police and the last one for assaulting a coworker who intended to resume work. All the suspects were offered bail by Mr. K. C. Thakore Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court to-day.

ANOTHER BATCH OF WOMEN IN COURT.

While picketing at the gates of Turkey Red Dyeing Works belonging to Messrs. E. D. Sasoons at Cadell Road, Sakkubai Vishnu and seven others were arrested yesterday and produced before Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court. All the accused were offered bail.

BATCH OF WOMAN STRIKERS OFFERED BAIL.

On a charge of violating the Police Commissioner's Order nine women workers led by Ganga Bai Rama were placed under arrest near Rachael Mill and were produced before Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court. All the accused were offered bail.

BHOGLE RELEASED ON BAIL

Mr. Bhogle one of the labour leaders was said to have abused the police when he was asked to disperse at DeLisle Road was arrested and was placed before the Honorary Presidency Magistrate, Dadar court today. He was released on bail.

Kurla Mill Strike

(From Our Correspondent.)

The strike has spread to Kurla. The Swadeshi Mill labourers have joined their fellow-workers in the demands of dearness allowance and gone on strike. About 4,000 workers are affected. The Kurla Girni Kamgar Sangh, the Labour Association organized by the Suburban District Congress Committee, is trying to secure some odd jobs for the workers during the period of strike.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI, March 5

To-day's closing quotations :—

Sind Cotton	March	25	3 0
	May	25	4 0
Punjab	March	20	15 0
	May	21	1 6
FFFF	March	26	13 0
	May	29	14 3
Tone :—Weak			
Wheat	March	29	11 9
	July	31	0 6
Gram	July	30	5 3
Toria	March	41	11 6
	May	42	14 9
	July	43	12 0
Cottonseed	March	22	13 6
	May	23	4
	July	23	10 6

with his company of American and Eastern Artists

in the £10,000 musical, magical revue

"A TRIP TO HADES"

and

"The Legend of Princess San li Tay

with

JOANNA and BETH CLAIRE

and the

"Hollywood Honeys"

plus

GHOSTS! and SPOOKS!

Strictly Limited Season!

EXCELSIOR

Gala Opening

This FRIDAY at 10 p.m.

Thence twice daily 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Book Now at the Theatre

Prices:—Rs. 7/, Rs. 5/12, Rs. 4/8, Rs. 3/6, Rs. 2/4; Gallery Rs. 1/2. Box Rs. 10/- per seat.

TOGETHER AGAIN!

—in the biggest funshow of their careers!

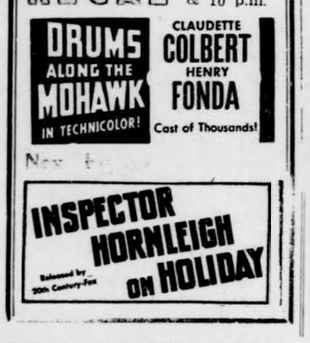
All about love and life in the French Foreign Legion.

NEW EMPIRE

4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

LAST 2 DAYS!

REGAL At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.



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INSPECTOR HORNLEIGH ON HOLIDAY

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METRO

DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

LAST DAY!

TO-MORROW!

Mr. and Mrs. Thin Man have a B-A-B-Y now . . . it's their newest adventure . . . *and their merriest!* ALL NEW!

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!

CAPITOL To-day at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

ACCLAIMED BY PRESS & PUBLIC alike!

Harindranath Chatopadhyaya's New Songs New Dances

Ranga Mela Revue

Featuring: SUNITA DEVI, SUNALINI DEVI, MOHANLAL

PRICES: Rs. 3-6, 2-4, 1-2 & As. 9

Free List Suspended.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 13, 1996
Muslim: Moharram 26, 1359
Parsi: Meher 3, 1309
Hightide: 10-39; 23-20
Lowtide: 5-00; 16-39
Sunrise: 6h. 56m.
Sunset: 6h. 46m.
Municipal Corporation, 4-10 p.m.
Entertainment in aid of Junior Red Cross Society, Lady Lumley attending, St. Xavier's College Hall, 5 p.m.
Municipal Schools Committee, 5-10 p.m.
Provincial Hockey Championships, Gymkhana Ground, 5-15 p.m.

THURSDAY March 7

Mahashivratri: Public holiday.
Banks closed.
Bombay Races: Spring Meeting.

Domestic Occurrence

UTHAMNA CEREMONY

Bai Manibai, wife of Harilal Govindji Mehta breathed her last at 9 p.m. on Monday, 4-3-40. Uthamna ceremony at 151, Bazargate, Fort, on Wednesday, 6-3-40 at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.).

IN MEMORIAM

Calcuttawalla Abdooia Joosab, died 4th March, 1939. First Anniversary.

"You rising Moon that look for us again—
How oft hereafter will she wax and wane;
How oft hereafter rising look for us
Through this same Garden—and for one in vain."

STANDING COMMITTEE MEETING

The meeting of the Standing Committee will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 2 p.m. (B.T.).

ELPHINSTONIAN SOCIETY

The annual general meeting of the Elphinstonian Society will be held on Saturday, the 9th instant at the Elphinstone College at 5 p.m.

PARSI ARTS AND CRAFTS EXHIBITION

The Parsi Arts and Crafts Exhibition at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall will be open today and to-morrow. There will be music on both days in the evening.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

There will be a special general body meeting of the Bombay National Guards on Saturday, the 9th instant at 6.30 a.m. at the Marine Lines Maidan.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

A public meeting for questions and answers will be held to-day (Wednesday) at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain at 6-15 p.m.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 4 will meet near the Junction of Chinch Bunder Road and Sandhurst Road (near Petrol Station) on Saturday, the 9th instant at 6.51 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the ward.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Ranga Mela Revue" To-day at 6-30 only.
REGAL—"Drums Along The Mohawk" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Dancing Co-Ed" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Over The Moon" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Flying Deuces" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Ek-he-Bhool" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Apni Nagaria" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"The Will" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pukar" Daily at 3-45, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Jawani ki Reet" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Takdir ki Tope" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE "Achhut" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gorakhnath" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Tarzan Finds A Son" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Raigadh" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"My Beloved" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Spider's Web" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

AYURVEDIYA DHARMARTH DAVAKHANA MANDAL

The opening ceremony of the Hariram Bhimjee Karia Ayurvedic Charitable Dispensary will be performed under the auspices of the above Mandal by Sjt. Mathuradas Trikamji the leader of the Bombay Corporation Congress Party on 7th instant at 6 p.m. at Cutchhi Lohana Mahajan Wadi, Dariyasthan Lane, Mandvi, Bombay 3.

K. E. M. HOSPITAL AND G. S. M. COLLEGE EMPLOYEES' UNION

An urgent special meeting of the Employees of the K. E. M. Hospital and G. S. M. College will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m on the terrace of the Union office to consider about the question of dearness allowance sanctioned by the Corporation and other matters.

G. I. P. RAILWAY WORKERS' RALLY

To protest against rejection of the demand of the Railway Workers for War Allowance and meagre extension of Provident Fund Privilege to lower grade employees, a rally of G. I. P. Railway Workers will be held to-day (Wednesday) at Kamgar Maidan, Parel at 5-30 p.m.

Mr. S. H. Jhabwala, M.L.A. President of the G. I. P. Railwaymen's Union will preside.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

Lt.-Colonel C. G. Prior, Mr. and Mrs. M. G. R. Aitken, Mr and Mrs. W. L. Clement, Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Gove, Mr. S. D. Saklatvala, Mr. and Mrs R. G. Saraiya and Mr. F. G. Travers lunched at Government House.

Lady Lumley presided at the annual general meeting of the Bombay Women's Work Guild at the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley gave a dance at Government House.

'G' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

At the meeting of the Council of Management of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee held on Sunday last, it was decided to hold the annual general election of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee on Sunday, the 7th April 1940 and the nomination papers of the members desiring to contest the election are invited upto 7 p.m. on Saturday the 23rd March 1940.

Nomination papers are available in the Committee's Office, Haji Abdulla Building, opposite Dadar B. B. and C. I. Railway Station.

Draft Rules Under Motor Vehicles Act

The Bombay Government has published draft rules under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939, in Part IV-A of the Bombay Government Gazette of March 2.

Those who are interested in the rules must submit their suggestions or objections, if any, to the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Secretariat, Bombay, on or before March 18.

Mahars' Meeting At Chembur

A meeting of the Depressed Classes at Chembur Katchrapatti was held on Saturday night under the presidency of Mr. M. V. Donde when resolutions were passed supporting the resolutions passed at the Haregaon Conference demanding commutation of Mahar watans and adequate cash payment for village duties discharged by the Mahars. Among the speakers were Messrs. G. N. Sahasrabuddhe, G. M. Jadhav and D. V. Pradhan.

A resolution was also passed expressing dissatisfaction with the dearness allowance sanctioned by the municipality and supporting the demand made by the Municipal Kamgar Sangh.

Success In Hindi

The Hind Mahila Samaj of Bombay, had been conducting Hindi classes exclusively for Ladies, at their Karel Wady, Charni Road, Thakurdwar Centre, and an examination in Hindi was recently held. Miss Kusum Mankar, a past Student of the Chandra Ramji Girls' High School has come out successful in the first class, standing first in Honours with 80 per cent marks, and she has now been appointed a Lady Teacher in the centre.

Miss Kusum Mankar is willing to co-operate and assist the Congress Committees in the city in their task of opening such centres, she herself is willing to impart free tuition to those ladies, who cannot afford to pay for the classes, at her residence viz., "Bhaskar Bhuvan," No. 18, Khota's Cart, Girgaum, Bombay No. 4.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE MERCHANTS' MEETING

A meeting of Fruit and Vegetable Merchants was held on Friday last in the Gold Mohar Castle Market, Byculla, when Mr. G. Minde Patel presided. Resolution congratulating Mr. D. B. Pradhan, a Municipal Corporator, for placing the grievances of the Gold Mohar Castle Market, before the Corporation and requesting the Bombay Municipality to redress their grievances, at an early date were unanimously passed.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS' HANDICRAFTS.

The opening ceremony of the annual exhibition of handicrafts and sewing articles of the Bombay Municipal Schools was held under the presidentship of Professor V. G. Rao, ex-chairman of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee.

Mr. Gole, the Chairman of the Schools Committee after referring to the importance of handicrafts in the system of education spoke about the keen interest Prof. Rao has been taking in the cause of education in the City of Bombay.

REPRESSION IN TRAVANCORE

Protest Meeting At Matunga

Resolutions condemning the repression and denial of Civil Liberties in Travancore and supporting the demands of Elementary school teachers in Malabar who had submitted a memorandum to the Government of Madras, were passed at a meeting of Malayalees held at the Asthika Samaj, Matunga on Sunday last.

Speakers urged upon the Government of Madras to set up a committee to investigate into the condition of teachers some of whom were earning a miserable pittance of six annas a day.

Mr. K. S. Mani Iyer presided over the meeting.

Dr. K. B. Menon condemned the action of the Travancore Government in banning the entry of several newspapers under the Sea Customs Act, and particularly the recent ban on "Janathinbhumi" others also addressed the meeting.

SALE OF EX-TRUST & MUNICIPAL LANDS

Improvements Committee Records Commissioner's Report

The Improvements Committee considered on Tuesday the report of the Municipal Commissioner regarding the sale and lease of ex-Trust and Municipal lands during the half year ending 30th September 1939.

It stated: The Municipal lands admeasuring about 15,882.62 square yards sold or leased during the period comes to about Rs. 3,43,644 and of those leased temporarily admeasuring about 1,250 square yards to about Rs. 13,500 capitalised on 6 per cent. basis, and of the ex-Trust lands sold or leased permanently admeasuring about 59,567 square yards to about Rs. 8,23,642-1-0 and of those leased temporarily admeasuring about 6,958 square yards to about Rs. 1,05,483 capitalised on 6 per cent. basis. The total area and value of lands sold or leased permanently or temporarily, therefore comes to about 83,657.62 square yards and Rs. 12,88,269-1-0 respectively.

The report further stated: The levy of 10 per cent. Urban Immovable Property Tax by the government from 1st April 1939 has resulted in reducing appreciably the return from property to investors and produced a psychological effect on their minds. The tax gave them a rude shock and they are feeling nervous about the future. The levy of this tax has affected the disposal of land seriously. Besides towards the end of the period, war broke out in Europe and consequently the cost of building materials specially steel, pipes, etc., rose considerably. The people were therefore reluctant to construct buildings even on plots which they had already purchased. If these factors are taken into account, the disposal of land of the value of over Rupees twelve lakhs cannot be considered unsatisfactory.

The report was recorded.

IN AID OF TURKISH RELIEF FUND

Three Arts Circle Organises Variety Entertainment

The Three Arts Circle, Bombay will give a Grand Variety Entertainment at the Taj Ball-room on Sunday next at 5-15 p.m. The proceeds of the Entertainment will go to the Turkish Relief Fund.

Dancers like Usha Rohini, Roma and Anusuya will give their performances including Kite Dance, Snake Charmer, Puja and Radha Krishna Dances.

Buccaro, the famous ventriloquist, Willie Mac the eccentric tap dancer, Mehmoud Bey the celebrated Egyptian Spiritualist, Murad Khan the noted Sarod player of Rampur, Allarakha the famous singer of Lahore, will also take part.

Tickets can be had at 3 Arts, "Vila Atiya", Warden Road, Rose and Co., Taj Mahal or Perry and Co.

Mullaji Saheb Sued For Libel

Refused To Sanction Marriage Because Beard Not Grown

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia)

Fatimabai Abdealli Tyebji—Plaintiff.

v.

1. His Holiness, the Mullaji Saheb of the Bohras, 2. S. S. Saifuddin, the Amil and Representative of his Holiness—Defendants.

The plaintiff and her husband were Shiah members of the Dawoodi Bohra community, whose religious head was Defendant No 1.

The plaintiff was married to one Abdealli Amiruddin Tyebji on 25th February, 1937, by a Muslim Kazi in the presence of two witnesses. Two children have been born of this marriage. The plaintiff averred that in spite of repeated requests Defendant No. 1 refused to officiate or to send his deputy to officiate at the said "Nikah" (i.e. marriage), on account of certain indirect motives by which he was actuated, viz. that the Mullaji Saheb wanted the bridegroom's father to settle a certain suit for Rs. 2 lakhs with which he was concerned and secondly that the Mullaji Saheb owed the bridegroom's father a grudge for having advocated the application of the Wakf Act to their community. Defendant No. 1 left for Mecca on a pilgrimage very shortly before the marriage.

DISPUTE STARTS

On 6th April 1937, Defendant No. 2 acting on behalf of the Mullaji Saheb through his attorneys addressed separate letters to the plaintiff and to her husband stating "you should know that the purported "nikah" is a nullity" and further that it would be sinful for the parties to the alleged marriage to live with each other and that they should explain their conduct. The grounds of nullity given were that the Kazi who performed the marriage was not a Dawoodi Bohra and that the sanction of the Mullaji Saheb to the marriage had not been obtained. The said letter was addressed to the plaintiff as "Miss Fatmabai" on his return from pilgrimage the Mullaji Saheb by his letter of 2nd August, 1937, confirmed and ratified his representative's letter of the 6th April and further stated that by the principles and tenets of their religion and by the customs and usages of their community "every man has to grow a beard and maintain it."

The plaintiff and her husband interviewed the Mullaji Saheb on 7th August, 1937, and submitted a written explanation pointing out that there was nothing in their religion to compel them to obtain anybody's sanction to the marriage and that a number of Dawoodi Bohras without beard had been allowed to marry with the full approval of His Holiness by Kazis who were not Dawoodi Bohras.

AGREEMENTS

The Advocate-General for the plaintiff said that the relief he claimed fell into two parts—first as to a declaration of the viladity of the marriage and secondly as to Rs. 50,000 by way of damages for defamation on the imputation of unchastity in living together without being lawfully married. On the question of validity of the marriage, the Advocate-General urged that in Mahomedan Law marriage was a mere contract which had no religious sanctity behind it (Mulla-11th Edition P. 202). He further contended that the Shariat Act ruled out all questions of custom and so the only law applicable to the case was the Muslim Personal Law. As to an alleged application of Dawoodi Bohra Law he asked: "Will my learned friend tell us where that law is to be found?" (Laughter).

The hearing of the case will be proceeded with to-day.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, with Mr. F. J. Coltman, Mr. P. B. Vaccha and Mr. M. Y. Haindaday instructed by Messrs. Wadia Gandhi & Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Sir J. B. Kanga with Mr. V. F. Taraporewalla and Mr. D. B. Desai instructed by Messrs. Little & Co. appeared for the Defendants.

TENANCY BILL AND U. P. ZAMINDARS

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, March 5.

Amusement has been caused here when a local zamindar served notice on the Government disputing the validity of Governor's sanction to the Tenancy Bill.

It is understood the zamindars' association of Agra has decided to year the expenditure for litigation.

BOMBAY GOVT'S CAMPAIGN AGAINST UNTOUCHABILITY

General Awakening Among Scheduled Classes: Marked Change In Attitude Of Caste Hindus

The Publicity Officer to the Government of Bombay, writes:

The Bombay Government's anxiety to eradicate untouchability and its adoption of all possible measures to see that the Scheduled Class people are not subjected to any humiliating discrimination, particularly in educational institutions, is emphasised in the report on the working of the Backward Class Department for the year 1938-39.

A few cases of differential treatment accorded to Scheduled Class children were reported from Gujarat. But every effort was made to set the mater right, and Government has succeeded to a great extent.

A new rule has been added to the Bombay Primary Education rules, 1924, as a result of which no grant shall be paid to a local authority for a school where a pupil is refused admission on the score of caste.

MORE CHILDREN GO TO SCHOOL.

There were 132.870 Backward Class pupils attending primary schools during the year as compared with 146.954 in the previous year. There has thus been a rise by 35,916 in the total number of Backward Class pupils under instruction. There has also been a rise in the number of Backward Class teachers in schools.

Indigent Backward Class students were admitted free in Government Secondary Schools. Scheduled Class students who joined the colleges during the year were also awarded free Studentships. Government sanctioned Rs. 16,956 for additional sets of scholarships to students in Secondary Schools and Colleges and Rs. 13.000 for awarding free studentships to Backward Class students in non-Government Arts and Professional Colleges A few scholarships were also granted to some of the Scheduled Class students who have gone abroad for study.

HOSTELS & SCHOLARSHIPS.

Apart from the scholarships sanctioned by the Educational Department, the Backward Class Department gives monetary assistance to deserving Backward Class students studying in schools and colleges by way of further scholarships and in lump sums. About Rs. 5.617 were utilised for this purpose.

The number of Government subsidized Backward Class hostels increased from 17 to 42 during the year under report. Rs. 27.849 were given as grants to these hostels as against Rs. 19.532 in the previous year.

With a view to safeguarding the fundamental civic rights of the Scheduled Classes, all Government officers are enjoined to take necessary steps to secure the free enjoyment of the use of all public wells, tanks, etc., by the members of the Scheduled Castes on the terms of equality with persons belonging to other castes and communities.

SADHONA BOSE— IS FRIGHTENED—

Doesn't She Look It?

Every intellectual artiste is when she first comes to a New City.

"Will Bombay judge me harshly?" asks this famous Beauty of Bengal.

IT IS UPTO YOU TO ANSWER HER

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6, 1940.

PREPARATION FIRST

The appeal made by Mr. Jaiprakash Narain and Acharya Narendra Deo to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose to restore unity and discipline in the Congress deserves prompt response in view of the impending struggle. Referring to those "who, in the name of leftism, have of late been trying to disrupt the Congress and lower its prestige" and have been misrepresenting Congress policy as one of "dishonourable deal with imperialism", the appeal points out that the draft resolution for the Congress session leaves no room for any such contingency. Indeed, even before this resolution was drafted there was no justification for any fear that the seasoned Congress veterans, who constitute the Working Committee, would accept any dishonourable compromise. The fact is that, as the appeal puts it, "the anti-Right vendetta must be based on something and what better basis could be found than the scare of a dishonourable deal with imperialism"? However, if there was at any time any ground for the fear of an unworthy compromise, that is now dispelled by the draft resolution.

Basis Of Settlement

After all, be it remembered that, a settlement, if there should be any between the Congress representatives and the British Government, will not take effect unless it is endorsed by the plenary session. A complete settlement will refer to two stages, a transitional stage during the continuance of the war and the post-war stage when a Constituent Assembly will determine the permanent constitution for the country. A settlement regarding the transitional stage will have, of course, to be in the nature of a compromise provided that it does not prejudice the Congress claim for independence. But even this part of the settlement will have to be endorsed by the Congress session, and for this and other reasons the Working Committee can be trusted not to accept any compromise not acceptable to the Congress. As regards the permanent constitution the Congress executive will only prepare a draft and give a lead to the Constituent Assembly on the basis of Congress policy. But the very right of self-determination claimed by the Congress for the country requires that the constitution framed by the Constituent Assembly should be loyally accepted by all. And the independence which the Congress claims leaves the Constituent Assembly free to decide what connection, if any, India should maintain with Britain.

Communal Unity Essential

The most important problem for the Congress now is to make its demands irresistible through its own proper organisation and that of the country. For this purpose internal unity is certainly the first essential. But that is not all. We cannot wholly agree with Messrs. Jaiprakash Narain and Narendra Deo when they say that "no other obstacles to the resumption of civil disobedience remain except indiscipline within the Congress." Communal tension is still another serious obstacle to any form of mass civil disobedience. Messrs. Jaiprakash and Deo naively remark that the British attempt to use communal differences as an obstacle has been finally put out of the way by pointing out that the problem is a British creation and, therefore, can be solved only when the British power is removed. Communal differences as well as the attempts to exploit them are still very much in the way of those whose vision is not blurred by doctrinarianism or impatient idealism. And a mere explanation of their origin and rank growth cannot actually remove them. The very statement that the problem can be solved only when British domination is ended is an admission that the problem exists and that neither the communal differences nor the attempts to exploit them are put out of the way. The question of communal unity cannot be so lightheartedly put out of the way. To postpone its solution till some date when British domination is ended will not help in the task of ending that domination itself and the longer the problem is put off the harder will be its solution. The very thought of postponement tends to diminish what little attention it is now receiving. Fortunately, the Congress does not propose to put off indefinitely the tackling of this problem. The draft resolution itself states that Congress will continue its efforts for communal unity. If the efforts are to be crowned with complete success they will have to be more earnest and sustained than they have been for some time past. We admit that Congress efforts have been obstructed by other parties, but a body bent on winning Swaraj for the whole country cannot afford to fight shy of obtacles created by communalists. Unless all such obstacles are removed and the communal problem satisfactorily solved, it will not be possible even for the Congress to end foreign domination. The next struggle is going to be most strenuous and the preparation for it must be thorough. Communal unity is one of the first conditions of preparedness.

Activities In Caucasus

Some time ago it was reported that Herr Todt, the designer of the famous German strategic motor roads, had gone to Caucasia on a mission. Now there are rumours, reported by London to be emanating from "south-east Europe," that two German divisions are on their way to Caucasus and further east. Such a movement goes beyond ordinary friendship and co-operation between two countries. It would, in fact, mean a complete and military alliance between Russia and Germany. And it would be a most unfortunate tragedy. We do not know whether these rumours are correct. In all probability they are no more than the outcome of the fears and anxieties of which south-east Europe is the inevitable victim these days. But, however fantastic they may be, they do emphasise the gravity of the situation on the Turko-Russian frontier, for instance, and they shed further light on the enforcement of the Emergency Laws in Turkey and the recent almost fatalistic speech of the Turkish Foreign Minister. The Turks evidently anticipate an all but imminent danger to the integrity and independence of their country, to say nothing of its neutrality.

Revolting Inhumanity

The death and suffering that a Nazi aeroplane rained so ruthlessly on the passenger ship "Domala' will cause horror and indignation in India. Many Indians lost their lives and more have been injured. This brutality by the Nazi airmen is accentuated by the fact that the Indian victims were those whom the Germans had held prisoners on the outbreak of the war but had consented to repatriate later. They were innocent and not even Herr Hitler's very own and unilaterally made "international law" can possibly justify the revolting inhumanity that was perpetrated upon them. But denunciation of this inhumanity is, we fear, futile. The Nazis have gone mad. They are lost to all sense of reason and to all instincts of humanity.

Germany Day By Day

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

LONDON (By Mail).

Foreign journalists working in Berlin are exempt from the law against listening to foreign broadcasts.

Officials, however, explain that this exemption can be permitted only as long as a privilege is not abused. Under the heading of "Abuses", it is understood, would be turning the loud speaker on to full strength. Correspondents are also cautioned to tune in "only to those broadcasts which have a direct bearing on their journalistic activity."

★

The Nazi authorities have imposed an iron censorship on Wilhelmshaven, the naval port. Stories are filtering through into Holland and Denmark that there has been serious trouble there among naval personnel.

A number of sailors are said to have been arrested. Courts-martial are reported to have been ordered into their conduct. Disgust over the scuttling of the 'Graf Spee' is said to be the cause of the discontent.

★

In the last few days thousands of women in Germany have been called up as workers in the armaments industry.

All over Berlin needlewomen, domestic girls, and others have received orders to assemble at various factories in two days' time. If they do not arrive punctually this will be considered an act of sabotage and they will be punished severely. It is estimated that about 50,000 women in all are called up.

★

Despite the severely rationed food, clothing, and the limit on the number of guests allowed at wedding breakfasts, marriages are on the increase.

Berlin has announced that 100,181 marriages were celebrated in Germany's 56 biggest cities during the three months from October to December last year. The number of marriages for the corresponding period of 1938 was 61,237.

★

Under the heading Business Jews with Resounding Names, the "National Zeitung Essen" has published a list of "English Jewish families." The names given are as "Rothschild, Sassoon, Mond Ellerman, Samuel, Cohen, Laski, Bellisha, Stern, Burton and Glueckstein.

★

Six German sisters, who have 82 children between them, have been awarded the Nazi Golden Mother's Cross, at Schloberg, near Titmoning.

One sister had 22 children.

★

"German boys and girls know the war-mongers in London and Paris and hate them ardently. There will never be an army that hates the enemy more fervently. German youth stands by the German Army whose soldiers learned to hate years ago when the Reich was stake.

The above is an extract from the "Deutschlandsender: 'Topical Revue for German Youth" dated January 24, 1940.

★

The owner of a Prague bookshop has been arrested for "insulting the Fuehrer."

His crime was to expose three books in his window in the order: "Life of Hitler," "Life of Goering", and Les Miserables."

★

The Prize Court at Hamburg has declared that pulp is contraband because, it is said in the judgment, England is importing great quantities of pulp from Scandinavia, which is used for the printing of leaflets to be dropped from aeroplanes over Germany.

★

Calendars and diaries for 1940, printed before the war, and the alliance with the Soviet Union, give the German people unwelcome reminders in the day-by-day quotations.

For instance, January 3. Hitler Youth founded "Communism leads to death, to misery of the nation, to decline."

January 10. Twentieth anniversary of the loss of Posen (Polish Corridor) "No one of us even thinks of starting a war with Poland because of the Corridor.—Adolf Hitler."

★

An order has been issued under the Four-Year Plan prohibiting the erection of tenement dwellings in Germany during the war.

Communal barracks will be built instead and permission to put up tenements will be given only in exception circumstances, such as when barracks are not available. Barracks and dwellings will have only communal bathrooms and kitchens.

★

Banking circles in Berlin report that a comprehensive economic programme, one point of which provides for a system of "wage certificates" which would be valid only for the purchase of certain designated articles, is under consideration by the Reich, under the certificate system part of the wages would be paid in cash and part in certificates.

Provision is made for the creation of "War Finance Fund" filled by payments from business concerns in proportion to their annual financial turnover. It is also proposed to fix a "National German Savings Day," together with a national thrift campaign.

★

The cold and privations of the last few months have made the German people an easy prey to serious illness. So disturbed are the Nazi authorities at the prospect of mass invalidity, that they have ordered the compulsory medical examination of every man, woman and child in Germany.

Those found to be suffering from the early stages of tuberculosis will be X-rayed and treated in sanatoria and camps established for the purpose. Such people will not be allowed to stay with their families until the doctors give permission.

Health cards will be made of every examined persons and forwarded to the Ministry of Health in Berlin.

★

The Nazis are sparing no effort to keep active in war-time what they call "cultural life." Recent articles in the Press, a meeting of poets and writers connected with broadcasting, and a speech on the subject from Dr. Goebbels, have emphasised the importance of "cultural weapons." In effect, the writer and poet are asked to become publicists.

The "Voelkischer Beobachter" pointed out recently that a certain Max Halbe wrote to the German High Command in 1918 demanding that all cultural weapons should be mobilised. The generals promised "friendly consideration of the idea" only six weeks before the revolts of November, which, according to Germans, was due not to military defeat but to moral collapse. Now the writers and artists are asked to add the power of the pen to that of the sword. "Intellectual indifference" is not to be tolerated and writers must cease to look upon the film and the wireless as media unworthy of their attention. They "can and must" make use of the inspiring materials provided by news reels showing the opening of motor roads by the Fuehrer, the migration of Germans from the Baltic, the "return home of the eastern marches" and the rescue by the [illegible] children."

★

"Even to-day a great many intellectuals in Germany believe that poetry become... one-sided when it becomes political ... a superstition."—Hans Pohst, President of the German Chamber of Writers, 1936.

Religious Nationalism

By PROF. J. B. DURKAL M. A.

There are clear signs that the intelligent Indian mind is veering round a new political symbolism. Some people blame Mr. Jinnah's mentality, but he is becoming an idol and power with the Moslems. Mr. Savarkar is similarly blamed on the other hand but he is also growing into a power with the Hindus. Both are, further, against the Congress; and the Congress is against them. We have long made Nationalism our fondly-cherished principle—naturally, because our first paramount grievance is foreign domination. But as soon as we came in sight of autonomous power, the question as to what and who will take the place of foreign domination, became perhaps unpleasantly clear and insistent. The so-called Hindu majority in the Congress incensed the Moslems and its so-called Moslem bias incensed the Hindus. The Congress was in the position of one intending to befriend the whole without befriending the parts. The fact seems to be asserting itself that India believes in Nationalism but not in secular nationalism. It believes in its integral cultures and the respective homogeneity of its communities. The Congress shall have to take this into account if it is to represent the spirit of India.

* * * *

Religious Nationalism is unfolding itself as India's political creed, a nationalism which shall not suspend, supersede or supplant but respect, recognise and respond to the rights of all the religious communities in India. The nationalism which the Congress till now championed had its origin in secular nationalism inspired by European civilization and British history. It naturally aimed at unity and uniformity for generating power for gaining political liberty. Communities and culture were to be subordinated and ultimately submerged under the secular ideal. The secular nationalism of the Congress, be it noted, was originally inspired by its founders like Bradlaugh who advocated the disestablishment of the church, even in England. Secularism, it may be mentioned, is a school of materialistic free-thought which shelves all religious and spiritual considerations. The political emancipation needed a consolidated force behind, for which a levellization and new regimentation of society—mostly on the European model was thought to be necessary.

* * * *

India is a country in which Religion is deep-rooted in the people's life. Hence the popular mind revolted when it saw that beneath this secular nationalism the great cultures and communities of India were loosing ground. In the meanwhile a new force in the shape of Mr. Gandhi came into the political field and insisted upon a religious bias to the nationalism. It proclaimed the vision of Ramrajya and Dharmarajya, and coalesced with the Moslems in the Khilafat movement. It sought to remove the 'Blot' on Hinduism and opposed untouchability. The original impulse of secularism, however, again asserted itself in the leftist movements of the Congress,—embodying communism, class-war, and opposition to the Indian States. The ideological differences now became too apparent to be mistaken by the people. The recognition of the *de facto* communities has now to be made *de jure*, and the religions of the country are to be assured of a definitely recognised and unassailable status. Nor is this an unjust demand or unnecessary anxiety in view of the tendencies of mere nationalism in Europe. India believes in Nationalism which says 'My Freedom' but it believes still more in *Religious Nationalism* which says "My Faith & My Freedom."

Frankly Speaking

Japanese Aims

The Japanese are far from conquering China. But they are gradually disclosing what they want to do if they succeed. With the cynicism characteristic of the aggressor, their Finance Minister has just told them how China will be exploited to pay for the unprovoked and unjustified war on China herself. This lends additional point to the recent Chungking exposures about Japanese imperialist aims. Japan wants to reduce China to a position of a Japanese colony and this is what the agreement with the puppet Nanking Government means. The Chinese know it and will fight Japan with the grimness of a freedom-loving people. But it is time that Japan's aims were realised—in actual action—by neutrals interested in China, particularly America and Russia.

Britain's "Generosity"

The annual grant of £5,500,000 by the British Government for the benefit of the "dependent colonies" has led Mr. H. N. Brailsford to give a revealing picture of the conditions of "natives" in British colonies and the manner in which Britain rules the Africans. His article, which we published on this page yesterday, constitutes a graphic condemnation of imperialism. And the fact, as Mr. Brailsford points out, that for this belated "generosity" one ought to bless Adolph Hitler merely enhances the cruel irony of imperialism. There is no need to labour the case for a complete abolition of colonial imperialism. But the pity of it is that while the average Britisher denounces Nazism and its ambitions it never occurs to him to realise, let alone confess, the sins of his own imperialism. By the way, Mr. Brailsford offers an interesting suggestion as to how the belligerents should spend the money they are squandering in war for the benefit of the peoples of Africa and the Balkans and, thus, for the good of all. But it is, of course, hardly necessary to say that none will accept it.

Needless Boycott

The virtual boycott of the Bombay Municipal Corporation's Committees by the non-Congress parties and groups in it reveals a most deplorable state of things. [illegible]-co-operators contend that the Congress Party is abusing its majority by packing all the committees with its own party men so that the committees cannot be as representative and efficient as they can otherwise be and as they need to be. We do not think that the charges are tenable. If loss of efficiency is to be judged by the work of the committees rather than their composition, it is yet to be proved. Indeed, the Congress Party has reason to be proud of its record, though we admit that in certain matters that record could well have been better.

Some Suggestions

Though we do not see any justification for the campaign of non-co-operation, it is clear that there is deep and wide dissatisfaction among the Opposition groups. This will put a heavy strain on the Congress Party, which will have to be extremely wary in every step it takes. As we have often pointed out before, in all such cases it is not enough to do justice; it is also necessary to make the persons realise that justice is done to them. A little tact may often be essential. It is obvious that in every important committee the Congress should have a majority, if only because it is, by virtue of its majority, responsible to the voters and should have enough power to carry out its pledges to them. But where a Committee only carries out a policy or programme laid down by another body, party considerations may well be subordinated to those of efficiency. Nor is it strictly necessary that the Chairman of every committee should belong to the majority party. As a rule this post must go to the most efficient or most experienced person, provided he is impartial. Where the Congress Party is prepared to accommodate other parties in any committee, it will do well to make the selection in consultation with other party leaders.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A good fighter manages to dodge a lot of trouble

A guest may be as glad to go as the host is to have him go.

Science tunnels mountains while faith is figuring on moving them.

A word to the wise may be sufficient to get the speaker into trouble.

If a woman is homely she tries to persuade herself that she has a classical face

When a man is in love instead of putting his heart in it he is likely to put his foot in it.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"Muslims can never support the demand for complete independence at this stage. They must first make sure of what their fate will be in an independent (in other words Hindu-ruled) India. In deed, the same applies to Dominion Status."—Sir A. H. Ganavi.

* * * *

"Despite all his brave words of the Working Committee" this is, of course, Deshgaurab Subas Chandra Bose broadcasting from Cawnpore, "attempts would be made again to arrive at a compromise with British Imperialism."

The Deshgaurab's insistence would almost make one fear that he did want the Working Committee to arrive at a compromise with British Imperialism.

And it would'nt be entirely fantastic either if he did. It is a luxury of which both sides are attractive, particularly the safe and convenient I-told-you-so one.

MUSLIM LEAGUE POLICY

Nawab Md Ismail Khan, prominent member of the Muslim League Executive, rejects proposals about Coalition Governments in the provinces.

Sir Sikandar Haya and Mr. A. K Fazul Haq, prominent members of the Muslim League Executive, reject Nawab Ismail Khan's opinion.

And Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Qaid-e-Azam of all, accepts both.

* * * *

"There is a moral in the 'Domala' incident for Indians in general and the Congress in particular....."

—Anglo-India.

Let us hope India will be more sensible than Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland.

* * * *

Il Duce, we learn, is firmly determined that he shall receive German coal.

Can it be that the Nazi variety is blacker?

* * * *

Military headquarters at Leningrad angrily proclaim that "the Red Army is too strong to need poison gas, the use of which it considers immoral and criminal."

This denial is in reference to the Russo-Finnish—sorry, sorry, we mean the "Civil War" in Finland (vide Moscow's recent statement).

Further comments by the Junior colleague have been angrily rejected by us.

* * * *

A Moscow report mentions the conclusion of the Soviet-German Frontier survey.

The frontiers, however, appear to have been demarcated only in Poland.

* * * *

The death has occurred of Dr. Karl Muck, the famous German conductor, says a cable.

The famous German lightning radiator, Adolph Muck, is still happily alive.

* * * *

Herr Hitler was inspecting troops before their departure for the front.

'Have you any brother?' he asked one very tall soldier.

'Yes, seven, my Fuehrer.'

'And, of course, they are all fighting for the dear Fatherland,' continued Hitler.

'All except one, my Fuehrer.'

'And where is he?'

'In the Navy, my Fuehrer.'

* * * *

"What will happen in Spring?" asks Anglo-India.

Young men's fancy will lightly turn to thoughts of love.

* * * *

The "Statesman" calls the Congress "The Suicide Club."

Our confrere is heartily invited to join it.

* * * *

Rector: 'Good morning, Brown. I hear you have a son and heir.'

Brown: 'Yes, sir. Our household now represents the United Kingdom.'

Rector: 'How is that?'

Brown: 'I am English, my wife Scottish, the nurse is Irish, and the baby wails.'

Futile Attempt To Run British Blockade

Italian Ships Carrying German Coal Brought To Contraband Control Station

ROTTERDAM, March 5.

More Italian colliers with German coal for Italy are expected to leave to-day in an attempt to run the British blockade.

Several colliers left on Monday.

Futile Attempt

Reuter learns that two Italian cargo boats have been diverted into the Downs contraband control station and it has been ascertained that the vessels, which came from Rotterdam were carrying coal.

Later

Five Itaiian Steamers Arrive

London: Five Italian steamers arrived in The Downs Contraband Control Station to-day. An Italian tanker was also there.

Allies' Right To Impose Ban

PARIS, March 5.

The press takes a firm stand on the Allies' rights to impose a ban on German coal shipments to Italy and it hopes the controversy will be speedily settled.

Suggestions are made in some quarters that questions such as Italian claims on France may lie behind the Italian note.

"A NEW PHASE OF ILLEGAL PROCEDURE."

BERLIN:—"The Diplomatische Korrespondenz" describes the coal embargo as opening a new phase of illegal procedure.

It says that Britain's action is intended to force Italy into yielding to British wishes regarding imports and sending her ships into the danger zone.

Reply To Question In Commons

LONDON, March 5.

"Any ships, which now sail as neutral vessels carrying German coal from Rotterdam are detained and already to-day two vessels have been detained," stated Mr. Cross, Minister for Economic Warfare in the House of Commons replying to a question.

Asked further whether German coal was being exported in Italian vessels from Rotterdam to Italy, Mr Cross stated: "That has now ceased."

"Germans Will Lose War"

Moral Factor Makes Allies' Victory Certain

BALTIMORE: March 5.

There is no question but that the Germans will lose the war—the moral factor alone makes an Allied victory certain,' declared Archduke Otto of Habsburg, who is on a visit to the United States to study the American constitutional system as a model for a post-war Central European Federation of States, which, he says, "will be automatic after the war."

British Steamer Chased By Submarine

NEW YORK, March 5.

The Mackay radio and Coastguard headquarters, Washington picked up a wireless message from the British steamer "El Ciervo" stating that she was being chased by a submarine.

The position given was in the Atlantic some hundreds of miles east of Virgin Islands.—Reuter.

GERMAN SUBMARINE DESTROYED?

LONDON: March 5.

The Air Ministry announces that an enemy submarine was attacked in Schillig Roads this afternoon by an aircraft of the Air Force and is believed to have been destroyed.

The Aircraft was on reconnaissance duty when the submarine was sighted in shallow water on the surface. Four bombs were dropped, one of which registered a direct hit between the conning tower and the stern.

After the attack the submarine was seen to be enveloped in a cloud of greyish black smoke with only the upper part of its conning tower visible above water.—Reuter.

Welles At Berlin

Extreme Demands Of Ribbentrop

Astound American Papers

NEW YORK, March 5

Reports of extreme demands by Herr von Ribbentrop in his talk with Mr. Sumner Welles are generally accepted as authentic by American papers reaching here from all parts of the country.

They deplore what they describe as the extreme aggressive nature of the German claims. The German argument that Britain was strangling the world was rejected and rebounds in the form of another argument that America prefers Britain's domination of the seas to German domination. —Reuter.

BRITONS MUST SAVE TO LEND TO STATE

LONDON, Mar. 5.

In the House of Commons an assurance was asked by a member that no scheme should be introduced which would deprive individuals, after claims of taxation were met, of the full use of their earnings.

Sir John replied he was confident that the Government appeal to save and lend to the State will continue to meet with response commensurate with our great unprecedented expenditure. He precedented expenditure. He could not give final undertaking about the form in which the war will be financed throughout its duration.—Reuter.

NO BURMA OIL FOR CHINA

LONDON, Mar. 5.

Mr. Lloyd replying to a question in the House of Commons said that no oil products had been sold by the Burma Oil Company to China and no such sales were contemplated.

The Burma Oil Company on behalf of other oil companies, not producers of oil in India and Burma, have made available certain supplies to China

On the understanding that equivalent supplies are simultaneously repaid at a port in Burma or India. No question has, therefore, arisen of supplying China at the expense of Burma or India and the effect on Exchange is exactly the same as if imported supplies were sent direct to China. —Reuter.

JAPAN'S 'PUPPET' TROOPS JOIN CHINESE

CHUNGKING, March 4.

It is stated that there are at present half a million Chinese "Puppet" troops organised by the Japanese and operating under their command in occupied areas of China.

It is officially claimed that during the past year over 150,000 of these puppet troops mutinied and joined Chinese forces.—Reuter.

Chinese Sink Ten Japanese Ships

CHUNGKING, March 5.

A Chinese field despatch claims that Chinese artillery sunk at least ten Japanese warships and transports on the Lower Yangtse in the past few days, including a transport sunk with loss of 200 officers and men.

The despatch asserts that Japanese retaliation has been the setting on fire of villages and massacring the inhabitants of the area concerned.—Reuter.

'SUKKUR DAY' BANNED

KARACHI, Mar. 5.

The Sukkur District Magistrate has banned the observance of "Sukkur Day" and promulgated an order under Sect. 144 declaring "inter alia" that such demonstrations would promote communal hatred.—A. P.

INDIA'S ELEVEN LAKHS CAMELS

With the exception of the Punjab, no Province or State has made any attempt to encourage systematic breeding of the camel which is of economic importance to the cultivator and of considerable use to the Defence Department in war time.

The population of camels in India is estimated to be about 11,00,000. How to improve the breeds is under consideration of the Council of Agricultural Research.

A farewell address was presented to H. E. the Governor and the Lady Marjorie Erskine by the staff of Government House Madras and the household establishment on Tuesday.

FRANCE TO CALL MOR MEN TO COLOURS

PARIS: March 5.

France's next contingent will be called to colours on March 10. It will include those born between July 1 and September 30, 1919, as well as a number of exempted persons belonging to the 1920 to 1932 and 1938 classes, who are now considered liable to mobilisation in the army or the auxiliary services.—Reuter.

FINNS REPULSE 'RED' ATTACKS

Air Activity Over Karelian Isthmus: Soviet Lose Three 'Planes

HELSINKI, March 5.

A Finnish Communique states that on the Karelian Isthmus the enemy made attacks all day against the islands in Viipuri Bay and on the north-western beach. Fighting continued at most places north of the Bay, but at other places the attacks have been repulsed.

Fighting continues in Kuhmo Sector.

Our troops repulsed Russian attacks and captured several enemy nests. Enemy losses were more than 500 killed. Enemy air activity was confirmed to some flights on the Isthmus and over the districts north-east of Lake Ladoga.

The enemy losses were three planes.

FOREIGN 'PLANES HELP FINLAND

STOCKHOLM:—It is learned authoritatively that the Gloucester Gauntlet fighting planes released by South Africa for Finns have arrived in Finland. There has recently been a great speed-up in the delivery of foreign aircraft and there were now more than 100 planes from America, France, Italy and Sweden in action, including over fifty British fighters and bombers.

Finns Claim Recapture Of Uomaa

A break in the weather may come to help the Finns. There are thick clouds today over the Baltic and in many places blizzards are raging. Finnish mines on the three roads leading into Viipuri have inflicted heavy casualties upon the Russians.

The newspaper "Dagens Nyheter" says that the Russian attempts to outflank the Mannerheim defences by crossing the ice to the mainland to the west of Viipuri have extended forty miles along the coast. The Finnish coastal batteries have been the main defence against these attacks, all of which have been repulsed. North of Lake Ladoga, the Finns claim recapture of Uomaa thus re-establishing contact with the battery on the island of Mantsi whose garrisons had been isolated for many weeks.—Reuter

MOSCOW CLAIM

A Moscow message says:—

A communique states that on March 4, on the Karelian Isthmus in the area of Viipuri Bay, the Soviet troops occupied Uuransaari Island along with the town fortress of Tongsund and Tejarinsaari Island and also the towns of Hejnlahti, Vilajoki and Muhulahti on the western coast of Viipuri Bay

In the fortress of Tongsund the Soviet troops captured three batteries of naval long range guns and a great number of machineguns, rifles and ammunition.

CHILDREN'S SUFFERING

Terrible conditions among children, says a Helsinki message, evacuated from the extreme eastern front are revealed in a report by Doctor and Mrs. Leppo, who investigated the conditions in outer province.

The report states that the evacuated children were forced to travel by sleigh and under other exposed conditions many hatless and stockingless. Forty-six per cent. of them were ill with measles, bronchitis or pneumonia while 11 per cent died.

The Hoover Committee today initiated a plan for immediate dispatch of six ambulance units and medical supplies for the children. The Committee state that they urgently need funds.

AMERICAN VOLUNTEERS FOR FINLAND

Plans for what he described as the "American Expeditionary Force to Finland numbering up to 3,000 trained fighting men and mechanics" were announced by Captain Albert Stenberg, Commander of the Finnish war veterans in the United States.—Reuter.

Brain-Trust For Service Of States

PRINCES CHAMBER CHANCELLOR ON PROSPECTS OF UNITY IN ACTION

NEW DELHI, March 5.

The first Committee of Ministers of the Indian States constituted under the reorganisation scheme of the Chamber of Princes met in the Committee room of the Chamber of Princes to-day. Hyderabad, Jaipur, Bhopal, Kapurthala, Bikaner, Cochin, Limbdi, Cooch-Behar, Kashmir, Alwar, Baroda, Hodhpur, Jind, Datia, Rajpipla, Jangira, Patiala, Gwalior, Mysore, Bauswara, Junagadh, Bhawalpur, Mayarbhanj, Seraikella, Ratlam, Tripura, Nawanagar, Jaora, and Rewa were represented.

CHANCELLORS' SPEECH

His Highness the Chancellor in his inaugural address to the Ministers' Committee referred to the unique position of this Committee which "seeks to combine representatives of the big as well as of the small States and makes provision for the association of those States whose rulers actively participate in the activities of the Chamber of Princes as well as of others whose rulers have, for one reason or another, not been able to do so."

TOWARDS UNITY OF ACTION

His Highness hoped that the deliberations of this Committee would help to bring the States still closer together, and that "a few of the Princes whose Governments have so far dissociated from its activities may be persuaded to join it." His Highness expressed particular gratitude to His Exalted Highness the Nizam for permitting the President of His Executive Council to be a member of this Committee and for placing the advice and assistance of Nawab Aliyavar Jung, Nawab Samad Yar Jung and Sir Walter Monckton at the disposal of the earlier Committees.

His Highness thanked in particular their Highnesses of Mysore Baroda, Kashmir, Gwalior, Bhopal and Indore "who have once again given proof of their goodwill by associating their representatives with the Ministers' Committee". His Highness hoped that the deliberations of this Committee would make it possible that "the best and considered advice of the Ministerial Brain-Trust of the States may be available to all the States and thereby encourage voluntary unity of action among the States, on vital matters of common concern which is essential at this juncture.

His Highness appreciated the constructive services of the members of the Standing Committee of Ministers and of the Hydari Committee including those Ministers who were not members of the present Committee.

ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS

His Highness also referred to the importance of administrative reforms in the States and stated that "though the final decision in a matter of this nature must rest with the individual rulers and their Governments and though a uniform pattern or peace of reforms cannot be advocated for all the States with their varying circumstances, he felt that the recommendations of the Committee such as this would be invaluable to the States concerned." His Highness was gratified to note that "substancial good work has been done and is being done in most of the States in the sphere of administrative reforms

SUB-COMMITTEES FORMED

The Rt. Hon'ble Sir Akbar Hydari thanked His Highness on behalf of the Ministers and assured him of the fullest co-operation of the Committee of Ministers in the service of the States.

Thereafter His Highness the Chancellor left the meeting and Sir Akbar Hydari was unanimously requested to take the chair. The Committee then considered the following items of the agenda:—

The proposed amendments relating to the reorganisation scheme of the Chamber of Princes.

The question of education and training of Minor Princes and the revised memorial rules.

Two Sub-Committees were appointed, one for drafting of the rules of business and the other for framing the budget of the Ministers Committee. The Committee will continue its deliberations to-morrow.—A. P.

BAD FOOD IN MEMEL

Eight Thousand Workers To Return Shortly To Lithuania

KAUNASES, Mar. 5.

It is reported that about 8,000 workers in Memel territory are to return to Lithuania shortly because of bad food and lack of political privileges. They object to the Nazi ban on foreign newspapers and radio reception, which cuts them off from their own country. Moreover all Lithuanian schools in Memel have been closed.—Reuter.

POLISH LABOUR IN GERMANY

BERLIN, Mar. 5.

A Government spokesman declared that 10,000 Polish agricultural labourers had come to work in Germany, since the beginning of the war and a 100,000 more were to follow. He emphasised that they came "purely voluntarily". In addition he said that 300,000 Polish prisoners of war were being used for land work.—Reuter.

WAR RISK INSURANCE

LONDON, March 5.

The balance to the credit of the War Risks (commodities) Insurance Fund on March 4 was 18,620,000 sterling.

This was announced in the House of Commons by the President of the Board of Trade, who said that the premium would be five shillings per cent. monthly from March to June, which was the same as that to which it was reduced during the period just passed.

He did not consider a further reduction was at present advisable "in view of the increased risk of serious air raids during the period on which we are now entering" but he gave an assurance that the matter would be considered afresh in the light of experience gained in the two or three months.—Reuter.

"HITLER WAS NOT BLUFFING"

NEW YORK, March 5

The probability that anything momentous will come from Mr. Sumner Welles's visit is unfortunately not great, says the "Boston Herald".

This belief is very generally repeated in editorial throughout the United States.

The "Washington Post" writes. "Hitler was not bluffing. It follows that as a feeler for peace—if it ever was that—the mission of Mr. Sumner Welles is finished."—Reuter.

Coalition For Australia?

LONDON, Mar. 5.

The Sydney wireless announced that Mr. Menzies is to discuss with leaders of the country party on Thursday the possibility of a Coalition Government.—Reuter.

ANGLO-FRENCH TRADE TALKS

LONDON, March 5.

Anglo-French trade talks sponsored by the Federation of British Industries opened in London to-day when Lord Dudley Gordon, president-elect of the Federation welcomed the visiting delegates including heads of a wide group of French industries including coal, chemicals, wool, cotton, metals and engineering.—Reuter

M. C. For Infantry Subaltern

LONDON, March 5.

Lt. (acting Capt.) John Alexander Mackenzie of the Gloucestershire Regiment has been awarded the Military Cross for conspicuous daring and resource on Jan. 13 when his party encountered a German patrol of about twenty strong. He allowed the patrol to approach within ten yards before machinegunning them felling two Germans and scattering the rest. Three hours later Lt. Mackenzie led battle patrol into the same area and returned to the British lines carrying one dead German. —Reuter.

Iraqi Military Mission To Yemen

DAMASCUS, March 5.

The Iraqi military mission of 17 officers arrived here "en route" to Yemen. The head of the mission carries a personal message from the Regent of Iraq to the Imam of Yemen.—Reuter.

Liner Sunk Off British Coast

LONDON, March 5.

An R. A. F. plane guided the crew of 53 to safety when the liner, 'Pacific Reliance" of 6,700 tons was sunk by enemy action off the west coast of Britain.

Although badly holed the ship remained afloat for a considerable time and the crew got clear in four lifeboats; the plane flew close overhead and conducted them to land.—Reuter

ITALIAN COLLIERS LEAVE ROTTERDAM.

ROTTERDAM, Mar. 5.

Four more Italian colliers laden with German coal for Italy left to-day. Six others are still in the harbour.

Mr. F. Sayers, Inspector General of Police, Madras, left Madras for Delhi to-day to attend the conference of Inspectors General of Police.

SAFETY OF BALKANS LIES IN UNITY

Dangers Of Loose Congerie Of States

LONDON, March 4.

"Finland's heroic fight has altered the whole atmosphere in the Balkans and made it hopeful again" declared the former Colonial Secretary, Mr. Amery, addressing a meeting of the Near and Middle East Association at which the audience included many members of diplomatic corps.

He added, "The Balkan nations have seen that if a small people like the Finns can make such a magnificent fight, there is good hope that the Balkans can save themselves if they stand together."

Dealing with German aims, Mr. Amery said she might consider that economic overlordship was enough but on the other hand might need, for example, all Rumania's oil, not merely that part for which she could afford to pay.

"As for Britain our wish is that the Balkans may be spared the horrors of war. The war must end with a situation i. which it will be impossible for Germany to make another attempt to dominate Europe.

"That will be impossible if the Germans are surrounded by a loose congerie of states without real units. For the sake of permanent peace it is essential that the Balkans should be united in one or more commonwealths that can work amicably together".—Reuter.

Decrease In Unemployment In Britain

LONDON, March 4.

The latest unemployment figures announced by the Ministry of Labour show a decrease of only 14796 compared with January but since official count was taken on February 12 there has been a recheck, and improved weather conditions are reflected in an estimated further drop in registered unemployed of 200,000.

The total unemployed on February 12 was 1,504,000 compared with 1,508,000 on January 15 and 1,896,000 a year ago.—Reuter

CAPETOWN, March 4

The Union Government, in response to an appeal by the League of Nations has decided to make available £50,000 for the purchase of commodities to be given to the Finnish Government.—Reuter.

Third Bomb Killed Thirteen Indians

"Domala" Survivor's Grim Story: Those Trying To Save Themselves Machinegunned

London, Mar. 5.

Those severely wounded and badly injured among the victims are now receiving all the best that British science and medical attention can give them. Attired in new warm clothing and warm comfortable quarters, the Indian crew of the "Domala" told *Reuter* that the first bomb fell on the bridge and killed the captain who was never seen again.

MEN MACHINGUNNED.

Meanwhile other Indian seamen stated the plane circled and dropped two more bombs. Some of these bombs were of an incendiary type. By that time the "Domala's" gunners had got busy and the Heinkel steered away to return later to machinegun those trying to save themselves.

Most of the Indians aboard the "Domala" came from Calcutta. Most of the Indian casualties were among the repatriated seamen, and the survivors of the crew of the German ship "Trauenfels" told of the terrific detonation and the death of 13 of their comrades when the third bomb fell.

Other seamen from other German ships told how they were machinegunned as they crouched in inadequate shelter in their boat.

GRAPHIC STORIES OF RESCUE

Graphic stories of the rescue of the victims of the bombed liner were related when the survivors landed in England. The aeroplane which helped the warship in search for the survivors spotted a raft on which was Cadet Duval, aged 17, who had been in the sea for two hours

Duval was badly frozen and the sailors made a living chain over the side of the warship to rescue him. Six other Europeans had been overcome and washed off the raft.

Junior Engineer Dunn of Kelty Fife, who was in the engineroom when the first bomb exploded received a broken leg and severe burns but crawled along the terrace then along the length of the ship and clambered up a forty feet ladder to the poop. He was lowered overboard on a chance of being picked up, but died after being rescued.

Brawn, Chief Officer of the "Domala" told a Press Association reporter tonight, "It is not true that Germans machinegunned people as they were getting away in boats". He was referring to the statements of other survivors that men escaping in boats were deliberately fired on by the Heinkel.—Reuter.

Sugar Workers Defer General Strike

GORAKHPUR, March 5.

General strike of sugar workers of Gorakhpur District, which was threatened to be launched this week has been deferred till March 12, pending the result of discussions, which the Cane Commissioner will have with the interests concerned.

The Provincial Executive Committee of the District Chini Mill Mazdoor Federation has decided to submit the dispute to arbitration in case no settlement emerges out of the discussions.—A. P.

Hotel Workers Prepare For One-Day Strike

(From A Correspondent)

The Lal Bavta Hotel Kamgar Union has declared a general strike of all the hotels in the city of Bombay to be observed on Sunday, the 10th March. The action is taken as a protest against the policy of the present Government of keeping in suspense and withholding the enforcement of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act 1939. The hotel workers demand is for a ten hours' day, weekly holiday, ban on child labour, restrictions on removal and dismissal of the employees. The Act as passed by the Congress Ministry has provided for many of the demands of the hotel workers but the Government seem to be determined to give a burial to all the social legislation of the Congress Ministry. The Union is thus forced to demonstrate its strength and prepare for the worst by observing a one day strike on Sunday, the 10th instant.

NOTICES TO PROPRIETORS

The Union has served individual hotel proprietors with due notices of the strike. The strike resolution demands the immediate grant of 25 per cent increment in wages from 1st March 1940.

Vgorous propaganda in favour of the strike is being carried on by the Union.

Frontier Gandhi's Warning

(Continued from page 1.)

There was nothing dishonourable or disgraceful in keeping out.

Arbab Abdul Gaffar, General Secretary of the Provincal Congress Committee, who presided, said that the coming weeks and months would require exacting sacrifices and disciplines and obedience from Congressmen.—United Press.

NATIONALIST MUSLIM CONFERENCE

Stem Separatist Tide In Time

LUCKNOW, March 5.

Mr. Ali Zahir, M.L.A. has issued a statement in connection with the conference of the Nationalist Muslims in India and the move taken by Maulana Yakub Hassan. He says: "The Nationalist Muslims will do a great service to the country if they can stem the idea of separation before it reaches the point when it may carry off all that is sane and practical in Indian politics, in other words, before India is plunged in a civil strife. If the conference wants to achieve any practical results it should face facts as they exist to-day, and should not formulate proposals or schemes on purely imaginary basis."

Concluding Mr. Zahir Ali hopes that the Conference will make a genuine effort to solve the communal problem which to-day is retarding the forward march of the country towards its ultimate goal of independence.—United Press.

C. P. MUSLIM LEAGUE CONFERENCE ENDS

Want Of Confidence In Maulana Azad

NAGPUR, Mar. 5.

The Provincial Muslim League Conference concluded its session late last night after passing several resolutions. Begum Maulana Mahomed Ali Miss Khan of Hyderabad and Kazi Isa Khan, President of the Muslim League, Baluchistan, were among those who addressed the conference.

Begun. Mahomed Ali said that the Muslim League represented not only Muslim men but also women. She said that there was scope for Muslim women to work even in Purdah which there was no need to discard, for instance, they could impart religious education to their children so as to make them true Muslims.

Kazi Isa Khan remarked that if Gandhiji could exercise so much influence over the Congress when he was not even a four-anna member, God knew what influence he would have if he did become a four-anna member.

The conference expressed want of confidence in Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and disapproved of the various statements issued by him.

MOVE FOR WOMEN'S LEAGUE

Nearly two thousand Muslim women met in a "purdah conference' this afternoon under the presidency of Begum Mahomed Ali and appointed an Organising Committee to tour all villages and cities in C.P. and Berar to establish Muslim Women's League and also lady volunteer corps.

Begum Mahomed Ali in her presidential speech declared that freedom was not distant. She urged the need for Hindu-Muslim unity which, she added, was a prerequisite for freedom; but she opined that Muslims must first strengthen their own organisation, namely, the Muslim League, which could then establish friendship with other organisations in the country.

The Conference expressed sympathy with those convicted in the Biswa Murder Case and collected nearly Rs. 150 for their defence in the High Court.—A. P.

Dr. Moonje's Merger Poser

LUCKNOW, Mar. 5.

"The Congress has now outlined its mission and must make room for the Hindu Mahasabha. That is, the Congress must now merge in the Hindu Mahasabha so that the Hindu Mahasabha may merge in the Congress and both combined under the leadership of the Congress may give a new and practical turn to the politics of the country", observed Dr. Moonje, in the course of his presidential address in the Lucknow District Hindu Youth Conference held on Sunday last.

Continuing Dr. Moonje observed that the Hindus should organise a Hindu Militia of their own for defence measures.

Referring to the Hindu-Muslim unity he said that it was the most welcome thing. If the Hindu Mahasabha was given a chance to bring about this unity, the Muslims would of their own accord, recognise the Hindus of the Hindu Mahasabha as their equals both in love and non-violence.—United Press.

PUNJAB LEADER ARRESTED

LAHORE, Mar. 5.

Lala Achintram, Vice-President on the Servants of People Society, and member of the Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, was arrested this afternoon under the Defence of India Rules on a charge of delivering an objectionable speech at Chakwal in the district of Jhelum.

Later he was produced before a local Magistrate who released him on a bail of Rs. 2,000. The Court directed Lala Achintram to appear before the Sub-Divisional Officer, Chakwal, to take his trial on March 13.—A. P.

BENGAL ASSEMBLY SENSATION

(Continued from page 1.)

bers of his Party and those of the Congress.

Meanwhile, Dr. Sanyal rose up to read out the contents of the documents when there were shouts of "sit down, sit down" from the Coalition Benches followed by counter shouts of "go on, go on" from the Congress Benches. In the midst of the general uproar the Speaker adjourned the Assembly for fifteen minutes.—

WANTED APOLOGY

When the House reassembled Mr. Santosh Kumar Basu, Deputy Leader of the Congress Party, informed the Speaker that they felt that they could not take any further part in the proceedings of the day unless the Home Minister offered a complete "free and frank apology for his unceremonious and most undignified manner" in which he had flung the documents which had been presented to him by a member of the House and the manner in which he had prevented a peon to pick them up.

MINISTER'S EXPLANATION.

The Home Minister pointed out that as the subject under discussion related to his Department he was closely following the debate and no one had the right to disturb him in the manner in which he had been disturbed when the documents were placed on his desk in such a fashion. He would like to emphasise that he was for jealously guarding the prestige and dignity of the House as any body else.

Khan Bahadur Azizul Haque, held that the conduct of Dr. Sanyal was "most reprehensible." At the same time he would like to say that the manner in which the Home Minister was unsatisfactory.

CONGRESS PARTY ATTITUDE.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose said that the Speaker was entitled to give his decision in any manner he liked. But at the same time the Opposition had also the right of recording their protest in a parliamentary manner. He would, therefore, withdraw his party from the House for the day and as to whether they would abstain themselves from the rest of the session, they would decide to-morrow.

Thereupon the Congress Party and the Krishak Proja Party withdrew.

The House continued its discussion on the General Administration for another ten minutes and adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

India Starving For Swaraj

Muttra Welcome To Subhas: Call To Leftists To Attend Ramgarh Conference

MUTTRA, March 5.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, who arrived here this morning was welcomed at the station and taken in a procession which terminated in a public meeting at Swamighat.

India was not starving for bread to-day, but was starving for Swaraj, said Mr. Bose. He invited left-wingers to attend a conference of the Forward Bloc in large numbers at Ramgarh.

Mr. Bose was presented with a number of addresses. He left for Brindaban, where the Municipality and other institutions presented addresses. After lunch he left for Etah.—A. P.

MIRZA MEETS TAGORE

SANTINIKETAN, March 5.

Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan of Mysore, met Poet Rabindranath Tagore this afternoon and had talks on various topics.—United Press

CONGRESS PARTY TO ATTEND ASSEMBLY SITTING TO-DAY

NEW DELHI, March 5.

The Congress Party members will attend the Assembly to-morrow, but will take no part in the proceedings. This was one of the conclusions reached at a meeting of the party held this afternoon.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai presided and at the outset is reported to have reviewed the situation leading to the Congress decision to direct the members from abstaining from the sessions of the Assembly.

The meeting is understood to have adopted a condolence resolution on the death of Lala Shamlal.

It also re-elected its old Executive, filling up the vacancy caused by the death of Lala Shamlal by Pandit Peareylal Sharma. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai was re-elected Leader of the Party.

The executive elected to-day is as follows:

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Leader, Mr. S. Satyamurti, Deputy Leader, Seth Govinddas, Treasurer, Mr. Asafali, Secretary, Professor Ranga, Statistical Secretary, Mr. Gadgil, Joint Secretary, Sirdar Jogindrasingh, Chief Whip, Messrs. Ananthsayanam Ayyangar and Satnarain Sinha, Whips, Messrs. Manu Subedar, Sri Prakasha, Santanam Kazmi, Mohanlal Saxena, Dr. Deshmukh and Pandit Peareylal Sharma, Members of the Executive Committee.

Thirty-nine out of 47 members attended the meeting. Some more members are expected to reach Delhi by to-morrow morning to attend the sitting of the Assembly.—A. P.

CHILDREN'S FAIR IN VILE PARLE

The Vile Parle Gujarati Mandal arranged a Children's fair on Sunday March 3 in the compound of Kanu Vila, Nehru Road, Vile Parle.

In the morning Mr. M. C. Setalvad, performed the opening ceremony.

Mr. Setalvad and the other distinguished visitors went round all the stalls in the fair and were highly pleased with this novel kind of entertainment for the children, which also gave them valuable instructions.

TRIBAL RAID ON BARRACKS

(Continued from page 1.)

ness. Investigation is proceeding. —United Press.

BOYCOTT MOVE AGAINST TORIKHELS

BANNU, March 5.

Telephone wires are reported to have been cut yesterday between miles 15 and 16 on the Bannu-Kohat road. Some 440 feet of wire has been stolen.

BOYCOTT MOVE

The Daur residents of the village of Tappi in North Waziristan met in Jirgah and decided to boycott the Torikhel Wazirs, who sometimes ago kdnapped two Hindus, Kesardas and Sewaram, from a lorry near Pirkali, within the limits of Tappi. The Jirgah decided that no Daur should cultivate the land of the Torikhels. Anyone breaking the agreement or harbouring persons unfriendly to Government or people resident in British India is liable to pay a fine of Rs. 500 (Kabli) and five goats to the Daur tribe.

The Torikhels are stated to have damaged certain water mills of the people of Tappi as a measure of retaliation.

Ransom Demand For Body Of Kidnapped Man

Jodh Ram, who along with his wife and ailing son, was kidnapped from the Civil Hospital, Bannu, on January 8 is reported to have died as the result of prolonged illness. The tribesmen are now demanding Rs. 500 for his body.

The relatives of the deceased have requested the political authorities at Spiwam to intervene with a view to securing the body by paying a reduced sum.

The ailing boy and his mother are still in the custody of tribal raiders.—A. P.

Kidnapped Official Released

PESHAWAR, Mar. 5.

Mr. Salim Khan, Customs Officer of Thal (Kohat District), who was kidnapped some weeks back, was released to-day from captivity by tribesmen. He reached Kohat this evening from a hostile den in Wazirstan.—United Press.

BRITAIN'S WAR LOAN

(Continued from page 1.)

dent for him to make any statement now.

He appreciated the point made by Mr. Leach about preventing would be lenders on this side entering into collusion with some friend abroad to get better terms. The Government would take good care to see it was genuine non-residents money, which was lent on the terms he had suggested. People in Britain must pay their taxes.—Reuter.

CITY WELCOMES IT

LONDON, Mar. 1.

Sir John Simon's War Loan announcement is welcomed enthusiastically in the City, says "Reuter's City Editor". It is expected it will constitute a stabilising influence in the market for Government securities. Some circles even suggest that it may have a tonic effect on current prices.

Inter-office dealings after the announcement were notable for the strength of giltedged stocks, with War Loan at 100. It is generally believed that the terms and the issue price are exactly right in the present market conditions for this kind of loan. It is stressed in official circles that no further War Loan will be issued on terms as favourable as those now announced.

It is hoped that banks will give reasonable assistance in the shape of temporary credit arrangements for smaller investors anxious to subscribe, but not in a position to complete payment on April 15 of the 90 per cent remaining due after meeting 10 per cent application money.—Reuter.

UNJUST TO GROWERS

Katju On U. P. Govt.'s Cut In Sugarcane Price Due To New Excise Duty

LUCKNOW, March 5.

Sharp criticism of the step taken by the U. P. Government directing the reduction of sugarcane prices in the U. P. by three-quarters of an anna per maund for the fortnight ending March 15, in view of the enhancement of Excise Duty on sugar, is made in an article by Dr. K. N. Katju, former Minister of Industries, U. P.

Dr. Katju expresses his disapproval of the proposal to increase the Sugar Excise Duty.

He adds that the Finance Member in his budget speech unequivocally assured the Central Legislative Assembly that he had no intention whatsoever of taxing the grower but wanted to put this burden on the consumers. But the U. P. Government stresses Dr. Katju, have by this step reduced the gross income of the cultivator by 8 per cent. Calculated on the net income the reduction will mean a clear loss to him of between 20 per cent., to 25 per cent. —A. P.

MADRAS GOVERNOR ON DEADLOCK

Hopes Present Interregnum Will Be Temporary Phase

MADRAS, March 5.

Lord Erskine, the out-going Governor of Madras and Lady Marjorie Erskine were entertained this evening at a garden party by the Sheriff of Madras on behalf of the citizens, on the eve of Their Excellencies' departure from this presidency.

Nearly 1,500 people including the Governor's Advisers, high officials and prominent citizens were present.

The Sheriff read an address on behalf of the citizens in which references were made to Lord Erskine's part in the inauguration and working of the Provincial autonomy in this presidency.

The Governor replying said, "All I can say is that matters went on excellently and smoothly from personal point of view, and I was never in doubt that the constitution would have worked even though for a few months there were difficulties to be overcome. I am equally sure that the present interregnum is merely a temporary phase."—United Press.

SPECIAL TRAINS FOR RAMGARH

RAMGARH March 5.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has given a special message for the Souvenir Volume of the Ramgarh Congress.

The railways have made arrangements to run special trains between Tatanagar, Ramgarh town and the Adra-Ranchi Road on March 10.—A. P.

THEME OF AZAD'S ADDRESS

RAMGARH, March 5.

Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad, president-elect of the Ramgarh Congress, has given a special message for the souvenir volume of the Ramgarh Congress, outlining the policy that the Congress should adopt in the present situation, which will be the theme of his presidential address.—United Press.

JULLUNDUR, March 4—Raizada Hansraj, M.L.A. (Central) has telegraphically requested Mr. S. Satyamurthi, Deputy Leader of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly, to pay a visit to this place and address an election meeting in support of Mr. Devinderlal Sondhi.—United Press.

THE RULES OF HEALTH
are few and simple . .

FIRST thing in the morning—even before washing—think of Inner Cleanliness. For a clear skin, bright eyes and that inner sparkle which is the secret of loveliness, Inner Cleanliness is far more effective than any outside treatment. And Andrews Liver Salt gives you Inner Cleanliness as nothing else can.

Feel the bubbling swish of it cleansing your mouth and throat as you drink it. While the delicious tang is still on your tongue Inner Cleanliness begins. While still effervescing, Andrews washes the stomach walls, removes the mucus that tends to clog the tiny gland openings and reduces excess acidity. Then easily, smoothly and gently Andrews clears the system without disturbance. Remember, Andrews is not a harsh purgative. It acts without pain and there is no need to keep increasing the dose. Andrews is by far the best laxative for *all* ages—even for children. Don't miss taking your Andrews regularly. Handy size (4 oz.) As. 11. Large size (double quantity) Rs. 1/4.

"For years I suffered from indigestion. I have been in various hospitals for treatment. About three years ago I started trying your Salt and I can honestly say it has cured me. Now I eat anything, can sleep and work with pleasure." —M. M.

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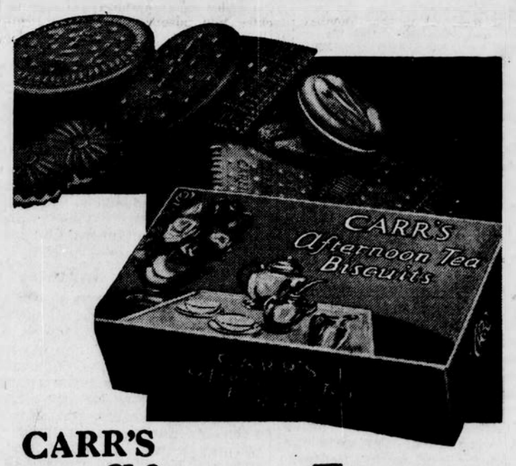

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MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff May Have Thought It Hash

By BUD FISHER

ONE HOT CUP OF COFFEE!
YESSIR!
SALT
KETCHUP
PEPPER
PHOOEY! THIS COFFEE TASTES AWFUL!
WELL, WHAT DID YOU EXPECT? YOU PUT NOTHIN' BUT PEPPER, SALT AND KETCHUP IN IT!
YEH, THAT'S RIGHT! PASS ME THE MUSTARD!
11-29

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Excess Profits Tax

To The Editor of "The Chronicle.

Sir,—One of the most important of Britain's war-slogans is: Export or Die.

India's war-slogan, on the other hand, is: Industrialise or Perish. And the question is: Has the Excess Profits Tax Bill been sponsored by the Government of India because of the inherent conflict between these two slogans?

Britain has a vast export trade with India and as this trade consists mainly of finished goods it would obviously suffer a serious set-back if India were to become industrially self-sufficient.

Indian industries have, therefore, always received a step-motherly treatment from the Government in India and although the folly of this course was vividly brought home during the last world-war its lessons were not only soon forgotten but even the little advantage that incidentally accrued to India through the last world-war was more than wiped out after its conclusion by adopting the policy of selling Reverse Councils and fixing the ratio at eighteen pence.

During the years that led to the present conflict, the value of economic self-sufficiency and industrial effort for the British Empire as a factor in winning the war was early realised and when after the Munich debacle earnest attempts were made to push forth re-armament at a feverish pace shadow factories were established in Canada and Australia for the manufacture of aeroplanes and munitions.

India, however, came nowhere in the picture and hence while orders worth not millions but billions of pounds and dollars have been placed in Canada, Australia, and even the U. S. A., which, however, near at heart it may be to Britain, is not a part of the British Empire, both before and after the outbreak of the war, orders to India are confined to sand-bags and raw-materials which could hardly be placed anywhere else and the value of which bears no resemblance to that of the huge orders placed elsewhere.

If Britain had been more statesmanlike or less short-sighted in the matter and if by including India in her re-armament programme she had made arrangements for the manufacture of aeroplanes, ships, shells, tanks and tractors, etc., in India, not only would India have benefited by it and there would have been some justification for an attempt to have a share in its fruits by way of an Excess Profits Tax but even Britain would have been more self-sufficient in the matter of her war-requirements.

As it is, however, Britain has not done it and, as such, not only is there no justification for imposing an Excess at doing it becomes specifically unjust.

—Yours, etc.

Profits Tax in India but any attempt

SHANKERPRASAD S. NANAVATY.

Indianise Fire Brigade

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—In order that the deceptive propaganda which is being carried in the Press for the retention of the services of Mr. Coombs as the Chief of the Fire Brigade of the City Municipality till he attains the age of 55, be stopped once for all, I herewith quote the proceeding of a meeting of the Bombay Corporation as reported in the "Bombay Chronicle" of the 18th July 1933:

Mr. R. A. Gole then moved:—

"That the Commissioner be requested to report the steps he has taken for the Indianisation of the Municipal Fire Brigade Department, specially the deputation of an Indian to England for training, as agreed upon at the time of the appointment of Mr. Coombs, and whether it is not possible to depute an Indian for training under the present Chief Officer with a view to his being eventually appointed as the head of the Department."

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji seconded the resolution.

The proposition did not evoke much discussion as it was anticipated and was agreed to by an overwhelming majority when it was put to vote.

May one ask if anything can be clearer than this. This resolution of 1933 and the previous resolution passed in 1929 have both been deliberately and in a scandalous manner shelved on the plea that as an Indian was not trained so one cannot be appointed. Why the solemn pledge given by the Municipal Commissioner in 1936 that an Indian would be trained as Chief of the Fire Brigade before the present term of Mr. Coombs extension expired has not been kept. Was it not incumbent on Mr. Coombs to honour the mandate of the Corporation and train an Indian? Is he not guilty of shirking his duty? I hope and trust that the Municipal Corporation would not grant another extension to the Chief Officer but appoint an Indian who would receive such training as would be necessary during the nine months left for the retirement of Mr. Coombs.

—Yours, etc.,

J. G. SHAH.

Bombay.

Labour In Industry

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Labour is suffering to a very great extent to-day in our industrial pursuits. The fundamental defect of the industry is that the so-called management do not realise the potentiality of handling labour in the progress of the industry. By labour is here meant both intellectual and manual. Though there are powerful labour organizations throughout the country, these have not been successful to any appreciable degree in redressing the grievances of this community. The treatment given to them is abominable, though the industrial authorities know the potentiality of this community in industrial progress. They are moreover half-fed as a result of which efficiency deteriorates which is a decided disadvantage to industrial progress of our country. Another important defect is that the authorities cannot gauge the individual merit of a labourer, who may, if opportunity occurs, prove very useful to the progress of the industry. As a result of all these drawbacks on the part of the authorities in not trying to take care of the potential organ of the industrial world, labour's strikes, close downs and depression take place which is a decided disadvantage to industrial interests. Self-interest of the authorities concerned also may probably play a part in the check in progress of our industry.

It is, therefore, suggested that in line with other investigations carried on by the National Planning Committee, the labour problem also may be tackled and adequate rules and regulations framed to handle labour to the mutual advantage of both Industry and Labour.—Yours, etc.,

T. R. N.

PATNA MANDATE IN ASSEMBLY

(Continued from page 12.)

inquire into the working of the supply department.

Sir A. H. Ghaznavi asserted that not one elected member of the House would support Mr Aikman in his acceptance of the new taxation and other proposals.

NO NEED FOR E. P. TAX

Sir Ziauddin quoted Sir Basil Blackett's observation that a tax on transport was a bad tax, and proceeded to assert that after imposing that bad tax, no other taxation was necessary for the Finance Member's requirements of eight and half crores could all be met by increased railway earnings. Neither sugar nor excess profits need be taxed, he asserted. The E. P. T. Bill might be passed, but he asked it should not be enforced except when and if more money was needed.

"THROW-OUT BUDGET"

Prof. Bannerji criticised the alteration of the Niemeyer proposals which would deprive the provinces of legitimate revenues. But the budget which made all these taxation proposals, had no word to say about economy or retrenchment of expenditure. The budget, he said, was so bad that it should be thrown out.

Sir Abdulla Haroon said that whenever the Government wanted money, they jumped on sugar.

Mr. K. K. Malaviya said that the Finance Member spoke as if he belong to this country, but actually he became an Indian only for the purposes of taxing Indians. The speaker could not congratulate the Finance Member on his budget, but only on the lucidity of his speech. All the proposals in the budget were conceived with only one object and that was winning the war—a war in whose declaration the country had no voice or choice and in the waging of which the people of the country were not trained by the government. He closed with an appeal for a dearness allowance for the poor employees of the Government of India.

FINANCE MEMBER'S REPLY

Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member, replying to the debate said he could not pretend to be other than gratified at the reception of his first budget, both in the House and in the country. It had been asked why India alone among the belligerent countries should aspire to such heights of financial purism and pay her way. The answer was simple. At the present moment, India was able to pay her way. The only justification which would have convinced him for putting the cost of war operations on to a succeeding generation was that it was impossible to meet the cost at present. At the stage which India had reached, and on the scale in which she was involved in war expenditure, and having regard to the economic condition of the country, it was the plain duty of the Finance Member to meet that expenditure from current revenue.

PROSPECTS OF MORE MILITARY EXPENDITURE

He didn't say that would always be so. Obviously it was possible that military expenditure might reach a figure which was beyond this country's taxable capacity; but the budget was based not on any attempt to forecast military developments of the next year, but on actual commitments with regard to defence which had already been undertaken.

'CAT OUT OF BAG'

Referring to the challenge which had been lightly thrown to him asserting that revenue had been grossly underestimated, he asked those who threw the challenge if they would assure him that the expenditure on Indian defence for which she would become liable would not exceed the figure which he had taken.

Mr. Aney exclaimed: The cat is out of the bag.

Sir Jeremy Raisman: It was out of the bag in my budget speech (laughter).

Dealing with the charge of underestimating the yield from the E. P. T. bill, Sir Jeremy pointed out the factors that must be kept in view in forecasting it, and said that he took the estimate of three crores as the next additional revenue after allowing for the effect of income-tax and super-tax. That effect would be of the order of one crore, and so in order to realise the net three crores, the gross assessment of the excess profits tax would be of the order of four crores. In other words, the excess profits tax which would be brought into assessment were eight crores of rupees. They would probably only be dealing with fragments of a year, and he claimed with confidence that the estimate of three crores was by no means an under estimate.

SCRAPPING OF NIEMEYER AWARD

The next point of criticism was the amendment of the Niemeyer order in Council, which it had been represented in certain quarters amounted to a cheating of the provinces of their legitimate expectation. The Finance Member explained the framework of the constitution and pointed out that the circumstances had changed in a manner which Sir Otto Niemeyer could not have foreseen.

ALTERNATIVES

Sir Jeremy Raisman, renewed the offer made by Sir James Grigg and said that he was prepared either for the election of a Standing Finance Committee of the House or if the House preferred, the establishment of an Estimates Committee of the House. He was prepared to accept either of these, but made it clear that there was no room for both. He added, he would endeavour in the course of the next week or two, to ascertain the desire of the parties on this subject. The House adjourned till tomorrow.—A. P.

Governor's Apologia

Discussion On Ex-Premier's Non-Co-operation Motion In Ceylon State Council Adjourned

COLOMBO, March 5.

When the State Council met this afternoon to discuss Sir Baron Jayatilaka's Non-Co-operation motion a long message from the Governor was received in which His Excellency appealed to the Councillors to subject the situation to a calm, wise and dispassionate review so that nothing inimical to the country's interest might be done through misapprehension and precipitancy. The Governor said that the resignations of the Ministers without affording him an opportunity to study the reasons, caused him grave distress and he gave three reasons why he refused to take disciplinary action against the Inspector-General of Police, Mr. Banks.

GOVERNOR'S APOLOGIA.

Continuing the Governor referred to his conference with the Ministers and to the issue of Art. 45 (2) of the Order-in-Council raised at the Conference and recalled what he said then, namely "if on a proper construction of Art. 45 (2) an Executive Committee were to decide that an instruction affecting proceedings before a court of law should not require prior reference to me, I should feel it my duty to see that such a decision was made impossible in the future; and to secure that any instructions affecting the administration of justice or the carrying out by public officers of responsibilities imposed upon them by the law must be referred to the Governor before any instruction is issued."

The Governor continued, "In view of the present unhappy situation that has arisen I now feel that we should consider forthwith what classes of decisions by an Executive Committee should always require prior reference to the Governor, before effect can be given thereto. In drafting such a schedule I should of course take my Ministers into full consultation and endeavour to correlate any schedule made by the State Council under the same Article."

SOLICITUDE FOR CONSTITUTION.

Finally the Governor reiterated his steadfast purpose to guard and conserve the Constitutional Rights for all concerned.

After a brief debate the Council adjourned until 5 p. m. to consider the message.

When the State Council reassembled at 17.00 p.M. Sir Jayatilaka moved his resolution and discussion thereon was adjourned until to-morrow.—A. P.

Dr. Moonje To Meet U. P. Governor

LUCKNOW: March 4.

Dr. Moonje who presided over the Hindu Youth Conference left to-day for Budaun. It is believed that he will visit Nagla Sharki Village in Budaun district where according to a press report Hindu villagers are staging a demonstration against an order in respect of Moharram celebrations.

No confirmation of this is available here. It is further stated that Dr. Moonje will meet the Governor at Bareilly on Wednesday morning.—A. P.

CALCUTTA, March 4.—It is understood that Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan of Mysore, has been invited by Sir Maurice Gwyer, Chief Justice of India, and the Vice-Chancellor of Delhi University to deliver the convocation address of that University this year.—United Press.

CONGRESS WOMEN WORKERS

To Meet At Ramgarh

Smt. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Allahabad and Smt. Mridula Sarabhai, Ahmedabad, have issued the following appeal to the Congress women workers:—A few months ago, it occurred to some of us that it would be advisable to call a Congress Women Workers' Conference during the next session of the Congress at Ramgarh, and we informally consulted some Congress women workers from various provinces. We were glad to note that this idea was supported by everyone.

Since then, the European war broke out and the political situation in India became uncertain. The idea of a Women Workers' Conference had to be abandoned. It is now suggested that if a meeting of those Congress women workers who attend the Congress as delegates and as visitors is called at a convenient date and time at Ramgarh, it will serve a useful purpose. Hence it has been decided that such a meeting should be called any day between the 19th and 21st March. The time and date will be fixed after consulting the convenience of the Congress Reception Committee and will be put up on the Notice Board of the Reception Committee on the 18th March. All women workers who attend the Congress are cordially requested to actively participate in this meeting and come prepared with various questions connected with their work for discussion.

After the 16th March 1940 please communicate with Smt. Mridula Sarabhai, Family Huts 'B' Division, Indian National Congress, Ramgarh, Bihar.

NEW MEMBERS OF IMPROVEMENTS AND SCHOOLS COMMITTEES

The following is the result of the elections of the members of the Improvements Committee held on Monday:—

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas 57; Dr. Jethalal V. Vora 57; Mr. Patil Narayan Kajle 57; Mr. Chimanlal Manchubhai 56; Dr. (Mrs.) Malinibai B. Sukthankar 56; Dr. Poonsey H. Meisheri 56; Mr. S. S. Mirajkar 54; Mr. Shivdas C. Thakkar 54; Mr. A. K. A. M. Gatarwalla 5; Mr. Suleman M. A. Darvesh 2.

The first eight will be declared elected. Mr. A. K. A. M. Gatarwalla and Mr. Suleman Darvesh had already withdrawn and were not willing to stand for election, but as some of their proposers and seconders were not present, their names were inserted in the list of candidates.

THE SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

The following is the result of the election of Councillor Members of the Schools Committee:—

Mr. Ishwarbhai S. Patel 57; Mr. D. R. Gharpure 56; Mr. Ganpatishankar N. Desai 56; Mr. Ramchandra K. Shirodkar 55; Mr. Abdul Razak Abdulla 52; Mr. R. S. Nimbkar 52; Mr. Alimahomed A. Baigmahomed 1.

The first six will be declared elected.

Mr. Baigmahomed had also refused to stand for election, but his name was put in the list of candidates and he was not allowed to withdraw as one of his seconders whose consent to the withdrawal was necessary, was not present on Monday.

Munshi Distributes Prizes

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, March 4.

A large gathering of the "elite" of Thana was present yesterday at the premises of the Motilal Hargovandas High School when Mr. K. M. Munshi, distributed the prizes and trophies. Mr. N. T. Kelkar, the Head Master, welcomed the guest and read the report covering the manifold activities and the all-round progress of the school during the last year.

Mr. Munshi in his short reply in Hindi, felicitated the management on the efficiency shown by the school imbibing patriotic sentiments while in school. It is desirable he continued that the pupils should be imparted such education as will turn them into "servants of the Nation."

Earlier in the evening Mr. Munshi was accorded a warm reception by the Marathi Grantha Sangrahalaya, when Mr. M. S. Rangnekar, the President of the institution, garlanded him. Mr. Munshi, who was shown over the collection of books expressed his satisfaction at the progress.

Mr. R. L. Rede, President, Thana Town Congress Committee garlanded the guest on behalf of the committee.

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WITH ENGAGEMENTS

B. or Br. Eng. H. "ONE I LOVE" —6 yrs.
B. Eng. H. "POUND FOOLISH" —5 Yrs.
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Only being sold to make room for New Stock.

May be inspected by appointment with Mr. Mahomedali Trainer (Aga Hall—Mazagaon, Bombay).

For Pedigrees and Performances see Racing Calendar.

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INDIA IS IRAQ'S BEST CUSTOMER FOR DATES

25 P. C. Of Crop Consumed In This Country

"India is Iraq's best customer and takes 50,000 tons annually which is 25 per cent. of the total date crop" said Mr H. I. Lloyd, Director-General of the Date Association of Iraq. "We in Iraq produce 80 per cent of the world's dates and we are anxious to understand the requirements of our best customer." continued Mr. Lloyd.

Unfortunately, Mr. Lloyd said, India kept pressing for cheaper and cheaper dates and the lowest quality was shipped to India. If India could afford to pay a slightly higher price, the Date Association could ensure better quality arriving and in better condition.

Iraq would welcome, Mr. Lloyd said, representatives of Indian importers to inspect and pass the dates before shipment. Iraq takes more goods from India than India takes from Iraq and in these days is anxious to take much more. Now that trade with Europe is difficult Iraq offers a good market to India for all Indian products and being in the sterling group of countries exchange offers no difficulty.—A. P.

DR. ALAM TO JOIN LEAGUE

LAHORE, March, 4.

The likelihood of his joining the Muslim League is indicated in the course of a lengthy statement by Dr. Mohd Alam, M.L.A., who recently resigned from the Deputy Leadership of the Congress Party in the Punjab Legislative Assembly.

Dr. Alam says: "The Muslim League is considered to be a big organisation by Mr. Gandhi and other leaders of the Congress but they refuse to consider it as the sole representative of the Muslims and consequently refuse to enter into negotiations with it on this assumption. You will never find a sole representative organisation in this sense of any community, and the very argument of the Congress leaders invites all Muslims to join the League and make it substantially their sole representative."

After referring to the difficulties of the Nationalist Muslims, Dr. Alam says: "It is my belief that those amongst the younger generation of the Muslims, who are joining the Congress will tire out earlier than their elders. I also feel, that it is the duty of every Muslim, whatever view he possesses, as long as he belongs to the Muslim community, to rally under one banner to consolidate the position of the community and give one lead, which should bring freedom to the country, without any loss to the community. The time for fighting over rights against the British Government, is soon to change into time for distribution of rights, and this is not the occasion when the community can afford to be deprived of support from a single individual of its members."—A. P.

STATES MUSLIM LEAGUE CONFERENCE

NAGPUR, March 4.

Need for the establishment of close contact between Muslims of British provinces and those of Indian States was emphasised by Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung, presiding over the Deccan and Vindya blocks of the All-India States Muslim League Conference to-day.

He felt that the time was ripe when there should be unity of action and practical outlook in respect of the organisation of Muslims of Indian States.

The States represented at the conference included Hyderabad (Deccan), Bhopal, Gwalior, Dhar, and Ratlam.

The conference passed resolution stating that the All-India States' Muslim League duly recognised and respected the legitimate rights and privileges of Indian Princes, but at the same time declared that it would safeguard the special interests of Mussalmans of Indian States, in view of their religious, social, cultural and political importance in all constitutional changes and reforms that may take place from time to time in the States.

A meeting of the body will be called on the occasion of the forthcoming annual session of the All-India Muslim League at Lahore.

The Muslim National Guard Conference was also held to-day.—A.P.

NO OTHER TOOTH BRUSH CLEANS AND PROTECTS MY TEETH AS WELL AS THE TUFTED Pro-phy-lac-tic

The big end tuft reaches way back into the mouth—cleans back teeth other brushes often miss.

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INSIST UPON Pro-phy-lac-tic Perma-Grip

Inter-Provincial Championship

Delhi Qualify To Meet Bombay

Patiala Lose In Semi-Final To Better Side

Delhi worthily earned the right on Tuesday to meet Bombay, on Thursday in the final of the Inter-Provincial Hockey Championship.

DESERVING SIDE

To say they beat Patiala by a solitary goal is to put it mildly, their display was much more valuable than the one point that earned them promotion.

TAME GAME

The game was tame when compared to the first semi-final, where Bombay triumphed over Bengal. play never rising to great heights. If there was anything in the game it comes from Delhi.

One man attracted attention on the winning side and this was Mushtaq, he was really an able back, and when, on occasions, Patiala were dangerous. Mushtaq proved their stumbling block. He is fast and clever with a good clearance. Taqui, was another man deserving mention, he with Sultan, Sri Kishen and Hari did all that a fairly good forward line could do against a bustling defence—Taqui was the best of quartette mentioned. Critics liked Puri best of the half-line three.

Patiala was dubbed the "dark horse" of the tournament. They proved the shock team. The "dark horse" might prove its worth, when next the Inter Provincial tournament comes round. A deal of grooming will have to be done in the meanwhile, and we may have a "dark horse" that will make history.

Level First Half

Patiala worked into the opposite ring and Mushtaq in an effort to clear made sticks. The sequel, a short corner, was not used by Patiala. Two raids by Delhi followed and then Patiala was held up by Puri. Delhi, as the result of a nice movement, entered Patiala's "D", where Hari lost a good opening by an erratic hit to goal. Delhi were having the better of the exchanges, though Patiala were not eclipsed. Delhi after some pressing found the net through Sri Kishen, the player was held off-side. Delhi put a little more into the game and Patiala were nowhere in the picture, and everyone settled down to see the better side win. Sri Kishen should have put Delhi ahead before half time, with only Patiala's goalkeeper to better, he put a feeble shot on to his pads. Previous to the team crossing over the referee had to tell a Patiala back what was legitimate hockey.

DELHI SCORE.

Delhi with some brainy hockey attacked on resuming, and Atma failed with a nice shot from the left in the second minute. The teams raided in turn. A short corner to Delhi meant a narrow shave to Patiala. Immediately after Sultan missed a positive sitter, and in the next minute Gajjan Singh, in Patiala's goal, brought off a clever save—Delhi were on top.

Half way through the period Patiala pressed and they were putting in their usual hustling late effort. This had Delhi in trouble. The question was asked—Was Patiala going to rob Delhi of a deserved victory, as they outwitted U.P.? This was not to be. A nice movement by Delhi took them up. Entering the ring Taqui sent in a clever pass, Sultan flicked it to Hari, who made no mistake.

Patiala's desperate efforts failed to rob Delhi of the advantage they richly deserved.

Delhi now meet Bombay in the all important final of the Inter-Provincial tournament on Thursday.

The Teams.

Delhi: Mascarenhas; Mushtaq and Gurnarian; Puri, Winfred and Pindi Das; Taqui, Sultan, Sri Kishen, Hari and Atma.

Patiala: Gajjan Singh; Abdul Aziz and Gurcharan Singh; Ranjit Singh, Harbant Singh and Jai Singh; Partap Singh, Mohmed Akram, Abdul Hajee Khan, Bashasher Singh and Garbachan Singh.

Thursday's Game

There will be no match to-day. The final of the Inter-Provincial Hockey Championship will be played on Thursday at 5-30 p.m.

BOMBAY Vs. DELHI.

Beighton Cup Hockey

LUCKNOW, March 5.

The Lucknow Sports Association has decided to send a District Hockey to Calcutta for participation in the Beighton Hockey Cup tournament.—A. P.

Hakim betters Bengal's defence

INTER-PROVINCIAL FOOTBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

"The Bombay Chronicle" reliably understands that the scheme to hold an Inter-Provincial Football Tournament in India will find favour at the next meeting of the All-India Football Federation to be held on April 14 at Delhi. This will bring football into line with cricket, hockey, tennis and athletics, all of which have regular inter-provincial contests.

"The Chronicle" further understands that the first of these tournaments will be held in Bombay, and our Province propose donating the Henrich's Memorial Shield for this new football competition.

A scheme has already been submitted and has met with serious consideration by the A.I.F.F. and has the latter body's approval. Many centres including Bombay will back the idea of an Inter-Provincial Football Championship.

The Tournament will be held by rotation in the different Indian cities.

AGA KHAN CUP DRAW

The draw of the preliminary rounds of the Aga Khan hockey tournament was held at the Bombay Gymkhana on Tuesday evening.

Along with the prominent outside challengers, four Bombay teams have been put into the tournament proper. These are: "The Times of India," the G. I. P. Railway, Bombay Customs and the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

The result of the draw was as follows:

FIRST QUARTER.

Young Sports vs. Bombay Telephones.

G. I. P. (Workshops) vs. Boys' Own Club, Poona.

Khatau Sports Club vs. Cathedral Old Boys.

St. Mary's Old Boys' vs. Ammunition Factory, Kirkee.

SECOND QUARTER.

Y.M.C.A. "A" vs. 2nd Bn. 15th Punjab Regiment.

Bombay Bn. A.F.I. vs. St. Xavier's "B".

Bombay Port Trust vs. Poona United.

Lusitanians "A" vs. B.E.S.T.

THIRD QUARTER.

Parsi Cyclists vs. No. 3 Fortress Coy R. E.

Bombay Gymkhana vs. St. Xavier's "A".

Cathedral Old Boys vs. I.A.O.C., Kirkee.

Britania Sports Club vs. 10th Bombay Battery R. A.

FOURTH QUARTER.

Lusitanians "B" vs. Bimraj Sports Club.

Deccan Sports, Poona vs. 14th Heavy Battery R. A.

Christ Church and Barnes vs. Y.M.C.A. "B".

Brijraj Young Men, Kirkee vs. City Police.

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

Hopes Of Settlement Of Bengal Football Dispute

(BY LOOKER-ON).

The Bengal football dispute, which has defied solution for a long time now seems to be approaching settlement. Both the parties concerned, the Indian Football Association and the newly-formed Bengal Football Association have realised that two controlling bodies in the same area can do no good to the game. As a matter of fact, they have done a lot of harm. Fortunately the injury is not likely to prove serious. If the friendly atmosphere is restored soon. From the agreement arrived at between the Presidents of the two Association it would seem that friendly relations would prevail ever long.

GOOD OUT OF EVIL.

"Out of evil cometh good they say. It may prove so from the Bengal dispute. For a long time there has been marked dissatisfaction in the soccer world of Bengal about the management of the I.F.A. The control of the Association has been left in the hands of a few clubs, while the vast majority of members has no voice in it. Efforts are now being made to rectify it by broadening the field of representation. I only hope that it will not increase the communal or racial tussle. Sport must be above petty jealousies and mean rivalries. If we cannot build up sporting organisations and foster games in a truly sporting spirit, then good-bye to sport. But I am hopeful that the higher nature and finer sentiments of man will prevail in the end and make sport the cementing medium of the warring world, as it should be.

UMPIRING.

Failing in their attempts to train, examine and certify umpires as they do in England and elsewhere, the Bombay Cricket Association has now decided to accept them right from the fields. The reason seems to be that those, who wish to take up umpiring, do not like to stand for examinations. They are however willing to put on the 'over all' and go to the field straightway. If they make glaring mistakes, they will be content to learn by experience. The prospect is not so bad as it looks. Most of those, who were umpiring in the past, knew their rules from A to Z although they never appeared for any examination. And some of them were first rate men too. Those who propose to officiate now claim the same privilege. The experiment is worth trying. And let us hope the B.C.A. will spot out some really good men in the long run.

YUGO-SLAVIAN TENNIS STARS IN BOMBAY.

Bombay will have an opportunity of seeing the Yugo Slavian tennis stars after all. When the proposal was first made to Bombay, the local L.T.A. turned it down on financial grounds. Since then Fraujo Puncec and Dragatin Mitic have visited almost all parts of the country, with some of our Indian stars accompanying them from place to place. The visitors did not have things all their own way. Even the great Puncec had to lower his colours to Ghaus Mahomed occasionally and Mitic had many defeats to disfigure his records. They will be leaving India soon. But before they bid goodbye they have agreed with the permission of the Calcutta South Club their hosts, to play a few matches in Bombay. They will meet our local stars at the C.C.I. Courts next Saturday and Sunday. Some first rate tennis may be seen then.

Bantamweight Championship

TORONTO, March 5

Georgie Pace, the Cleveland Negro, World Bantamweight Champion, according to the N.B.A. and Low Salica of Brooklyn, the champion according to the New York and California State Commissions drew in a fight over fifteen rounds leaving the undisputed champion still undecided.

Salica was always the aggressor and the crowd booed the verdict.—Reuter.

FIRST DAY OF BOMBAY SPRING MEETING

Acceptances For Thursday's Races

The following are the Acceptances for the First Day of the Bombay Spring Meeting, to be run at Mahaluxmi on Thursday, March 7:—

THE JHELUM PLATE (Div. I)—Distance 6 furlongs.

For Arabs in Class III.

To be ridden by Riding Boys and Half Jockeys on even terms.

Layiq Pasha 8-10; Khundil 8-10, Franco 8-10; Atilla 8-3; Caswara 8-2; Suba al Zaman 8-2; Diamond King 8-2; Metro 7-11; Al Munjid 7-11; Muvamar 7-11; Ayham 7-11, My Joy 7-11; Rose Hill 7-11; Great Mogul 7-11; Sayid al Iraq 7-11; Robinhood 7-11; Certainty 7-7.

THE JHELUM PLATE (Div. II)—Distance 6 furlongs.

For Arabs in Class III.

Raaji 8-10; Nashwan al Iraq 8-10 Rafat Beg 8-8; Batal al Iraq 8-8; Aneed 7-11; Harsak 7-11; Can You 7-11; Air Raider 7-11; Bahman 7-11; Sa'ad Jassim 7-11; Happy Days 7-11; Al Muntasir 7-11; Prince Ghanim 7-11; Maazan 7-11; Hazim Beg 7-11; Shanghai 7-11

THE JHELUM PLATE (Div. III)—Distance 6 furlongs.

For Arabs in Class III.

Azmir 9-0; Lu'ayb 8-12; Silver Mine 8-12; Jawahar al Mosul 8-8, Spitfire 8-4; Mulbun 8-8; Jambal 84; Thulfe 8-4; Rabdan 8-4; Idris Beg 8-2; Paris 8-2; Prosperous 8-2; Saif Bahadur 7-11; Nassar 7-11; Ashan Beg 7-11 Pride of Mosul 7-11.

THE MUMBRA PLATE (Div. II)—Distance 1 mile.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class I and II.

Fire Fly 9-0; Gaurishanker 8-12 Mujbil al Arab 8-13; Dahman Fadhil 8-12: Asad 8-12; Gazal 8-8; Zain ul Muluk 8-8, Hashim 8-8; Cherry Bin 8-6; Saif Antar 8-6; Good Chance 8-4; Dalli al Iraq 8-2; Khalaf Nassar 8-1, Saif al Muluk 7-13; Sabhan Hamid 7-11.

THE LEWES PLATE (Div. I)—Distance 7 furlongs.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Legendary 9-4; Gold Gainer 9-0 Conway 8-9; Golden Mantle 8-9; Aquafortis 8-8; Not Out 8-6; King of the Ring 8-3; Braces 8-6; Joanie 8-4; Abundantia 8-4; Mona Liza 8-1; Honor M. 7-12; No Regrets 7-9; Barnegat 7-7; Ecstasy 7-7; Spotlight 7-4.

THE LEWES PLATE (Div. II)—Distance 7 furlongs.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Mangoola 9-4; Scion 8-0; Acinom 9-0; So That's That 8-9; Santa Rosa 8-8; Scotch 8-8; Perrier 8-4; Nanine 8-0; Romney's Girl 8-0; Fun of the Fayre 7-11; Ajax 7-9; School Quad 7-9; Linguaphone 7-9; Red Minx 7-7; Kirit 7-7.

THE BRIDGE PLATE—Distance 1 mile 1 furlong.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Veiled Prophet 9-0; Brelan 9-0; Talk 8-12; Cotys 8-12; Lord Byron 8-11; Nexus 8-11; Mythical Monk 8-11; Golden Link 8-9; Autoland 8-6; Mark You 8-6; Adonis 8-4; Footslogger 8-2; Pearl Queen 8-2; Coeur Brule 8-0; King's Highway 7-9; Night Alarm 7-7.

THE QUEENSBURY HANDICAP—Distance 7 furlongs.

A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Ticanto 9-4; Let Slip 9-2; Faris II 8-11; Maroc 8-8; Canticle 8-7; Hautboy 8-4; Glanely 8-4; Le Duc 8-2; Kingsbury 8-0; Toltec 8-0; Bastion 7-12; Houdini 7-11; Cheer Boys 7-11; Torquemada 7-9; Knight Jill 7-5; Garden Warbler 7-5.

THE MUMBRA PLATE (Div. I)—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class I and II.

Prince Hilal 9-0; Firpo 8-11; Taj al Farat 8-9; Flourishing Queen 8-7; Bahar Neel 8-2; Golden Ticket 8-2; Banash Amer 8-2, Laftat Allah 8-2; No Trumps 7-8; Nur Jehan 7-6; Star of Kashmir 7-6; Poppy Day 7-4

INDIA'S DEFENCE REQUIREMENTS

Journalists Visit Rifle And Steel Factory At Ichapore

CALCUTTA, March 5.

On the invitation of the Defence Department, Government of India, a large number of representatives of newspapers and news agencies from all over India visited the rifle factory and mental and steel factory at Ichapore yesterday and the ordnance factory at Cossipore this morning.

The tour was conducted by Lt.-Col. W. H. G. Beard of the Army Headquarters, accompanied by Mr. J. Natarajan, Deputy Principal Information Officer, Government of India.

Similar tours will also be conducted to the harness and saddlery factory at Cawnpore, the clothing factory at Shahjehanpore and the ammunition factory at Kirkee.

The object of these tours is to show what is being done in India in production of munitions and how expansions of these factories would make India self-supporting in her defence requirements and incidentally provide increased employment to Indians.

All the various processes of manufacture in the Ichapore factories are run by Indians and the materials and tools used are also manufactured in these factories —United Press.

ERROR OF JUDGMENT

Cause Of Juhu Aeroplane Accident

NEW DELHI, March 4.

As a result of an investigation into the accident at Bombay in October last year in which a Tata plane was damaged, and the Maharaja of Jaipur was among the injured, it is considered, says a Press Note that the accident must be attributable to an error of judgment on the part of the pilot in allowing the aircraft lose flying speed and stall during the execution of the turn at low altitude.

SANATANISTS DEMAND 'PRACTICAL SWARAJ'

Bombay Conference Resolutions

(From A Correspondent.)

A conference of Sanatanists under the auspices of the Vaidik Rashtrashashan Sangh was held in Madhav Baug (Bombay) on the 2nd and 3rd inst. under the presidentship of H. H. Jagadguru Shankaracharya of Puri.

The Secretary gave a short resume of the work done by the Sangh during the year and several resolutions representing the Sanatanists' views on the present political situation as well as other Hindu interests were passed.

The first resolution demanded that the whole problem of the Indian Constitution should be considered 'de novo as soon as possible and a political Constitution vouchsafing practical Swaraj embodying the governance of India by Indians in the interests of the Indian people and in line with the ideals and traditions of India should be assured to India so that her lasting peace, prosperity, happiness and international status be secured. It pressed for fundamental safeguards for Religious and cultural integrity to all the communities 'including the majority community' and suggested machinery of Ecclesiastical Tribunals.

There were other resolutions including those protesting against the Temple-Entry Legislation in the Provinces and sympathising with the Hindus who offered Satyagraha at the Minakshi Temple, declaring no-confidence in the Wardna Education Scheme, calling upon Indian States to give perfect religious security in the States and protesting against the uncalled-for movements of general revolt against the Indian States, and one strongly condemning the "Achhut" Film as highly detrimental to the prestige of Hindu Religion and the Hindu community.

MADRAS, March 4.—Mr. S. Satyamurthi, Mayor of Madras, proposes to undertake shortly an intensive campaign for adult literacy in the city of Madras during the months of April, May and June.—United Press.

TENNIS NEWS

CALCUTTA, Tuesday.

The following were the results of matches played in the B.C.C. tennis tournament at Calcutta.

Men's Singles: P. H. Wells beat W. H. S. Michelmore, 4-6, 6-2, 6-0.

Men's Doubles: A Madan Mohan and C. L. Mehta vs. W. H. S. Michelmore and K. K. Bose 7-5, 10-12 unfinished; L. Brooke-Edwards and B. M. Thapar beat H. Brock and D. Albert, 10-8, 6-8, 6-2.

Women's Doubles: Miss Harvey Johnston and Miss Nicholson beat Miss Bishap and Mrs. Wishart, 3-6, 6-4, 7-5.

* * * *

MADRAS, Tuesday.

Another surprise awaited tennis fans in the South India Athletic Association open amateur tennis tournament. Here, S. Sivaswami was beaten in straight sets by V. Mohanrangam in the semi-final, 6-4, 6-3. The winner meets R. J. W. Moses in the final.

Calcutta Hockey

CALCUTTA, Tuesday.

The following are the results of the matches played in the Calcutta Hockey League:

Military Medicals	4	Calcutta	0
E. B. Railway	1	St. Josephs	0
Greer Sporting	2	Xaverians	1

Kolhapur Patron Of C. C. I.

The Honorary Secretary, Cricket Club of India, writes that H. H. Sir Shri Rajaram Chhatrapati Maharaja of Kolhapur, has accepted the invitation to become a Patron of the Club.

CONNOR BUYS "ZINGANO"

Another English Race Horse For India

LONDON, (By Mail.)

Zingano, a four-year-old colt by Loaningdale out of Zittara, who last season was trained by M. Peacock at Middlehara, has been bought by Charles Connor, who trains in India.

Zingano won the valuable Coronation Plate at Chester and the Clifton Handicap at York.—Reuter..

LEWIS CUP HOCKEY

The following are the concluding fixtures of the Lewis Cup Hockey Tournament, being played at St. Xavier's College Stadium, Parel.

Wednesday, March 6.—5-30 p.m.:—G. I. P. Rly. (Headquarters) vs. Lusitanians "A".

Friday, March 8.—5-30 p.m.:—Young Sports "A" vs. Metropolitan Hockey Club.

Saturday, March 9.—5-30 p.m.:—St. Xavier's College "A" vs. G. I. P. Rly Workshops.

Sunday, March 10.—5-30 p.m.:—Lusitanians "B" vs. Young Sports "A" or Metropolitan Hockey Club.

Friday, March 15.—5-30 p.m.:—H. V. M. Sports Club vs. G. I. P. Rly. Hd. Qrs. or Lusitanians "A".

Saturday, March 16.—5-30 p.m.:—Semi-final: Lusitanians "B" or Young Sports "A" or Metropolitan Hockey Club vs. St. Xavier's College "A" or G. I. P. Rly. Workshops.

Sunday, March 17.—5-30 p.m.:—Semi-final: B. B. and C. I. Rly. vs. G. I. P. Rly. Hd. Qrs. or Lusitanians "A" or H. V. M. Sports Club.

Sunday, March 24.—4-00 p.m.:—Hardlines cup: Losing semi-finalists. 5-00 p.m.:—Lewis Cup Final.

COMMUNAL TENSION NEAR AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD: March 5.

The Superintendent of District Police left to-day for Dhandhuka, where communal tension prevails and Mr. Nathalal, Secretary of the Hindu Mahasabha, is alleged to have been assaulted by a Mahommedan.—A. P.

OVER 60 LAKHS DEFICIT IN U. P. BUDGET

LUCKNOW, March, 5.

The revenue position of the U. P has worsened to the extent of Rs. 27,67,000, the revenue deficit of Rs. 37,93,000 as estimated when the original estimate was framed, having increased to Rs. 67,60,000 This is revealed in the budget statements of the U. P. Government for the year 1939-40.

The budget statements of the United Provinces government for the year 1939-40, as recast, together with a memorandum explaining important variations in revenue, receipts expenditure and disbursements, have been published in the Government Gazette by the Finance Secretary, U. P. Government.

The net result of the changes in revenue receipts is an expected fall of Rs. 15,59,000 as against the figure originally budgetted for.

Owing to the drop in revenue receipts of Rs. 15,59,000 and the increase in revenue expenditure of Rs. 12,08,000 the revenue position has worsened to the extent indicated above.—A. P.

ORGANISING SPORTS FOR FRENCH ARMY

10,000 Footballs To Be Sent To Troops

PARIS, March 5.

M. Daladier has decided that 10,000 footballs (rugby and association) shall be sent to French troops, states a communique issued by the Premier's office.

Three million Francs credit has been opened at the Premier's office to enable each regiment to organise sports. It is also being arranged that an officer specially qualified to organise sport shall be attached to each regiment.—Reuter.

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In saucepan stir slowly one part Quaker Oats into two parts freshly boiling water. Boil twenty minutes or longer. If Quick Cooking Quaker Oats is used, boil two and a half minutes or longer. Serve hot adding sugar and almonds or milk to taste. If a thick porridge is desired, use less water to obtain consistency desired.

30C

MAKE BURMA'S FRONTIER IMPREGNABLE

A Plea For Better Security

RANGOON, March 4.

The danger of a possible attack on Burma by land, sea or air was mentioned by Mr. Ganga Singh in the debate on the defence department estimates in the House of Representatives last night.

Drawing a lesson from the sufferings of China, which country he recently visited, Mr. Singh urged that Burma's frontier must be made impregnable.

U Ba Yin, who initiated the debate, said that in his opinion not expansion but Burmanisation of the defence forces was what they were asking for and he demanded the appointment of a Burman counsellor to the Governor.

NEED FOR SECURITY

Sir Walter Booth Gravely, Counsellor to the Governor, dealing with the increase in expenditure of 104 lakhs in this year's budget said that, however much they wished to live in peace with their neighbours, it was better to secure themselves against attack from other nations.

While disagreeing with Mr. Ganga Singh that Burma was in pressing danger, the Counsellor added that the circumstances changed quickly.

COMPARISON WITH SIAM

Drawing a comparison with Siam, which was not involved in any war, he pointed out that Siam spent 25 per cent. of her revenues on defence compared with Burma's expenditure of less than eighteen per cent. The recent increase in the defence expenditure of Burma was due to the war, he emphasised, and was designed to place Burma in a better state of security.—A.P.

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HOW TO ADVANCE COUNTRY'S CAUSE

Mrs. Nehru Speaks On Various Activities Of Women

INDORE, March 4.

The Publicity Officer, of Holkar State, writes:—

The Indore Branch of the All-India Women's Conference held a public meeting on March 3, in the King Edward Hall where 300 ladies were present.

In the course of the meeting Mrs. Oak reviewed the proceedings of the recent All-India Women's Conference which was held at Allahabad. Mrs. J. Mehta presented a report of the activities of the local branch, stressing its work for the welfare of villagers, mill-hands, and Harijan girls, in addition to its being able to render help in framing suitable legislation to improve the condition of women. The Indore Branch is now extending its activities to other centres in the State.

Mrs. Rameshwari Nehru spoke on the various forms of the service which women can render. Using khadi, teaching others to read, and the sharing of wealth were all stressed. In conclusion, she emphasised the fact that there was but one way in which the country could be advanced and the women uplifted and that was by the path of personal service. The singing of the State anthem by a choir of girls concluded the function.

RURAL UPLIFT BOARD FOR INDORE

Prime Minister Tours Mehidpur District

INDORE, March 3.

Mr. Dinanath the Prime Minister of the Holkar State has just concluded an extensive tour in the Mehidpur District. Practically in every village which he visited, he elicited first hand information from the people regarding the condition of their crops, the existing wells in their villages, the working of the village hospitals and schools etc. Orders were given on the spot to the local authorities to set right the genuine grievances of the people.

Replying to the welcome addresses presented to him by the Municipality and various other institutions at Mehidpur, the Prime Minister assured that Rural Uplift Boards would be set up in all the districts to ameliorate the lot of the peasantry and further declared that the Holkar Government had decided to start 10 Ayurvedic dispensaries every year in the State.

TEMPLES THROWN OPEN TO HARIJANS IN INDORE

To commemorate the proclamation of Indore Maharaja throwing open the temples to Harijans for darshan, March 1, was observed as the "Harijan Day" throughout the Holkar State. Processions and Prabhatpheries were taken in the morning and Poojas were offered in the temples by the Harijans.

The foundation laying ceremony of the Harijan Colony for which the Indore Maharaja has recently contributed Rs. 60,000 from his Privy Purse was performed by Rai Bahadur S. V. Kanungo, the Revenue Minister in the absence of the Prime Minister who was indisposed.

Mrs. Rameshwari Nehru, a well known Harijan Worker, who had especially come down to Indore to participate in the celebration, congratulated the Indore Maharaja and told the audience that this single humanitarian act of Holkar Government, if no other, showed that the Indore State had the wisdom to read the signs of times and the courage to translate its ideas into acts.

In the evening a big procession of Harijans was taken to the residence of the Prime Minister (Col. Dinanath) who explained to them the importance of the Maharaja's Harijan Proclamation and exhorted them to be loyal citizens of the State.

Mrs. Pandit On Responsibility Of Public Institutions

GWALIOR, Feb. 29.

During their stay at Gwalior in connection with the meeting of the Sub-Committee of the National Planning Committee, Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Ex-Congress Minister accompanied by Lady Laxmibai Rajwade, Mrs. Rameswari Nehru and Miss Mrudula Sarabhai paid a visit to the Scindia Public School.

A very interesting and lively programme was arranged in honour of the guests. After a brief speech of welcome by the Principal, Mrs. Pandit paid a glowing tribute to the work of Mr. F. G. Pearce in different schools in India from time to time.

In exhorting the boys she remarked that a school would not be judged by its ideal surroundings and up-to-date equipments but by the type of men it produced and how far they proved capable of leadership and of faithful and selfless service to their country.

The visitors were then taken round and shown all departments of the school hostels, the open air theatre and the Gwalior Fort which provide a splendid setting for the school.

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ANDREWS LIVER SALT
INVIGORATES THE
Excuse me— Inner Cleanliness comes first!

"REMOVE BAN ON CONGRESSMEN FROM JOINING MAHASABHA"

Lucknow Hindu Youth Conference Resolution

LUCKNOW, March 4.

An appeal to the Congress to rescind their former resolution banning Congressmen from joining the Hindu Sabha, and to cooperate with the Sabha in a concerted struggle for independence and decision to organise the Hindu milita to be known as the Ram Sena and boys organisation called the Bal Sena were among the resolutions adopted at the first Lucknow District Hindu Youths Conference which met under the presidency of Dr. Moonje this evening. The conference called upon Hindu youths to join the struggle for independence, unreservedly.

The conference also appealed to Hindu youths to protect Hindu culture and civilisation. It reiterated their complete confidence in Mahasabha leaders, viz., Mr. V. D. Savarkar, Dr. Moonje and Bhai Permanand and declared that Congress does not represent the Hindus and no decision taken in respect of the communal problem and the constitution generally without consultation with the Hindu Mahasabha will be acceptable to Hindus.

The conference appealed for more considerate treatment of untouchables.

"C. R." ON BRITISH DELEGATION

MADRAS, March 5.

Asked whether he welcomed the proposed British Parliamentary Delegation to India, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, ex-Pemier, said, "If as stated in certain papers I read, the Parliamentary Delegation is intended for bringing together political leaders of various parties here, I consider it wholly uncalled for. The division of opinion between the Muslim leaders and the Congress in India is not due to absence of any intercession of able parliamentarians from England but due to the expectation of special favour from the British Government.

If the British Government makes its mind to do its duty without fear or favour, it will more speedily bring the so-called contending parties together. The whole business, in my opinion, is clouding the issues. The Indian issue stands unsettled because of British unwillingness to agree and finally declare the decision to part with power and for no other reason. If the Parliamentary Delegation is coming to persuade the Viceroy on the one hand and the Congress on the other one cannot object and could even welcome it. It may be that such a Delegation may go back and ably persuade the British Government to do something real and proper. United Press.

"Safety First" Campaign In Madras

MADRAS, Mar. 4.

An organisation under the name of "Safety First Association" has been started under the presidentship of Mr. S. Satyamurthi, the Mayor of Madras, to inaugurate safety first campaign from April 1 and make the roads and pavements in the city clear for traffic. About 800 volunteers will be recruited.—United Press.

Rulers Of Many States Accept Invitation Of Gwalior

GWALIOR, March 2.

It is understood that Ruling Princes of several States are coming to Shivpuri during this week.

Among the invitees of His Highness the Maharaja Scindia, are Their Highnesses of Bharatpur Dewas Junior, Dholpur, Panna, Pratabgarh, Rampur and Maharajadhiraj of Darbhanga. The Princes will stay practically throughout the week at Madhav Vilas Palace where elaborate preparations for the reception of the distinguished guests are afoot at a rapid pace.

CENTRAL REVENUE UNDER-ESTIMATED

Bombay Indian Merchants' Chamber Plea To Govt.

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Committee of the Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay, have to-day sent the following telegram to the Government of India, Finance Department, regarding the Central Budget for the year 1940-41:—

"The Committee Indian Merchants Chamber have considered the Financial statement presented to the Legislature by the Honourable the Finance Member. The total new taxation for the Budget year is over eleven crores; three crores Excess Profits Tax, 190 lakhs on sugar, 140 lakhs on higher petrol tax, making a total direct taxation of 630 lakhs to which must be added 525 lakhs indirect taxation in the shape of increases in railway rates and fares.

UNDER-ESTIMATE

In this connection, the Committee wish to refer to the tendency to grossly under-estimate revenue. Revenue from Income-tax and Customs were very much under-estimated last year. They believe that revenue from Excess Profits Tax is greatly under-estimated as also from the duty on silver if the war is expected to continue throughout the year.

The Commitee suggest that military deficits on account of war should be met from loans as is done in western countries. Looking to the expected surplus on the Posts and Telegraphs Committee appreciate the promise to extend postal facilities in rural and urban areas and earnestly request that the postcard should be reduced from nine pies to six pies to the benefit of the poor.

In conclusion the Committee cannot help visaging the future with some alarm in view of the fact that with only six months gone in the war, there has been already such a big rise in taxation and that the Finance Member even hinted the possibility of some further taxation. The Government of India should well bear in mind the fact that India is economically and financially an extremely poor country and cannot, therefore, be expected to bear heavy burdens as Great Britain can bear. It is at this crisis that Committee would like to remind Government of their frequent appeals to raise India industrially, agriculturally and economically so that at such times she can be a big force to reckon with by the enemies of the Empire."

"UPHOLD KANNADA LANGUAGE AND CULTURE"

Karnatak Sahitya Sammelan President Visits Bombay

A public reception to Mr. Mudavidu Krishnarao, President of the Karnatak Sahitya Sammelan, was accorded by the Karnatak Sangh and many other Karnatak Associations of Bombay on Sunday last on his arrival at the Victoria Terminus, Bombay.

In the evening he presided over a public function arranged by the Karnatak Sangh at the Brahman Sabha Hall. Mr. A. N. Krishnarao, the well-known Kannada literator, spoke on "Place of Kannadigas in the World Renaissance.

Dwelling on the contribution by Karnatak to the world's history of arts, literature and culture, Mr. Krishnarao said:—"In religion, philosophy, arts, culture and political achievements, in almost every field Karnatak has made a memorable contribution to the world's history, as will be evident from a study of the past history of Karnatak and this fact has been admitted by many famous historians and travellers."

Mr. Mudavidu Krishnarao in his presidential address criticized the arguments and actions of some leading Congressmen regarding Karnatak Unification and advised the Bombay Kannadigas to uphold the Kannada language and cultural traditions and set an example to the rest of Karnatak.

Nagpur's Sympathy For Sukkur Sufferers

NAGPUR, March 5.

Under the auspices of the Nagar Hindu Maha Sabha the Sukkur Day was observed in Nagpur on March 3 when a public meeting was held under the presidency of Dr. L. V. Paranjpe.

Resolutions expressing sympathy with the Hindu sufferers at Sukkur and condemning the atrocious acts of the Muslims in connection with the Manzilgah buildings resulting in murders, and urging upon the Government to take speedy steps to bring the culprits to book without delay, were passed in the meeting.—United Press.

TIRADE AGAINST CONGRESS

Sir Abdullah Haroon's Message To America

NEW DELHI, Mar. 3.

Sir Haji Abdullah Haroon, M. L. A., Chairman, Foreign Committee, All-India Muslim League, has addressed the following appeal to America in regard to the Indian situation:

"Indian Congress leaders are now trying to woo American public opinion by a number of methods. America's interest in the cause of Indian freedom is praiseworthy, but before its people express any opinion about our affairs, we hope, they will kindly acquaint themselves with all the aspects of the Indian problem, which is bristling with difficulties, incapable of being clouded or mitigated, even by the Congress verbosity.

"Let them bear in mind that the Indian sub-continent is inhabited by a number of nationalities, differing from one another in a variety of ways. "The Muslim nation alone consists of 90 million people, who have nothing in common with the people of another great nation, the Hindu nation. Their mode of life, religion, culture, and language differ widely and vitally, and this difference within the very basics of their life is responsible for frequent outbursts of quarrels and clashes, which have always resulted in enormous bloodshed, and are not confined to any one country.

"CONGRESS, A HINDU ORGANIZATION."

"This situation, though peculiar only to India, is but a natural phenomenon which has not been altered even by centuries of experience. The Congress is undisputedly a Hindu organization which wants to establish the domination of Hindus over Muslims, and it is proved by the experience of the two years' tyrannical Congress rule in the Provinces, following the introduction of provincial autonomy. The Congress ideal of independence is genuine neither in conception, nor in execution. It aims at the establishment of the rule of an unalterable Hindu religious majority under one single federation, possessing powers to nullify the independence of the Muslims even in those Provinces where they are in majority. Therefore, the Congress variety of independence means the enslavement of at least 90 millions of Muslims, who are pledged to fight against it to the last ditch.

"It is not true that we are opposed to Indian independence; as a matter of fact that Muslims have always worked for it, and made considerable sacrifices for it. The main obstacle, however, in India's independence is the failure of the Congress to win the confidence of the Muslim nation and of other minorities, and its own attitude of relentless fanaticism.

ALTERNATIVES FOR BRITAIN.

"Let America understand the fundamentals of the present controversy between Britain and the Congress. The main bone of contention is the question of how the 90 millions of Muslims are going to be accommodated in the new picture. The Congress refuses to face that question.

"There are now only two alternatives left to Britain: either it should insist on the Congress coming to terms with the Muslims and other minorities, whose combined strength exceeds the total strength of the Hindu community which the Congress represents; or, it should concede the Congress demand and thus throw the whole of India in the vortex of an intensive civil war with millions of people ranged on either side.

"We, Mussalmans, therefore earnestly hope that the American well-wishers of India will intercede with the Congress demi-gods, and bring them down to some reasonable level of tolerance and understanding, if India is to be saved from disaster.

"Our 90 millions of people want the right of self-determination and separate homelands of their own, where they are already in majority and where they want to follow their own pursuits of life, without molestation from anybody, even though it may mean the establishment of Federation."

For Defence Of Sind Editor

HYDERABAD (Sind), March 4.

The Executive Committee of the Hyderabad Hindu Sabha, with Mukhi Gobindram, ex-minister, in the chair, passed a resolution disapproving the action of the Government in prosecuting Mr. Rijhumal Agnani, Editor of the "Sansar Samachar," under Section 124-A I.P.C. They expressed their sympathy with the Editor and in token thereof sanctioned an amount towards the fund started for the defence of Mr. Rijhumal.—United Press.

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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6, 1940

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OPPOSITION RAISES

Patna Mandate In Assembly

Why Use India's Resources For War Declared Without Nation's Consent?

FINANCE MEMBER'S APOLOGIA

REPLYING to the budget debate in the Assembly on Tuesday, the Finance Member hotly refuted the charges made against him of defrauding the provinces by altering the Niemeyer Award and under-estimating the yield from the Excess Profits Tax.

But he slurred over the vital issue raised by the Opposition as to how he could utilise India's resources for the war when the Patna resolution of the Working Committee said that the war had been declared without India's consent.

NEW DELHI, Mar. 5.

Before the debate started on the budget in the Central Assembly Mr. Aney referred to the allotment of one day for the debate instead of the usual two days. Even with two days, he said members did not have time to touch on many aspects of the budget. The absence of a large number of members did not, he suggested, justify the curtailment of the usual allotment of time for the debate.

Sir Yamin Khan supported the plea for the restoration of two days, while Mr. Aikman said his group had no objection to two days debate.

Sir Zafrullah, Leader of the House, pointed out that having regard to the absence of more than half the elected members of the House, speakers on non-official benches would have more time on one day than they had on two days in earlier years. The question was considered by the Government and it was decided that the allotment of one day on this occasion was adequate.

Mr. A. Aikman opening the debate on the budget congratulated the Finance Member on his able and lucid review of the financial position of the country. Mr. Aikman did not agree that the proceeds of the E. P. T. had been underestimated. He gave the group's support to the increased excise on sugar and motor spirit, but urged closer co-operation between the Central and Provincial Governments in the matter of taxation of the sugar industry, which he said was not in a healthy state. He also pleaded for the re-establishment of control of expenditure by a committee of the House appointed on the lines of the estimates committee proposed by Sir James Grigg.

Mr. A. C. Datta thought that Mr. Aikman's speech showed that the time when Europeans and Indians would see eye to eye on many matters was not yet. What, he asked was the policy of the budget and what was the foundation of that policy? With refreshing candour, the Finance Member had stated what in fact was the policy in the opening sentences of the budget speech in which he referred to utilisation of Indian resources for the victory of the Allied cause on which alone rested the hope of our civilisation.

The reply to that declaration, said Mr. Datta, had been given by the Patna resolution of the Congress Working Committee which declared that the exploitation of India's resources in the war was an affront which no self-respecting and freedom loving people could accept or tolerate. The budget, proceeded Mr. Datta, was frankly a war budget and it economically unsound to try to balance it by normal taxation. If Government required twenty crores for war, would they take it by taxing commerce and industry in the country?

Sir Yaminkhan endorsed the declaration that it was not really a deficit budget, but that extraordinary expenditure necessitated by the war had made it a deficit budget. He invited the Finance Member to explain how India could utilise the opportunity for industrial development furnished by the war.

WAR FORCED ON INDIA

Mr. Joshi said that the outstanding feature of the budget was the additional expenditure of 8-1/2 crores which was to be met by additional taxation.

The war had been declared without India's consent, and Britain having denied self-Government to India had the duty to defend India with British resources. If India was self-governing, she would have cheerfully borne the war burden. He complained against the suspension of the Indianisation Committee and declared that there could not be joint responsibility between India and England as regards Indian defence. He opposed price control as regards exports, but was in favour of it internally, in order that the masses might not be exploited. He supported Mr. Aikman's suggestion to appoint a committee of the House to scrutinise war expenditure. He also urged the appointment of a committee to

(Continued on Page 9 and 3)

STANDING COMMITTEE FOR ROADS

Grant For Submersible Bridge Over Narbada

NEW DELHI, March 3

In addition to approving a number of schemes or programmes for the use of provincial allocations in the Road Fund grants from the Government of India's reserve in the Fund amounting to Rs. 10,27,000 were approved by the Standing Committee for Roads at its 26th meeting held in New Delhi yesterday.

Sir Andrew Clow, Member in charge of the Department of communications, presided.

Among the grants from the reserve which were approved yesterday were one not exceeding Rs.2,00,000 towards the cost of a submersible bridge over the Narbada river at Mortakha, where the existing combined road and rail bridge is to be regirdered and a separate road bridge is now to be provided.

The schemes approved against the provincial allocations included a programme of 133 schemes in Madras, nine additional schemes in Bombay, including the purchase of the old railway bridge at Broach in connection to a road bridge, one revised estimate in Bengal, 18 schemes in the Punjab, three schemes in Orissa, and a number of other minor additions or alterations to current programmes.—United Press.

Excess Profits Tax Bill Committee Concludes Discussion

NEW DELHI, March 4.

The Select Committee on the Excess Profits Tax Bill to-day concluded discussion of the bill and is expected to meet on Wednesday morning to sign its report.—A. P.

KARACHI.—His Excellency the Governor of Sind will lay the foundation stone of the new Assembly Hall on March 11. The Hon'ble Syed Miran Muhommud Shah, Speaker of the Assembly, will deliver the inaugural address. —United Press.

Mr. K. M. Munshi (centre) presided over the prize-distribution Ceremony of the M. H. High School, Thana.

INDIAN COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AS PLATOON COMMANDERS

Defence Co-ordination Secretary's Reply To Interpellations In Council Of State

NEW DELHI, March 5.

The Council of State held one hour's sitting this morning during which it passed seven official bills.

During question hour, the Defence Co-ordination Secretary, Mr. Williams informed Pandit H. N. Kunzru that Indian commissioned officers who were recruited during the war would be employed as platoon commanders. He also gave figures of the annual intake of the British officers in the Indian army during the last five years, the intake being 100 in 1935, 172 in 1936, 136 in 1937, 124 in 1938 and 125 in 1939. Mr. Williams added that the future intake of British officers and their ratio to Indian officers would depend on the decree of expansion of present numbers and on casualties.

Sir Alan Lloyd, Commerce Secretary, moved that the bill to provide for the registration and more effective protection of trade marks as passed by the Legislative Assembly be taken into consideration. The bill was supported by Ramsaran Das and Mr. Shantidas Arkuran and was passed without amendment.

On motions of Mr. C. E. Jones, Finance Secretary, the Council passed three bills, one amending the Indian Coinage Act, the second to facilitate the changing of the date on which the annual accounts of the Reserve Bank of India are closed and the third to amend the Reserve Bank Act to enable the bank to enter into an agency agreement with and to made advances to the board of commissioners of currency of Ceylon.

Speaking on the coinage bill Mr. Jones said that the bill was designed to reduce the silver contents of four anna coins. He added that the size, shape and weight of the coins would remain unaltered. The object of the bill was to economise the use of silver, demand for which had considerably increased since the outbreak of war. The bill was passed.

The Council also passed without amendment two other bills, namely the bill further to amend the Indian Emigration Act and the bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to arbitration as passed by the Legislative Assembly. The Council adjourned till to-morrow, when it will have the general discussion on budget.—A. P.

PARSI MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE BILL PASSED

NEW DELHI, Mar. 4.

In the Council of State to-day, the Hon. Mr. Maneckji N. Dalal's Bill to amend the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1936, was passed.

In moving the consideration of the measure as reported by the Select Committee, Mr. Dalal said: The Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act XV of 1865 was found defective and wanting in numerous respects to answer the present day needs of the community, and was, therefore, repealed, and the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act of 1936 was passed on the 23rd April 1936. Among the changes introduced by the Act of 1936, was a change in the law, with regard to the payment of permanent alimony to the wife on the passing of any decree under the Act.

"The order for the payment of permanent alimony to the wife, as contemplated by Clauses (a) and (b) of Sub-section 1, Section 40 of the existing Act of 1933 covers two cases. In Clause (a), the payment is "secured" by a charge on the husband's property, and in Clause (b) it is a personal order on the husband to make monthly payments" to the wife.

"The intention of the framers of the Act of 1936 definitely was to make the payment of alimony of any sort cease if the wife at any time after the order, either became unchaste or re-married. Unfortunately however the expression "while she remains chaste and unmarried" was placed in Clause (a) and inadvertently omitted from Clause (b). This Bill is, therefore, intended to remove the doubt, and to express more clearly the intentions of the framers of the Act."

The Select Committee has altered Sub-clause (c) of Clause 2 of the Bill, with a view to empowering the Court either to rescind or vary the order in the event of the wife re-marrying or ceasing to be chaste. This change meets the suggestion of a section of the community, and in particular the suggestion made by the meeting of Parsi ladies held in Bombay.

The Bill, on being put to vote, was passed by a majority.—A.P.

LIFT BAN ON SUBHAS

A. I. C. C. Member's Resolution For Ramgarh

KARACHI, March 5

Mr. H. S. Pamnani, M.L.A., a member of the A.I.C.C has given notice of the following resolution for the next session of the all-India Congress Committee to be held at Ramgarh:—

"This meeting of the A.I.C.C. views with pain the disciplinary action taken by the Working Committee against a veteran of the eminence of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, and considers this action as an encroachment on the elementary right of every Congressman to agitate against decisions of the Congress whenever they come in conflict with the interests of the country.

"At this critical juncture when the Congress is out to launch a programme of Satyagraha, it is essential and wise for us to cement our differences and end such ruptures as have occurred in Bengal and other places.

"This Committee, therefore, decides that the resolution of the Working Committee expelling Mr. Bose from the Congress be rescinded."—United Press.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

"Germans will lose the war" says the Archduke Otto of Hapsburg. No doubt the Nazis will soon put a price on a head from which emanate such obscenities!

The Corporation walk-out is nothing very sensational. Even at the most normal of meetings members are constantly walking in and out.

If racing history is ever to be authentically written, it is obvious that the popular editor of an evening paper will be the Stubbs.

Interviewed by our very special correspondent, a millowner said apropos the strike: "Some day we will rise in open revolt against Labour. Capital can go so far and no further." You've said it, big boy. But how far will you go?

If the Mill strike continues too long, excess profits will become a farce.

What did Herr Hitler have to say to Mr. Sumner Welles. We don't know, but we feel sure it's not worth finding out.

The attention of Government must be drawn to the "Hannibal" disaster and they will, it is hoped, make the most careful investigation into the causes. The lives that were lost are too precious to be sacrificed for nothing.

Monsieur Daladier has decided to send 10,000 footballs to his troops. Probably they will end up by playing soccer on No Man's Land.

Advert in German paper—For sale at bargain price "Peace", slightly shop-soiled. Picture of the Fuhrer on the frontispiece induced.

The eyes of the country are gradually being focused in the direction of Ramgarh. What lead will it give to the country?

The rumour is denied in official circles that Lord Linlithgow has booked a stall seat at Ramgarh. He would attend the Congress, if only Congress would undertake to unroll a little red carpet.

JAWAHAR'S APPEAL

For Help To Famine-Stricken People

ALLAHABAD, March 4.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has issued a statement to the Press referring to the famine in Bikaner State.

He says that the State authorities "having done little" to afford relief to the distressed, the people in the famine-stricken part have migrated to Hissar, which is also in the grip of a terrible famine.

Pandit Nehru appeals to the public to send help to the Hissar Congress Committee. — United Press.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE FEATHERED SERPENT CASE

THERE'S A MAN NAMED SMITH TO SEE YOU, MISS CREED..
OH, YES, HE'S BRINGING SOMETHING FROM THE THEATRE/ SHOW HIM IN/
I WAS TOLD TO GIVE YOU THIS!
OF COURSE, BUT WHY DO YOU LOOK SO STRANGE?
7-19
YOU'RE FROM THE FEATHERED SERPENT! THIS NOTE... OHHH! YOU SHOT ME!
CRACK!
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